In Cycles, Motor Cycles and Accessories before you place your orders elsewhere consult
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The Bombay Chronicle

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VOL. III. NO. 176. BOMBAY: WEDNESDAY, JULY 28, 1915. CITY PRICE ONE ANNA.

SHIPPING.

PENINSULAR & ORIENTAL S. N. COMPANY.

MAIL SERVICE TO LONDON.

CALLING AT MARSEILLES.

Date of sailing about	Steamers.	Tons.	Connecting at Aden with	Tons.
SUNDAY. July				
31st August	Salsette	6000	Mongolia	10000
9th "	Khiva	9000		
14th "	alsette	6000	Malwa	11000
22nd "	Kashmir	9000		
30th "	Salsette	6000	Persia	8000
6th Sept.	Mooltan	10000		
13th "	Salsette	6000	Morea	11000
19th "	Kaisar-i-Hind	11500		
26th "	Maloja	12500		
3rd Oct.	Egypt	8000		
12th "	Valsette	6000	Arabia	8000
17th "	Karmala	9000		
24th "	alsette	6000	Moldavia	10000
31st "	Caledonia	8000		

Until further notice the Homeward Steamers will not call at Plymouth.

Tenders leave the CARNAC BUNDER on the day of sailing. All passengers must attend at that place at 1 p.m., for medical inspection by the Health Officer of the Port.

Friends of Passengers cannot go on board the Mail Steamer.

TO COLOMBO, STRAITS, CHINA, JAPAN, AUSTRALIA and NEW ZEALAND.

These steamers leave Bombay usually fortnightly on WEDNESDAYS. Single and Return Tickets are issued on favourable terms.

For accommodation and further information apply to:—

A. H. FROOM.
Superintendent.

NIPPON YUSEN-KAISHA.

(Japan Mail Steamship Co., Ltd.)

Incorporated in Japan.

To Japan via Singapore, Hongkong and Shanghai.

Steamers.	Commanders.	Tons.	Arrival.	Departure.
Iyo Maru	K. Okamoto	6320	28th July	9th August
Jinsen Maru	T. Terada	3784	12th Aug.	24th Aug.
Yeboshi Maru	H. Nojiri	4668	17th Aug.	23rd Aug.
Bombay Maru	G. Ota	4625	23rd Aug.	4th Sept.

For Freight apply to:—

E. IBUKIYAMA,
Manager.

NIPPON YUSEN-KAISHA,
York Building, Hornby Road, Bombay.

Flooring Tiles, Marble Merchants and Contractors.

GAZDAR & Co.,

Sole Agents for the

HENRY RICHARDS TILE Co.,

26, CHURCH-GATE ST., FORT,

BOMBAY.

Bath Tubs, Lavatories, Urinals, Bath-room Fittings, etc.

THE BOMBAY WIDOWS' PENSION FUND, LTD., ESTABLISHED 1876.

No. 273, Hornby Road, next to Fire Brigade Station.

Funded Capital of Rs. 1,95,600.

Bankers—The Bank of Bombay.

OBJECT—The object of the Fund is to enable married persons to make provision after their death for their wives in the shape of a monthly pension for life. Subscriptions are based upon a very large scale. No distinction between European and Indian lives. Funds are invested in Government and other approved securities. Thirty per cent. of the total subscription is refunded to a susbcriber in the event of his wife predeceasing him. Twelve months' grace is allowed for paying subscription in the event of a subscriber losing his employment. Liberal commission is offered to canvassers.

GAJANAN SADANAND DESAI,
Secretary and Treasurer.

Children ask for more when taking Kasagra, because it tastes so good. But this delightful liquid laxative does as much good in small doses as most things do in large ones. D 13

SHIPPING.

ELLERMAN'S CITY AND HALL LINES.

(JOINT SERVICE)

SAILINGS 1915.

Steamers.	Class.	Tons.	Leave Karachi about	Leave Bombay about
City of Norwich	B	6382	31st July	
* Anatolia	B	3847	31st July	

* This steamer is not fitted with wireless telegraphy.

Fares.	1st. class Single.	1st class Return.	2nd class Single.	2nd. class Return.
Marseilles	Rs. 555	Rs. 833	Rs. 420	Rs. 630
London via Marseilles	620	1,033	420	700
Liverpool	600	900	450	675
London via Marseilles out from Liverpool	—	942	—	713

Owing to the war, rates of passage and dates of sailing subject to alteration or cancelment without liability to the Company.

Concessions granted to Families, Railway Employees Hospital Nurses, Missionaries, Tea, Planters, etc.

Officers of the Army are exempted from the penalty attached to overstaying their leave by reason of delay in arrival of steamer, provided it is timed to arrive within the period of their leave.

The A. and C. class steamers carry a duly qualified Surgeon and experienced Stewardess.

A. and C. class steamers have Electric Light and Fan, fitted in each cabin FREE OF CHARGE.

The Fares advertised include Free Passage by B. I. Steamer between Bombay and Karachi and vice-versa.

Through booking in connection with Cunard Line.

All the above steamers are fitted with "WIRELESS TELEGRAPHY."

For passage and full particulars apply to:—

KILLICK NIXON & CO.,

Bombay:—Messrs. Ed. Bate and Sons, Agency.
Karachi:—Messrs. Forbes, Forbes, Campbell and Co., Ltd.

BOMBAY-AMERICAN LINE.

DIRECT SAILINGS MONTHLY.

TAKING CARGO FOR NEW YORK, BOSTON, PHILADELPHIA, OR BALTIMORE.

For further particulars regarding freight Apply to

W. & A. GRAHAM & Co.,
TURNER MORRISON & Co., Ltd.,
Agents.

BANKING.

NATIONAL BANK OF INDIA, LTD.

Esplanade Road, Fort, BOMBAY.
(Incorporated in the United Kingdom.)

Bankers to the Government in British East Africa and Uganda.

Subscribed Capital £2,000,000
Paid-up Capital £1,000,000
Reserve Fund £1,175,000

Head Office:
26, Bishopsgate London, E.C.

Branches:

Calcutta	Chittagong	Zanzibar
Bombay	Rangoon	Mombassa
Madras	Mandalay	Nairobi
Karachi	Colombo	Nakuru
Lahore	Kandy	Kisuma
Amritsar	Newera-Elliya	Jinja
Delhi	Aden (Camp)	Kampala
Cawnpore	Aden (Steamer Point	Entebbe
Tuticorin		
Cochin		

Agents in Mauritius:
Mauritius Commercial Bank.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

The Bank receives Fixed Deposits for One Year and shorter periods at rates of interest to be ascertained on application.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS are opened for Approved Customers, and interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on Daily Balances from Rs. 1,000 up to Rs. 1,00,000 but no interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 5 half-yearly.

BILLS OF EXCHANGE payable in the principal Cities of Europe, India, China, Africa and Australia, purchased or collected.

DRAFTS are granted on the Head Office and Branches of the Bank and on the Principal Cities of Europe, Africa, America and Australia. Remittances may be by telegram.

The Bank undertakes the purchase and sale of Government Securities, Stocks and Shares and receives same for safe custody realising Interest and Dividend when due.

Loans and Cash Credits granted on approved securities.

RALPH KIDD,
Manager.

Post Box 151.

BANK OF BOMBAY.

SAVINGS BANK.

The Bank receives Deposits on the following terms:—

Sums not exceeding Rs. 1,000 in the aggregate may be deposited within any one year from 1st January to 31st December.

Deposit may be made in the names of two or more persons and the balance made payable to one or more of them or to the survivor or survivors. Interest is allowed at the rate of three per cent. per annum of the minimum monthly balance not exceeding Rs 5,000.

Copies of the Rules can be obtained on application at the Bank.

E. AITKEN
Secretary and Treasurer.

SHIPPING.

BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, LIMITED.

(INCORPORATED IN ENGLAND.)

INTEND TO DESPATCH STEAMERS as follows:—

WEEKLY FROM VICTORIA DOCK.

KARACHI.

(Weekly from Victoria Dock).

Vessel. Tons. Sailing Date Time Route.
"LHASA" 2,184, Saturday 31st July, *Direct.

*On arrival of the English Mail steamer.

FOR KARACHI & PERSIAN GULF PORTS.

(Fast Mail.)

S. S. "DWARKA", 1,695 tons, sailing on Friday, the 30th July, calling at Karachi, Muscat, Bushire, Mahommerah and Busreh.

FOR KARACHI & PERSIAN GULF PORTS.

(Slow Mail)

S. S. "CHAKDARA," 3,035 tons, sailing on Friday, the 30th July, calling at Karachi, Pasni, Charbar, Muscat, Bunder Abbas, Lenjam, Linga, Bahrein, Bushire, Koweit, Mahommerah and Busreh.

FOR EAST & SOUTH AFRICAN PORTS.

S. S. "PALAMCOTTA", 3,413 tons, sailing on or about 4th August, calling at Mombassa, Zanzibar, Mozambique, Beira, Delagoa Bay and Durban.

Terms and rates of freight and passage may be arranged with

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & Co., Agents

Nicol Road, near Ballard Pier,

Bombay.

28th July 1915.

SHIPPING.

ANCHOR LINE.

APPROXIMATE SAILINGS FOR 1915.

Steamers.	Tonnage.	Captains'	Leave Bombay, about.
S. S. "Olympia"	5,124	Alex Andrew	27th July 1915.
S. S. Scindia	5106	Capt Erskine	21st Aug. 1915

Subsequent sailings cannot be announced at present on account of the war but due notification will be given as soon as possible.

ALL STEAMERS FITTED WITH MARCONI WIRELESS TELEGRAPHY.

All the four berth cabins have now been given up and in the future only three persons will be berthed in the cabins that originally held four.

FARES.

	Single Rs.	Return. Rs.
Bombay to Suez	420	630
Bombay to Cairo	435	660
Bombay to Port Said	450	675
Bombay to Marseilles and back from Liverpool	555	867
Bombay to London via Marseilles and back from Liverpool	630	942
Bombay to Gibraltar	570	855
Bombay to Liverpool	600	900
Bombay to New York via Liverpool and Glasgow	867	1433

All return tickets are available for 2 years.

Concessions granted to Families, Railway employees Hospital Nurses, Missionaries, Tea-Planters, etc.

Each steamer carries a duly qualified Surgeon and experienced Stewardess and is fitted with every comfort.

All steamers have electric lights and electric-fans in every cabin free of charge.

Officers of the Army are exempted from the penalty attached to overstaying their leave by reason of delay in arrival of steamers provided it is timed to arrive within the period of their leave.

The advertised rate to Europe includes free passage by B. I. S. Company's steamer between Karachi and Bombay.

Through tickets to America per Anchor Cunard Joint Passenger Service.

For any further information regarding passage, apply to the undersigned—

W. & A. GRAHAM & Co.,
Agents, Bombay.

F. CORNAGLIA

BOMBAY & POONA.

SPECIALIST IN WEDDING CAKES.

Caterer for Wedding Parties, Soirees and all kinds of Entertainments.

ESTIMATES ON APPLICATION

F. CORNAGLIA

Importer of High Class Stores and Wines.

83, 85, Medows Street and 7, Esplanade Road, BOMBAY

and

Arsenal Road, POONA.

Telegrams: CORNAGLIA. Telephone No. 481

BANKING.

THE EASTERN BANK, LIMITED.

(Incorporated in England.)

HEAD OFFICE: 4, Crosby Square, London, E.C.

Branches at Bombay, Calcutta and Baghdad.

Authorised Capital £1,500,000
Called-up Capital £600,000
Reserve Liability of Shareholders ... £900,000
Reserve Fund £55,000

BOARD OF DIRECTORS.

The Rt. Hon. Lord Balfour of Burleigh, Kt.
Sir Jacob E. Sassoon, Bart. (Messrs. E. D. Sassoon and Co.).
Emile Francqui, Esq., (Director of the Societe Generale de Belgique).
James Leigh Wood, Esq. C. M. G. (Messrs. Brown, Shipley and Co.).
J. C. Georges Bouillat Esq., (Director of the Societe Generale de Paris.).
J. S. Haskell, Esq (Messrs. E. D. Sassoon and Co.)
G. Bromley-Martin, Esq., (of Martins Bank, Ltd.).

BOMBAY COMMITTEE.

Sir Jacob Sassoon Bart.
A. J. Raymond, Esq.
Sir Dinshaw Maneckjee Petit, Bart.
Narottam Morarji Goculdas, Esq.

BOMBAY OFFICE.

Corner of Hornby Road and Churchgate Street.

INTEREST ALLOWED ON DEPOSITS FIXED FOR ONE OR TWO YEARS AT THE RATE OF 4½ PER CENT. PER ANNUM.

CURRENT ACCOUNT opened and FIXED DEPOSITS received for shorter periods at rates to be ascertained on application.

INTEREST ALLOWED ON SAVING DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS at 3½ per cent. per annum. Copies of the Rules may be obtained on application.

BILLS OF EXCHANGE purchased, loan and credits granted on approved security and every description of Banking and Exchange business undertaken.

PURCHASES and SALES of British and Foreign Securities effected on the usual terms.

SECURITIES received for Safe Custody, and interest and dividends collected for clients.

L. F. TUCKER,
Manager.

BANKING.

BANK OF BARODA, LIMITED.

Under the patronage of and largely supported by the Government of H. H. the Maharaja Gaikwar.

Registered under the Baroda Companies Act III of 1897.

HEAD OFFICE BARODA.

Branches:—Ahmedabad, Navsari, Mehsana and Surat.

Capital Subscribed ..... Rs. 20,00,000
Capital Paid-up ..... Rs. 10,00,000
Reserve Fund ..... Rs. 3,75,000

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

Interest allowed on daily balance from Rs. 300 to Rs. 1,000 at the rate of 2 per cent. per annum and on sums over Rs. 1,00,000 by special arrangement. No interest which does not come to Rs. 3 per year will be allowed.

FIXED DEPOSIT.

Amounts for 12 months are received at 4½ per cent. and for other periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.

LOANS, OVERDRAFTS, AND CASH CREDITS.

The Bank grants accommodation on terms to be arranged against approved securities.

The Bank undertakes on behalf of its constituents the safe custody of Shares and Securities and the collection of dividends and interest thereon; it also undertakes the sale and purchase of Government Paper and all description of Stock at moderate charges, particulars of which may be learnt on application.

SAVINGS BANK DEPOSITS.

Deposits received and interest allowed at 3½ per cent. per annum. Rules on application.

C. E. RANDLE,
Manager.

FREE! FREE!! FREE!!!

Rai Shaheb Dr. K. C. Dass's

HEALTH LITERATURE.

The most up-to-date Science of Health to Young and Old. Distributed gratis or post free. Apply to:—

THE SWASTHYA SAHAI PHARMACY,
80/2, Harrison Road, CALCUTTA.

THE BURMAH OIL Co., Ltd.

(SCOTLAND)

B. O. C. LUBRICATING OILS

B. O. C. LAMP OILS — B. O. C. PITCH
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B. O. C. MOTOR OILS — B. O. C. NIGHTLIGHTS
B. O. C. GREASES — B. O. C. WAX

BOMBAY AGENTS:

SHAW WALLACE & Co., Wallace Street.

P. O. Box 203 Telephone Nos. 102 & 1439

WHEN IS A WATCH CHEAP?

The movement of the watch that will give trustworthy service for a life-time is the watch that is cheap in the economic sense. Here value and price coincide in meaning because value is realised in price and price becomes the measure of value.

So-called cheap watches, flashily cased, containing highly polished movements with an ostentatious display of jewels (?) of indifferent character, and to sell at cut prices are dear at any price. Watches of this character soon need replacing, becoming thereby a recurring drain on one's resources.

It is economy to spend Rs. 50 on one watch that will give you of its best for 15 to 20 years: but it is not economy to spend Rs. 150 to Rs. 200 at about Rs. 10 per year on 15 to 20 or may be 30 common Watches for the same period.

WALTHAM WATCHES

sell at a fair price and those offered by us under our name-guarantee with the addition of the WALTHAM name can be depended upon as watches which will last a life-time.

The following watches of the WALTHAM manufacture are now offered by us:

WALTHAM POCKET WATCH

High Grade Jewelled lever movemnet fitted with compensated balance and brequet hairspring, folding into one piece, dust-proof case with screw bezel.

Nickel Rs. 35. Silver Rs. 45.

WALTHAM WRIST WATCH

High Grade Jewelled lever movement fitted with compensated balance and brequet hairspring in double domed and flush fitting case with hinged lugs and one piece strap.

Silver Rs. 47-8.

MARCKS & Co., Ltd.

JEWELLERS & WATCHMAKERS,
BOMBAY & POONA.

ANNUAL CLEARANCE SALE

OF AFTER-SEASON GOODS.

MONDAY, AUGUST 2nd,

TO

FRIDAY, AUGUST 6th.

BARGAINS IN

SHIRTS, COLLARS, TIES, SOCKS, AND HANDKERCHIEFS

ALL SURPLUS STOCK MUST BE CLEARED.

Badham, Pile & Co. Ltd

Telephone No. 2728. BOMBAY.

BANKING.

THE PUNJAB NATIONAL BANK, LIMITED.

ESTABLISHED 15TH MAY, 1895.

Capital Authorized ..... Rs. 50,00,000
Capital Issued ..... Rs. 30,00,000
Capital Subscribed ..... Rs. 26 81 580
Capital Paid-Up ..... Rs. 13,14,273
Reserve Fund ..... Rs. 10,80,000

HEAD OFFICE—LAHORE.

Branches.

Amritsar, Bombay, Calcutta, Cawnpore, Delhi, D. I. Khan, Ferozepore, Gujranwalla, Jullundhur, Karachi, Kasur, Lahore City, Lyalpur, Ludhiana, Multan City, Peshwar City, Amballa City, Rawalpindi, Sargodha, Sialkot, Patiala, Jamoo, Srinagar and Jhelum City.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS are opened and interest allowed at the rate of 2½ per cent. per annum.

FIXED DEPOSITS are received for 12 months and shorter periods at rates of interest which can be ascertained on application.

SAVINGS BANK DEPOSITS. Sums as low as Rs. 5 received and interest allowed at 3½ per cent. per annum.

LOANS, OVERDRAFTS and CASH CREDITS. The Bank grants accommodation on terms to be arranged against approved security.

CHEQUES, HUNDIS, BILLS, etc. of outstations are bought collected, and discounted.

For other particulars, and rules of business apply to:—

SETH GHARIBDAS,
Manager.

BANKING.

THE YOKOHAMA SPECIE BANK, LIMITED.

(Registered in Japan).

Established 1880.

Subscribed Capital ..... Yen 48,000,000
Paid-up Capital ..... Yen 30,000,000
Reserve Fund ..... Yen 19,000,000

HEAD OFFICE—YOKOHAMA.

Branches and Agencies at

Antung Hsein	Lisoyang	Pekin
Changchun	Calcutta	Kyojun (Port Arthur)
Darien (Dalney)	London	San Francisco
Hankow	Lyons	Shanghai
Harbin	Fengtien (Mukden)	Tiehling
Hong-Kong	Nagasaki	Tientsin
Honolulu	Newchwang	Tokyo
Kobe	New York	Tsingtau
Los Angles (Cal. U.S.A.)	Osaka	

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS are opened at 2 per cent. per annum on daily balances of Rs. 1,000 up to Rs. 1,00,000 provided that the amount of half yearly interest is not less than Rs. 5.

FIXED DEPOSITS are received for one year and shorter periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.

Every description of BANKING and EXCHANGE business transacted.

N. IGARASHI, Manager.

Post Box No. 267.
Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay.

SPECIAL SHORT ADVTS

"WANTED," "TO LET" and "FOR SALE" Advertisements are charged at the following rates WHICH MUST BE PREPAID:—
ADVERTISEMENTS not exceeding twenty words Rs. 1 per insertion; every additional line (six words) or part of a line 4 annas. Headings count as two lines.
Advertisers are requested to send remittance with copy of advertisement to avoid delay in publication.
Advertisers are requested to note that the publishers cannot undertake to send Replies to Advertisements unless a sufficient amount is repaid to cover Postage. Replies can always be obtained at the Office on production of the Voucher given between the hours of 11 a.m. and 5 p.m.

SPECIAL CONTRACT RATES
may be had on application to—
The Manager, "Bombay Chronicle."

MOTOR ACCESSORIES—Have your Car equipped by the BOMBAY MOTOR CAR CO. LTD., Elphinstone Circle and Apollo Bunder, Bombay, who hold a choice selection of the Best Motor Accessories and a large stock of spare parts. 531—7.

DAVER'S COLLEGE OF COMMERCE Economics, Law and Banking. The Premier College in India patronised by Princes, and recognised by other High Authorities Best Examination results. 80, Esplanade Road. 883

D. C. BOTTLEWALLA. Furniture Merchant undertakes the sale, hire and purchase of furniture on the most favourable terms.
46, Apollo Street, Fort, opp. Liptons. 1276

YOUR PIANO—Does it need tuning or repairing. We place the services of thoroughly competent workmen at your disposal. Our charges are moderate and whatever we do for your instrument we guarantee it will be done as well as it is possible. MARCKS AND , CO., LTD. Bombay and Poona, Agents for the World-known Bluthner Pianos.

WANTED.

WANTED an experienced REVENUE OFFICER, able to ride and having a good knowledge of Gujarati, to fill up the vacancy of Suba (Chief Revenue Officer), of the Rajpipila State. No objection to a Government pensioner if he is still of energetic habits and can travel about in the districts. Apply to
DEWAN,
1339 Rajpipla State.

WANTED immediately a B Sc., strong in Mathematics, for the post of 2nd MASTER, Maharajah's High School, Karauli. Salary Rs. 60 per mensem to start with. Successful candidate will be required to stick to his post for two years. Apply with testimonials before 30th July, 1915, to:—
HARNAM DAS, Rao Bahadur
Chief Member, State Council,
420 Karauli, Rajputana.

DEMONSTRATOR IN ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING—WANTED on November 1st for the Civil Engineering College, Sibpur. Pay Rs. 100—10 250. Only those with working experience of A. C. and D. D. work need apply.
Applications will be received by THE SUPERINTENDENT OF INDUSTRIES, Bengal, Writers' Buildings, Calcutta, up to September 1st, 1915.
B. HEATON,
Secretary to the Governing Body,
Civil Engineering College, Sibpur.
Sibpur, the 16th July, 1915. 491

WANTED a B.Sc. or a B.A., with Science as optional subject on Rs. 70 per mensem to serve as ASSISTANT MASTER in the Lamington High School, Hubli. Applications should be addressed to the Undersigned before the 15th August, 1915.
K. R. VALVEKAR,
Chairman, School Board,
Hubli Municipality.
Municipal Office,
Hubli, 16th July, 1915. 507

WANTED, for Delhi Municipality, an ASSISTANT HEALTH OFFICER on a monthly salary of Rs. 200. The post is a temporary one, terminable on one month's notice.
The Candidate must be a qualified Medical man, one having knowledge of Public Health work will be preferred. Applications with copies of testimonials to be sent by 31st July, 1915, to—
K. S. SETHNA,
Health Officer,
506 Municipal Committee, Delhi.

A VACANCY exists in the Military Farms Department for a MECHANICAL ENGINEER of superior qualifications. Duties comprise the general supervision and inspection of machinery at a number of stations, designing and erection of new plant, carrying out important repairs, advising on technical matters, etc., etc. The machinery consists of prime movers of various types, refrigerating machinery on Ammonia and Co.'s compression systems, Dairy machinery of all descriptions, Hydraulic and other fodder presses.
Special knowledge of dairy machinery is desired but is not an essential condition.
The sanctioned pay of the appointment is Rs. 400, rising by Rs. 15 to Rs. 700, but an appointment now made would be temporary for one year on the lowest grade of Rs. 400, with possibility of being made permanent and pensionable, if fully suitable.
Applications accompanied by particulars of age, experience and qualifications and copies of testimonials may be submitted to THE ASSISTANT DIRECTOR, Dairy Farms, Northern Circle, Kasauli, not later than 18th August, 1915. 598
D 12

WANTED.

WANTED EMPLOYMENT as a MOTOR CAR DRIVER by a competent Pathan. Good references. Apply "PATHAN" care of this paper. 800

WANTED a SMART Typist with knowledge of Shorthand. Apply sharp to Box No. 465 Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 1341

WANTED—EMPLOYMENT by an accountant and cashier of long experience, on moderate salary. Please write to Box No. 466, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 1350

WANTED—Patients suffering from skin diseases of any kind, venereal and non-venereal. Cure guaranteed after diagnosis. Apply to Box No. 200, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 516

WANTED BOARDER at Poona, airy rooms with board, European family, most central and healthy position, first-class cuisne. Apply Mrs. BERRETTA, 2, Arsenal Road, Poona. 1289

WANTED—By French family decent European tenants for nice airy double and single rooms with Board E.L.F. lift, very moderate. Apply to MADAME FALLOFIELD, Clarke House, Wodehouse Road. 402

WANTED PATIENTS suffering from Consumption and other lung complaints. A consultation with the Physician will satisfy the patients. Apply to Box No. 100, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 516

WANTED a good MECHANICAL ENGINEER for an Oil Refinery. Must be an experienced draughtsman and capable all-round man. Reply giving full details of experience, age, terms expected, etc., to "X Y Z," Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 1249

WANTED SITUATION by a Hindu Youth in Busra as Headclerk, Accountant, Correspondence Clerk, etc. Possesses 10 years Banking, shipping, and Mercantile experience (in Piece-goods also) excellent testimonials and High References. Lowest salary expected Rs. 150—25—200. Correspond with "D. J. C." Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 1349

WANTED— a GRADUATE as HEAD MASTER with Science or Persian as Voluntary subjects on Pay Rs. 75 rising to Rs. 100 with further prospects for the English School, Viramgam. Apply with testimonials to the PRESIDENT VIRAMGAM, MUNICIPALITY, before 15th August, 1915. 1320

WANTED a thoroughly qualified GENERAL MANAGER for the Bank of Upper India, Limited; must have had Indian experience. Applications stating salary required, together with testimonials, should be forwarded under sealed cover to THE CHAIRMAN, Board of Directors, Head Office, Meerut, U.P., not later than Oct. 1st, 1915, from whom all particulars as to terms and condition of service may be obtained. 591

FOR SALE.

LADIES and GENTLEMEN going abroad may advantageously sell their furniture, piano, etc., in one lot to No. 6, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 1373

A BARGAIN—For sale a cottage piano in excellent condition. Price Rs. 300. Apply sharp to "P.A." Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 490

RARE OPPORTUNITY for buying an article, high class set of furniture Original cost Rs. 7,000. Owner going abroad. Invites reasonable offer. Apply to Box No. 457, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 1313

TO BE LET.

TO LET.—FLATS at Apollo Bunder best locality complete with E. L. & F. and everything. Rent Rs. 95 and Rs. 115. Apply to Box No. 447 Advt. Dept. "Bombay Chronicle." 1238

TO LET.—The GROUND FLOOR of Bungalow No. 6, Club Road, with electric lights and out-houses. Rent Rs. 95. Apply to Mrs. D. N. MIRZA, Next Scottish High School in the rear. 1335

TO BE LET for Hindus three storied Bangalow open on all sides with Gas fittings on Warden Road, Mahaluxmi. Apply to JAMNADAS TRIKAMDAS, C/o JAGMOHANDAS VANDRAWANDAS, No. 63, Warden Road. 1342

TO LET—1 Drawing-room, Dining-room, large bed room, dressing room, bath room and W. C. Electric Light and fans. Excellently furnished Rent Rs. 185. per month. Apply to Box No. 521, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 400

TO LET—Excellent suite of rooms consisting of bed room, dressing room, bathroom, W. C., private entrance. Furnished or unfortunished—with or without board. Apply to Box No. 521, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 20

A sweet breath is a sign of a sound stomach. Kasagra, the delightful liquid laxative, sweetens the breath, because it regulates the bowels and improves digestion.

NOTICES.

NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that JIMBABAI, widow of HAJI SABOO SIDDICK and HORMUSJI NUSSERWANJI VAKIL, both of Bombay Cutchee Memon Mahomedan and Parsi Inhabitants respectively the executrix and executor of the last Will of the late Mahomed Haji Saboo Siddick have agreed to sell to our clients the property hereinafter mentioned:
All persons having any claim or demand against the said property by way of mortgage, gift, sale, trust, possession, inheritance lease or lien or otherwise howsoever are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their office in Oriental Buildings, Esplanade Road, Fort, within 14 days from the date hereof as otherwise the purchase will be completed without reference to any such claim or demand and the same, if any, will be considered as waived.
DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY.
All that piece or parcel of quit and ground rent land or ground with the messuage tenement or dwelling house standing thereon situate lying and being on the East side of Hornby Road within the Fort in the Town and Island of Bombay and in the Registration sub-district of Bombay containing by admeasurement 434 square yards or thereabouts and registered in the books of the Collector of Land Revenue under Collector's old Nos. 504, 505 and 506 New No. 5606 old Survey Nos. 36 and 37 and New Survey No. 8890 and in the books of the Assessor and Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under A Ward No. 2352 Street Nos. 37, 115 and 117 and bounded as follows, that is to say, on or towards the North by the junction of the said Hornby Road and Raghunath Dadaji Street, on or towards the South by the property of Ardeshir Pestonji Sethna, on or towards the East by Raghunath Dadaji Street and on or towards the West by the said Hornby Road.
Oriental Buildings, Fort,
Bombay, 26th July 1915.
WADIA GHANDY & CO.,
Attorneys for the Purchasers.
1346

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

TESTAMENTARY AND INTESTATE JURISDICTION.

GEORGE V by the Grace of God of the UNITED KINGDOM of GREAT BRITAIN and IRELAND and of the British Dominions beyond the seas King Defender of the Faith, Emperor of India.
Petition for Letters of Administration of the property and credits of Bai PRABHAWATIBAI, wife of PRABHAKAR DAJI KHARE, alias Mrs. PRABHAVATIBAI KHARE, late of Bombay Brahmin Hindu Inhabitant. .....Deceased.
PRABHAKAR DAJI KHARE, a student and husband of the above named deceased, of Bombay Brahmin Hindu Inhabitant residing at 210, Bellasis Road Byculla outside the Fort of Bombay. .....Petitioner.
All persons claiming to have any interest in the Estate of the abovenamed deceased are hereby cited to come and see the Proceedings if they think fit before the Grant of Letters of Administration.
Witness SIR BASIL SCOTT, Knight, Chief Justice at Bombay aforesaid this sixteenth day of July in the year of our Lord One thousand nine hundred and fifteen and in the sixth year of our Reign.
Seal of the High Court at Bombay.
(Sd.) A. M. KAJIJI,
Registrar.
(Sd.) P. B. MALABARI,
The 16th day of July, 1915.
(Sd.) Messrs. NANU HORMASJI & CO.,
1348 Petitioner's Attorneys.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION.

In the matter of the Indian Companies Act VII of 1913.
and
In the matter of the Kohinoor Mills Company Limited.

NOTICE is hereby given that a Petition for confirming a resolution altering clause 3 of the Memorandum of Association of the Company was on the 23rd day of July, 1915, presented to the Honourable Mr. Justice Macleod, the Sitting Judge in Chamber and is now pending; and that every creditor or any other person or persons interested in the Company, objecting to such alterations of the Memorandum of Association, is at liberty to appear before the Honourable Sitting Judge in Chamber on the 28th day of August 1915, to show cause if any he has against the said alteration.
Dated this 23rd day of July, 1915.
PAYNE & CO.,
1334 Attorneys for the Petitioners.

AUCTION SALE

MENESSE & CO.

NO. 35, HUMMUM STREET, FORT.

AUCTION SALE OF GRAIN, GRAIN SWEEPING, ETC.
Under instructions from the Bombay Steam Navigation Co., Ltd., Messrs. MENESSE and Co. will sell by Public Auction, on WEDNESDAY, the 28th July, 1915, at 3 p.m. (S. T.), at Prince's Dock Shed:—
Dry dates, sugar, mixed grain, red chillies oil cake, garlic, wool, soupnuts, cottonseed, methiseed, teaseed, harda, cotton, coffee, and other miscellaneous goods, etc.
MENESSE & CO.
Auctioneers.
Bombay, 28th July, 1915.

THE SOUND INVESTMENT AGENCY.

SHARE, STOCK EXCHANGE BROKERS AND COMMISSION AGENTS.
EVERY description of shares and securities bought and sold at the most favourable rates. Expert and reliable advice and information given to Investors. Investors' referee sent on application. Great facility afforded to mofussil customers. All orders promptly executed and thorough satisfaction guaranteed. Highest references given.
Fixed and Short period Deposits arranged with Banks, Firms and Mills.
Loans arranged on shares and approved security.
Life and Fire Insurance effected with first class English and Indian Companies.
Agency business of all sorts undertaken.
Address.—31, Hummum Street, Fort, Bombay.
Telegraphic Address:—"SURETY," Bombay.

AUCTION SALE

J. S. MODY & CO.

AUCTIONEERS AND COMMISSION AGENTS.
24-26, BANK STREET, FORT.

BONA-FIDE SALE.
AUCTION SALE on FRIDAY, 30th July, at 2-30 p.m. (S.T.).
Fine Opportunity to secure made to order Artistic Furniture, by Well-known Makers.
On FRIDAY, the 30th day of July, 1915, at 2-30 p.m.(S.T.), Messrs. J. S. MODY and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction, at "Wellington House," opposite the "Taj Mahal" Hotel. Apollo Bunder, Fort, very valuable and handsome made to order, artistic household furniture, by John Roberts, Dewji Canji and other well known makers, comprising: Sliding dining table, handsome sideboard, dinner waggon, dumb-waiter, meat-safes, ice-chest, rich cut glassware, porcelainware, platedware, inlaid drawing room teapoys, comfortable upholstered Chesterfield suite, Chesterfield easy chairs, Blunthner's sweet-toned iron-framed grand cottage piano, rich engravings, rich Persian and Indian carpets, miniature slate billiard table, American rolled top writing table, English palm stands, Singapore cane furniture, iron single bedsteads, almyrahs, clothes and gown presses, marble top dressing and wash-hand tables, sofas, chairs, copper cooking utensils, etc., etc.
1 "Argyll" 4 seated, 14 H.-P. motor car, with hood and accessories.
The property of E. Alban Williams, Esq., of P. and O. Dockyard, (family returning to England).
Catalogues are published and the property is on view.
N.B.—Private offers for the motor car will be received prior to the sale, by the Auctioneers, at their Office, in Bank Street, Fort, and is on view, at Wellington Mews, Wodehouse Road, Fort.
GOOD OPPORTUNITY TO CAPITALISTS.
AUCTION SALE OF VALUABLE LANDED PROPERTY AT BABA DHABU STREET FULL GULLY KNOWN AS HYDRABADWALLA PROPERTY.
Under instructions from Messrs. Popatlal Parbhudas and another the Transferees of a Mortgage dated 6th April 1907 and made between the Mortgagor Esmailji Lookmanji of the one part and Dhunjisha Ardeshir Bolton and another of the other part and on account and at the risk of the Mortgagor Esmailji Lookmanji in pursuance of the Power of sale given in the Indenture of the said Mortgage dated the 6th day of April 1907 and also in the Deed of Further Charge dated the 4th day of March 1912 and made between the Mortgagor of the one part and the said Vendors of the other part Messrs. J. S. Mody & Co., Auctioneers will on Wednesday the 4th day of August 1915 at 4-30 p.m. (S.T.) sell by Public Auction on the premises the following landed property, viz:—
PARTICULARS OF PROPERTY.
All that piece or parcel of land of the quit and ground rent tenure together with the messuage tenement or dwelling house built and standing thereon situate lying and being on the Eastern side of Baba Dhabu Street without the Fort of Bombay in the Registration District and Sub-District of Bombay containing by admeasurement one hundred and fifty two square yards or thereabouts and registered in the Books of the Collector of Land Revenue under Old No. 2746 New No. 9747 Old Survey No. 1457 and New Survey No. 4594 and assessed by the Assessor and Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under C Ward No. 6867 and Street Nos. 85/87 and 89 and bounded as follows:—that isto say on or towards the East by a sweeper's passage, on or towards the West by the Baba Dhabu Street aforesaid on or towards the North by the passage and beyond it by the property of Dawoodji Tyebji and on or towards the South by the property of Tyebji Adamji.
For further particulars and conditions of sale applications may be made to the undersigned.
J. S. MODY & CO.,
Auctioneers.
Bombay, 28th July, 1915.

CRAWFORD & CO.

AUCTIONEERS AND COMMISSION AGENTS.
18, Apollo Street, Fort,
Telephone No. 631.

SALE AT 8 A.M. (S.T.)
AUCTION SALE OF VERY VALUABLE LAND AND BUNGALOW, NEAR THE STATION AT GHAT KOPAR, BELONGING TO KHIMJI GOCULDAS AND OTHERS.
ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION. HIGH COURT SUIT NO.540 OF 1911.
THACKERSEY LAKHMIDAS...Plaintiff.
v/s
KHIMJI GOCULDAS & ORS...Defendants
Under instructions from R. D. Sethna, Esq., the Receiver appointed in the above Suit, Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co., will sell by public auction on THURSDAY the 5th day of August, 1915, at 8 a.m. (S.T.), at Ghat Kopar, on premises the following valuable property with the bungalow situate thereon, belonging to Khimji Goculdas and others and come to their share on partition with Ranchordas Dharsey Hingwala.
Particulars—All that piece or parcel of Agricultural land and bungalow at Ghatkopar being portion of Survey No. 256.
Port No. 1—2, Felni Nos. 2, 3 and portion of Survey No. 257, containing by admeasurement 3580 square yards and bounded on the north by the property of Ranchordas Dharsey, on the east by a portion of Survey No. 257 on the south by a passage and on the west by the land sold to Ranchordas Hansraj.
For further particulars, plan and description of the property and the conditions of sale, apply to Messrs. Bhaishanker Kanga and Girdharlal, Attorneys for the Vendor at their office at Hornby Road, Fort, or to the undersigned.
CRAWFORD & Co.,
Auctioneers.
Bombay, 28th July, 1915.

AUCTION SALE

BENNETT & CO.

NO. 22, APOLLO STREET, FORT.
Telephone No. 1317.

On SATURDAY the 31st instant, at 3-30 p.m., (S. T.), Messrs. BENNETT & Co., will sell by Public Auction, at their Rooms, a quantity of grey and coloured piece-goods etc.
AT 2 P.M. (S. T.)
1 second hand rubber tyred victoria, in good order.
1 second hand rubber tyred palanquin office shigram in good order.
1 second hand glass fronted miniature office brougham.
1 Bay horse, aged, quiet in harness.
By order of Salebhoy K. Barodawala Esq. Receiver of the Estate of S. M. Tavawala.
One strong arab horse.
One strong light victoria.

On SUNDAY, the 1st August next, at 2-30 p.m., (S. T.), Messrs. BENNETT and Co., are instructed to sell by Public Auction, at "Begh Building," Chowpaty, above Islam Club, 2nd Floor, very valuable and handsome, strong teak and blackwood plain and carved rich household furniture, rich glass and crockery, best platedware by Reed and Barton and Elkington, one telescopic mahoganised, large dining table, side-boards, one case rich cutlery for 12 persons and dinner wagons, arm and without arm chairs, rich silk tapestry, drawing room suite by Benjaman, Wimbridge and others, chesterfield sofas, drawing room settee screen, fancy drawing room chippendale pattern cabinets, oledgraphs, fancy vases, cottage piano by Collard, clocks, mirror and panel door almyrahs, marble top dressing and wash-hand tables, dressing chest of drawers, teapoys, easy chairs, cloth and gown pressee, revolving top writing table, new design double bedstead brass and iron single and double bedsteads, rich carpets, hanging and table lamps, meat-safes, etc., etc., the property of a gentleman.
The property of another gentleman.
One rubber-tyred canoe shape English victoria.
One rubber-tyred canoe shape steel wheel victoria.
One pair handsome strong Arabs, 15 hands, going in single and double harness, with plated mounted harness.
Catalogues are published and furniture is now on view.

BONA-FIDE SALE.
AUCTION SALE of English and Country Built Carriages, Harness, etc., and the Stock-in-Trade of Messrs. Cummoo Jaffer Sulleman and Co.
Under instructions from the Administratrix of the late Mr. Moosa Haji Hassam, Messrs. BENNETT and Co., will, on TUESDAY, the 3rd August next, sell by Public Auction, at 2-30 p.m., (S. T.), on the premises at Girgaum the Stock-in-Trade of the firm of Messrs. Cummoo Jaffer Sulleman and Co., consisting of rubber-tyred English glass-fronted miniature brougham by Windover, one English rubber-tyred landaulet by Fulker, one rubber-tyred English landaulet by Barlington, rubber-tyred cabriolets, shigrams, victorias, mail-phaetons, boat-shape State phaetons, dog-carts, bullock trolly, grass bundling machines, poles, shafts bars, brass and plated mounted harness, iron safes, furniture such as cup-boards, chairs, benches, writing tables, screens scales, sideboards, iron tools, etc., etc.
The property of another gentleman.
One English built rubber-tyred mail phaeton by Ivall and Large with hood and and brake.
One Bombay built rubber-tyred double seated brougham.
One English built rubber-tyred square Landau by Ivall and Large with brake.
One Bombay built rubber-tyred double seated brougham by Press.
N. B.—Furniture will be sold at 2-30 p.m. and carriages at 3-30 p.m.
The above is now on view.

AUCTION SALE OF MOTOR-CYCLES AND MOTOR CARS.
Messrs. BENNETT & CO., will on SATURDAY the 7th proximo, sell by public auction at 3-30 p.m., (S. T.), at their rooms at 22, Apollo Street, by order of Messrs. The Great Eastern Motor Co., and on account and risk of the concerned the following:—
One 3½ H. P. Triumph Motor Cycle.
One 8½ H. P. F. N. Motor-Cycle.
One 4 H. P. N. S. N. Motor-Cycle.
One 3½ H. P. Trimph Motor-Cycle.
and Motor accessories.
One 8 H. P. De Dion 4 seated single Cylinder Motor Car.
One 8 H. P. Darracque 2 Cylinder Motor Car.
One 8 H. P. "Star" 2 Seated Motor Car.
The above Cycles and Cars are on view at the Great Eastern Motor Co.'s works at Rampart Row, Fort.
A Deposit of 25 per cent. will be required at the time of sale.
BENNETT & CO.
Bombay, 28th July 1915.

THE BOMBAY LIFE ASSURANCE

Company, Limited.
Worked on a scientific basis and most economically under the expert actuarial advice of
GEORGE KING, Esq., M.A., F.I.A., (Lond.
Low rates, liberal conditions
or particulars apply to:—
FRAMROZE R. JOSHI, J.P.
Managing Director:
28, Apollo Street, Fort, Bombay.
AGENTS WANTED.

Why wait for that hoarseness to "wear off," when Zymole Trokeye will stop it so much quicker? Disagreeable coughs are often avoided by the use of Zymole Trokeye. 2-9

AUCTION SALE

MEHTA & CO.

ON GOVERNMENT & G. I. P. Ry. LISTS
No. 53, Medows Street, Fort, Bombay.
Telephone No. 1285.

AN OPPORTUNITY TO INVESTORS.
AUCTION SALE OF A VALUABLE LANDED PROPERTY AT MUSJID LANE WITHOUT THE FORT OF BOMBAY.
In the High Court of Judicature at Bombay.
O. O. C. J. Suit No. 46 of 1914.
Bai Lalita daughter of Mulchand Harivallabhdas, a minor .....Plaintiff.
v/s
Runchordas Harivallabhdas and The Advocate-General of Bombay .....Defendant.
On SATURDAY, the 7th day of August, at 4-30 p.m., (S.T.), Messrs. MEHTA & Co., Auctioneers, will by Order of Mr. Runchordas Harivallabhdas the Sole Surviving Executor of the Will of Kalidas Morarji deceased dated the 1st January, 1901 and the Trustee of the Estate of the said deceased Kalidas Morarji in pursuance of the order contained in the Consent Decree dated the 21st day of January, 1915 passed in the above suit, sell by Public Auction the undermentioned valuable landed property on the premises:—
All that piece or parcel quit and ground land or ground situate at Musjid Lane in the Town and Island of Bombay in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay containing by admeasurement 118 and five-ninths square yards or thereabouts and registered by the Collector of Land Revenue under old No. 164, new No. 7481 old survey No. 1918 and new survey No. 790 together with the messuage dwelling house and premises built and standing thereon which are assessed by the Municipality of Bombay under C. Ward No. 6386 and Street Nos. 110-112 and are bounded as follows:—That is to say on or towards the North by Ali Oomer Street, Musjid Lane, on or towards the South by Sweepers passage, on or towards the East by the property of Gena Oka and or towards the West by the property of Govindrao Hariba and which dwelling house and premises are in the occupation of the tenants of the Vendor.
For further particulars conditions of sale and inspection of Title Deeds application may be made to Messrs. Daphtary, Ferreira and Divan, Attorneys for the said Vendor at their offices at 109, Medows Street, Fort or to the undersigned.
MEHTA & Co.,
Auctioneers.
Bombay, July 28, 1915.

AMUSEMENTS.

IMPERIAL
CINEMA
CHARNI ROAD.
To-Night
We shall have the pleasure of presenting one of the finest programmes of the season.
WHY DID HE FORGIVE?
A poignant problem of the struggle for life, presented in a thrilling manner in one-reel coloured drama.
AND
FOR HONOUR & COUNTRY
TWO—REELS
A Thrilling Drama of Love and Duty in the Great War.
PATRIOTISM!
SENSATION!!
STIRRING SCENES!!!
Amongst the Comics
We have
POLICE DOG No. 1
OTHERWISE KNOWN AS
"PINCKERTON PUP"
WORDS CANNOT DESCRIBE
This funniest of all funny Cartoons by Bray
AND
WIFFLES AT THE HYDRO
A COMEDY OF HIGHEST ORDER.
PATHE'S GAZETTE
AND
A beautiful coloured film showing different types of children of the Tulip and Holland.
A truely Great Programme.
3 SHOWS NIGHTLY 3
7 to 8-30, 8-45 to 10-15 & 10-30 to 12 p.m.
SAT. & Sun. Prize Show 5 to 6-30
PRICES AS USUAL.

ELYSIUM SKATING RINK
Practice and Evening Sessios
AS USUAL.
DANCE
on Saturday, 31st July, at 9-30 p.m.

Digitized with financial assistance from the Government of Maharashtra
on 09 April, 2017

AMUSEMENTS.

EXCELSIOR THEATRE

To-night at 6-30 and 9-30 p. m.

HORACE GOLDIN

The World's Master of Modern Magic.

Will Positively Appear To-night at 6 and 9-30 p. m,

Supported by FULL LONDON 25 ARTISTES

Including "LILY" the Bengal Tigress

Who is back in the home of her ancestors.

Other Special Features of To-night's Performance will include:—

MISS BARBARA BABINGTON

London's Principal Boy and Ballad Vocalist.

HAY AND CRAWFORD

Ragtime Singers and Dancers.

LEYWOOD AND NORELL

Australian Burlesque Impressionists.

GOSWARD

MUSICAL COMEDIAN.

Matinee—Wednesdays, Saturdays and Sundays.

To-night at 6-30 at Rs. 3, 2, 1 and 8 As. Full Programme.

Seats previously booked available at any performance.

The more the Mystery gets Complicated
The more Interesting it Becomes.
WITNESS THIS IN THE FOURTH INSTALMENT.
Showing—This Week—Showing.

THE MASTER KEY

Which shows—What stepts did Wilkerson take to seize the Mine when he found the Deeds stolen from Ruth Gallon utterly Worthless? What steps did John Dore, Ruth's sweetheart, take to hold the Mine? Who did the Miners themselves line up with! Who brought the Mexicans to fight them? Which side won the terrific Battle that followed ?

SPECIAL FEATURE IN THIS WEEK'S PROGRAMME.

"THE OLD TANGO DANCE"

Witness and please yourself by hearing the appropriate Music

AT

OLYMPIA CINEMA

SANDHURST ROAD. Tele. No. 1265.

Saturday & Sunday, Prize Matinees 5-15 to 6-45 (S.T.)

Rates as Usual.

AMUSEMENTS.

DON'T MISS TO-NIGHT'S EPISODES AT

THE NEW

ALEXANDRA CINEMA

'Phone | LOHAR CHAWL PRINCESS STREET. | 1882

of The Most Fascinating Photo Play Ever Conceived Now Running Serially.

THE MASTER KEY

4th Instalment..5,000 feet..Episdoes 8th & 9th

Time:—7-15 to 8-45, 9-0 to 10-30, 10-45 to 12.

HALF RATES. HALF RATES.

FREE GIFTS to Patrons in BOX and FIRST CLASS THE MASTER KEY BROOCHES, TIEPINS, BUTTONS.

Y. M. C. A. HALL.

GRAND

WAR ANNIVERSARY CONCERT.

To be held on the 4th August 1915

IN AID OF THE

BELGIAN RELIEF FUND.

UNDER DISTINGUISHED PATRONAGE.

LEADING ARTISTES.

TO LET—Empire Theatre, on week days.

The Parsi Alfred Theatrical Co.

will perform at the

EMPIRE THEATRE—FORT.

To-night, Wednesday, at 9-30 p.m. (S.T.)

ASEER-I-HIRS

i. e., Sheridan's Pizarro

(In Oriental Garb).

Prices Rs. 2, 1-8, 1-4, 1 As. 12 & 6.

C. P. KHATOW,

Telephone No. 286. Propetor.

A LA CARTE' SERVICE

from 8 a. m. to 12 p. m

AT THE

INTERNATIONAL STORES

Next to Hotel Majestic,

Opps PYRKE'S.

DON'T FAIL TO LOOK IN HERE.

OUR ANNUAL SALE NOW ON

N. B.—Orders for dyeing should be given in the morning.

AHMED E. ESAALI

SILK MERCER

Empire Building, Hornby Road, Fort, BOMBAY.

ALL-INDIA WEATHER

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

SIMLA, July 27.

The monsoon continues active. There has been an increase of rainfall in Bihar and Orissa, the neighbouring districts of the United Provinces and of the Central Provinces, as also on the west coast of the peninsula. A few light falls occurred along the hills in the Punjab. There has been, however, a decrease of rain in the Central parts of the country.

The rainfall has been nearly general in Lower Burma, Assam, Bengal, Bihar and Orissa, east United Provinces, Konkan, North Hyderabad, Malabar, lower east and north Punjab, Kashmir, Central India, west Central Provinces, Bombay-Deccan, south-east Madras, north Madras Coast. A few falls also occurred in Upper Burma, west United Provinces, Gujarat and Mysore.

The chief amounts are:—Table Island one and half inches; Moulmein six, Tavoy four, Diamond Island and Akyab three; Toungoo two; Rangoon, Bassein and Cherrapunji one and half; Dibrugarh, Coxs Bazar and Narayanganj one; Mymensingh two; Berhampore, Darjeeling, Balasore, Hazaribagh one and half, Sambalpore one, Ranchee three; Patna five; Purnea two; Gaya one and half; Naya Dumka, Bahraich and Roorkee one; Benares four; Gorakhpur two; Cawnpore and Bareilly one and half; Ambala and Sialkot a half; Surat one; Pendra three; Ratnagiri, Marmagoa and Belgaum one; Mercara two; Karwar and Mangalore one and half; Calicut, Cochin and Kodaikanal one; Salem and Madras two.

Arabian Sea report: The Mail steamer reports strong monsoon over the Arabian Sea.

Forecast:—Decrease of rainfall in North-east India.

HEAVY RAIN AT POONA.

KIRKEE RACES POSTPONED.

(From our Correspondent.)

POONA, July 27.

The heavy rain last night and again this morning has swamped the Kirkee course and the races are accordingly postponed to Monday the 2nd August (Bank Holiday).

RAINFALL AT BOMBAY.

STATIONS.	24hours to 8 a.m. of 27th July 1915.	Total since June1st 1915.	June 1st to 27th July	
			1914.	1913.
Colaba [Observatory] ..	0.77	46 80	39.44	58.18
Fort [St. Geo's Hospital] ..	0.63	45.44	42.90	67.24
Esplanade [Gok Tej. Hospl.]	0.56	45.71	44 12	66.15
Byculla [J. J. Hospital] ..	0.71	52.06	47.34	58.84

DAILY WEATHER REPORT.

Summary of observations recorded at 8 hours on Tuesday, the 27th July 1915, giving data for the preceding 24 hours.

The Punjab.—Ambala reports 0.66in. of rain. Skies are clear in the south-west Punjab and in the extreme north and moderately clouded elsewhere. Humidity is in excess in the south-west Punjab and normal or in defect over the rest of the division. Day temperature is in excess except at Ambala and Lahore.

The United Provinces.—Rainfall has been local; Cawnpore has had 1.35in. and Allahabad 0.43in. Skies are moderately to heavily clouded. Day temperature is in defect at Cawnpore and Allahabad but in excess at Jhansi.

Sind and Rajputana.—Skies are clear in upper Sind, lightly clouded in east Rajputana and moderately to heavily clouded elsewhere. Humidity is normal or in defect. Day temperature continues in considerable excess in upper Sind.

Gujarat, Kathiawar and Central India West.—Rainfall has been local in Gujarat and Central India West; Surat has had 0.96in. and Indore 0.11in. Skies are moderately to heavily clouded.

The Central Provinces.—Rainfall has been fairly general; Hoshangabad has had 0.41in., Khandwa 0.16in., Akola 0.73in., Chanda 0.12in. and Raipur 0.46in. Skies are moderately to heavily clouded. Day temperature continues in defect in the south-eastern districts.

The Konkan.—Rainfall has been nearly general; Bombay has had 0.77in., Ratnagiri 1.03in., Mormugao 1.10in. and Karwar 1.59in. Skies are moderately to heavily clouded.

The Bombay Deccan and Hyderabad.—Rainfall has been nearly general though light in north Hyderabad and local in the Bombay Deccan; Poona has had 0.38in., Belgaum 0.90in., Aurangabad 0.12n. and Nizamabad 0.11in. Skies are moderately to heavily clouded.

General Remarks.—Rainfall has increased on the west coast of the Peninsula and decreased in the Central Provinces and Kathiawar. It has been nearly general in the Konkan, Malabar and north Hyderabad, fairly general in the Central Provinces and local in the Bombay Deccan, Gujarat, Central India West and the United Provinces, while a few showers have occurred in the Punjab. Nearly general rain has fallen also on the north Coromandel coast, the fall at Madras being heavy.

Nearly general rain is likely on the west coast of the Peninsula, local rain in the United and the Central Provinces, Gujarat, the Bombay Deccan and Hyderabad and some showers in Kathiawar, Central India West and on the north Madras coast.

P. & O. Mail Steamer Report.—S. S. Khiva, which left Aden on the forenoon of the 21st, experienced till longitude 51 deg. E. easterly or variable light airs with cloudy skies and rainy weather at longitude 49 deg. E.; till longitude 54½ deg. E. gentle south-westerly wind increasing towards end to fresh wind, with cloudy skies and southerly or south-westerly sea and swell; till longitude 58½ deg. E. strong south-westerly wind with cloudy skies and high south-westerly sea and swell; till longitude 64 deg. E. moderate or fresh gale from the south-west with cloudy skies and high south-westerly sea and swell and light rain at longitude 66 deg. E.; till arrival yesterday afternoon moderate to fresh south-westerly or west-south-westerly wind with cloudy skies, considerable or moderate sea and light rain at times at longitude 71 deg. E. Winds are considerably stronger than usual in the middle of the Arabian Sea.

OBSERVATIONS TAKEN at 8 a. m. on TUESDAY, the 27th of July, 1915.

STATIONS.	Temp. in Shade. Maximum of past 24 hours.	Temp. in Shade. Minimum of past 24 hours.	Humidity. 8 A. M.	Rainfall. Past 24 hours.	Rainfall. Total 1st June to date.	Rainfall. Departure, 1st June to date.
PERSIAN GULF—						
Bushire	..	..	..	..	..	..
Do. (26th)	96.9	83.4	89	..	0	0
Jask	95.9	87.8	74	..	0	—0.06
Muskat	..	..	..	..	..	..
Do. (26th)	97.6	86.0	80	..	0	—.17
PUNJAB—						
Multan	110.1	84.5	78	..	0.53	—1.63
Rawalpind	100.8	77.1	61	0.03	?	—1.57
Lahore	102.4	75.2	75	..	1.99	..
Hissar	104.6	86.0	58	..	2.42	..
Ambala	91.7	75.3	77	0.60	5.51	—1.43
Delhi	96.8	79.0	70	..	4.10	—0.17
UNITED PROVINCES—						
Agra	95.4	84.3	74	..	7.27	—3.55
Mainpuri	91.3	79.4	85	..	3.90	—5.37
Jhansi	94.4	81.3	70	..	7.93	—7.13
Cawnpore	82.6	76.5	96	1.35	8.70	—4.29
Allahabad	85.6	77.7	92	0.43	15.59	—0.44
SIND AND RAJPUTANA						
Jacobabad	120.3	84.8	66	..	0.06	—1.02
Karachi	88.4	81.3	86	..	0.07	—3.60
Ajmer	95.2	77.2	64	..	1.15	—7.06
Jalpore	95.0	79.1	62	..	3.68	—5.06
Kotah	97.6	82.6	55	..	2.45	—9.24
GUJARAT, KATHIAWAR AND CENTRAL INDIA WEST—						
Bhuj	89.9	80.0	74	0.01	3.66	—4.25
Dwarka	85.4	81.4	80	..	7.02	—1.15
Veraval	84.1	80.2	86	0.01	5.32	—4.73
Rajkot	89.4	76.8	80	0.04	6.29	—8.30
Bhavnagar Para	92.4	78.4	73	0.03	7.17	—1.69
Surat	87.1	78.7	85	0.96	14.84	—8.81
Ahmedabad	92.2	79.5	81	0.04	7.68	—7.63
Deesa	92.9	80.3	82	..	4.21	—5.97
Neemuch	88.2	75.1	80	..	8.54	—3.09
Indore	83.1	73.1	90	0.11	7.39	—7.02
CENTRAL PROVINCES—						
Jubbulpore	83.9	75.5	86	0.07	21.77	—1.80
Saugor	83.2	74.2	89	..	10.21	—9.31
Hoshangabad	84.7	75.0	92	0.41	13.39	—6.33
Khandaw	85.0	76.3	89	0.16	11.67	—1.59
Akola	83.7	72.6	91	0.73	12.58	—1.55
Amroati	83.5	72.7	89	..	7.73	—7.28
Nagpur	83.6	74.7	83	0.07	16.16	—5.30
Chanda	82.3	75.2	82	0.12	14.42	—8.53
Raipur	77.3	72.6	93	0.46	15.97	—6.68
KONKAN—						
Bombay	86.2	78.2	83	0.77	46.80	5.06
Ratnagiri	84.7	77.1	87	1.08	47.10	—13.31
Mormugao	84.7	75.7	93	1.10	52.43	—5.89
Karwar	84.7	74.9	95	1.80	56.65	—17.03
BOMBAY DECCAN AND HYDERABAD—						
Malegaon	86.9	74.1	82	0.03	10.38	1.48
Ahmednagar	81.6	70.5	86	0.08	12.97	4.91
Poona	79.2	71.1	93	0.38	20.69	9.63
Sholapur	88.4	74.0	78	..	10.03	1.43
Bijapur	82.2	71.5	84	..	5.87	0.64
Belgaum	74.3	68.0	95	0.90	17.55	—3.77
Ahmedabad	82.2	71.6	91	0.12	16.43	5.34
Nizamabad (Indur).	86.9	75.6	77	0.11	10.13	—3.57
Hyderabad	80.7	73.9	88	..	18.26	3.56
MALABAR AND CEYLON						
Mangalore	78.8	73.3	95	1.40	56.92	—14.46
Calicut	79.0	72.1	95	1.14	56.80	—5.06
Cochin	77.4	69.7	85	0.89	57.76	9.10
Colombo	84.2	75.2	92	0.15	18.29	6.12
MADRAS (EXCLUDING MALABAR) AND MYSORE—						
Masulipatam	89.1	80.0	74	..	14.22	4.15
Bellary	90.3	75.9	73	..	10.72	7.15
Cuddapah	91.9	77.1	71	..	9.36	2.96
Madras	95.2	72.8	88	1.94	10.08	4.70
Bangalore	82.5	65.8	86	..	10.08	3.70
Colmbatore	84.2	69.8	88	0.03	5.36	2.65
Trichinopoly	92.8	75.6	69	..	4.65	2.09
Negapatam	92.3	78.7	85	0.12	3.38	0.34

TEMPERATURE IN BOMBAY.

GOVERNMENT OBSERVATORY COLABA.

Bombay 26th July, 1915.

Means of observations taken at 6 a.m., 10 a.m., 2 p.m., 4 p.m., and 10 p.m.

Barometer corrected to 32 deg. Fahr...	29.710 inches.
Temperature of Air	82.5 degrees.
Wet Bulb Thermometer	78.5 "
Dew Point	77.1 "
Relative humidity of Air	0.838 "
Extent of cloudy sky (the whole sky cloudy—10).....	9.6 "
Maximum temperature of Air	86.2 "
Minimum do. do. .	79.4 "
General direction of Wind from midnight to midnight	WSW.
Movement of Wind do. do.	261 miles.
Fall of Rain	0.65 inches.
Total fall during month	6.56 "
Do. do. year	48.07 "
Additional fall of rain up to 10 a.m., of 27th	0.14 "

STANDARD BAROMETER READING.

The following information is published in order that vessels in the Bombay Harbour may be comparison with a standard instrument ascertain the errors of their barometers:

The reading of the Standard Barometer at the Colaba Observatory corrected for index error and reduced to 80 deg. F. and to the level of the tide, at 8-45 a.m. Standard Time on the 27th July 1915, was 29.914 inches. No temperature corrections applicable to mercurial, barometer of ships the reading of the ship's barometer has to be increased or decreased by .031 inch for every 5 degrees according as the temperature of the attached thermometer is respectively below or above 80 deg. F. In case of the aneroid no temperature correction is needed. But for comparision at 80 F. all aneroid readings should be increased by .138 inch. For correcting the ship's barometer either mercurial or aneroid for the height of the barometer cistern above the tide level in the stream at 8-45 a.m., Standard Time, the ship's barometer reading should be increased by .010 inch. for every 10 feet of the height to make it comparable with the observatory barometer reading given above.

SUN, MOON AND TIDES AT BOMBAY.

The following are the hours and heights of the tides in Bombay Harbour during the ensuing week. Hour stated in Bombay Mean Time, depth of water is at Prince's Dock still.

Day of Week	Day of Month.	HIGH WATER. Bombay Mean Time. h.	m.	Depth on Still. ft.	in.	Month.	LOW WATER. Bombay Mean Time. h.	m.	Depth on Still. ft.	in.
	July					July				
TU.	27	m	0	6a	29	0	m	5	17	14	10
W.	28	m	0	9	27	6	m	6	12a	17	4
TH.	29	m	0	45a	29	9	m	6	2	15	1
FR.	30	m	1	22a	29	4	m	6	52a	16	9
SAT.	31	m	1	33	27	4	m	7	23	16	7
SUN.	1	m	1	57a	28	8	m	7	31a	16	9
MO.	2	m	2	22	26	10	m	8	1	16	8
		m	2	30a	27	8	m	8	47a	17	9
		m	3	6	26	1	m	8	38	17	0
		m	3	2a	26	8	m	9	25a	19	0
		m	3	52	25	3	m	9	16	17	6
			3	33a	25	9		10	5a	20	2
										18	1

The following are the hours of sunrise and sunset according to Indian Standard Time during the ensuing week;—

July	Sunrise	Sunset
,, 27 (Tuesday)	,, 6h. 13m.	,, 7h. 17m.
,, 28 (Wednesday)	,, 6h. 14m.	,, 7h. 16m.
,, 29 (Thursday)	,, 6h. 14m.	,, 7h. 16m.
,, 30 (Friday)	,, 6h. 14m.	,, 7h. 16m.
,, 31 (Saturday)	,, 6h. 15m.	,, 7h. 15m.
Aug. 1 (Sunday)	,, 6h. 15m.	,, 7h. 15m.
,, 2 (Monday)	,, 6h. 15m.	,, 7h. 14m.

PHASES OF THE MOON.—Perigee, July 24th, 10-9h. a.m Full Moon 26th, 5h. 41-0m. p.m.; Last Quarter, Aug. 3rd 2h. 57-3m. a.m.; Apogee, 5th, 8-1h. p.m.; New Moon 11th, 4h. 22-4m. p.m.; First Quarter, 18th, 7h. 47-5m. a.m

BARISAL CONSPIRACY TRIAL.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

BARISAL, July 25.

The hearing of the Barisal conspiracy case before the Sessions Judge is proceeding. The trial began on 24th May last and there were 44 sittings and 45 witnesses were examined. There about 200 witnesses more to be examined.

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Rs. 12 net. **Over 6000 Cases**

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THE LAW OF LIMITATION

Being an Exhaustive and Critical Commentary on the Indian Limitation Act, 1908; with full references to Indian and English Authorities.

BY

K. J. RUSTOMJI, Bar-at-Law,

Honorsman of the Council of Legal Education.

Most favourably received by the Bench as well as by the Bar. The following are some of the opinions received.—

Hon'ble Sir Lawrence Jenkins, Kt., K.C.I.E., Chief Justice of Bengal:—Already I have had occasion to use your work on Limitation, and I have found it of great help.

Hon'ble Sir John Wallis, Kt., Chief Justice of Madras:—The book appears to have been planned on sound lines and carefully written. It should be of much use to the Profession.

Hon'ble Sir Donald Johnston, Kt., Chief Judge, Punjab Chief Court:—I will use it in Court and I have no doubt the Courts will find your Commentary on the Law of Limitation as a useful Guide.

Hon'ble Justice Sir John Woodroffe, Kt., Calcutta High Court:—Your book will be very useful to me in my work.—

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BOMBAY.

COMMERCIAL.

COTTON EMBARGO TO NEUTRAL PORTS.

(By our Commercial Correspondent.)

Bombay, July 27.

The cotton market in the great centres all over the world is in a very unsettled state. People don't seem to have the least idea how to act, and speculators are at a loss to follow any determined line. There are indications that America is becoming reconciled to the fact that peace on any pre-war basis is impossible and the market there is adjusting itself to the idea of a long fight. Consequently there are no "bull" or "bear" operations in evidence, everyone standing by until something of a decisive nature occurs before committing themselves in advance. As the feeling appears to be gaining in strength, that owing to the necessity of respecting the susceptibilities and interests of Neutrals, it will be impracticable to place cotton on the contraband list, the impression prevails that a scheme is being devised by the Allies in co-operation with the American Government, to buy up the whole of the new crop. It has been estimated, that had this procedure been adopted in the first instance, when prices were lower, the sum required to carry through the transaction, would have amounted to about seventy millions sterling. Had this been done, it might have turned out an excellent investment, more especially if it had prevented the enemy countries from getting cotton for the manufacture of explosives. Even if a financial loss had been entailed, it would have been insignificant in comparison with the awful loss of life and the enormous daily cost of the war. But what is of much more importance, it would have rendered it much more difficult for the enemy to secure cotton through neutral countries, and the Allies would probably have been in a stronger position to-day. Another point to be considered is, the material reduction in loss which would have accrued to cotton growers, merchants, spinners, manufacturers and distributors of cotton goods. American cotton fell from 7½d. to 4d. per pound, and Indian and Egyptian cotton declined in sympathy. A rise or fall of an average of ½d. per pound on the cotton crop of the world, may be roughly summed up at £20,000,000. That the question of preventing cotton reaching the enemy is fully appreciated by the British Government, there can be no doubt. Mr. Asquith has recently said so in the House of Commons. Lord Robert Cecil confirmed this last Monday, when replying to a question in the House about making cotton contraband, by stating that we were not fighting with gloves on, and every ounce of cotton was, or ought to have been, stopped under existing arrangements. What these arrangements are, Lord Robert apparently conveyed no hint. And it must therefore be assumed that the Order in Council of March 11th is now being rigorously enforced by suspicious shipments to Neutrals being confiscated *en route* and an indemnity paid to consignees at invoice cost, which after all amounts to purchasing the staple, without being actually committed to any definite agreement on the point with American exporters. That Germany is feeling the squeeze there can be no question, and the desperation with which it adheres to the campaign of submarine piracy ,at the risk of a rupture with the United States, indicates that the practical effect of the British Government's methods in stopping the traffic, is much greater than is generally appreciated. Apropos of this, the sinking of the American steamer Leelanaw yesterday proves Count Bernstorff to have been a poor hand at vaticinating, for President Wilson has received a startling reply to the Note despatched to Germany last Friday, much earlier than the noble Count predicted.

CABLE QUOTATIONS.

LIVERPOOL COTTON.

(Reuter's Telegrams.)

Liverpool, July 26th.

	Bales.
Total Day's Sales at Liverpool	10 000
" " Sales on Spec. & for Exp.	1,030
" " Sales of East Indian ..	600
Mid. Americans	5.15d.
Egyptian F.G.F.	7.20d.
New York 11 a.m. (As known in Liverpool at closing time.) .. Oct. ..	9.18
Jan. ..	9.54
New York Official noon call Oct. ..	8.92
Jan. ..	9.24
New Orleans 10 a.m. .. Oct. ..	9.01
Jan. ..	9.36

OPENING TONE AND PRICES.

Liverpool, July 27.

Estimated Sales	10,000
Total Imports	Nil.

FUTURE DELIVERY PRICES:—

Months.	To-day's price.
July.	5.00
July-Aug.	5.00
Aug.-Sept.	5.03
Sept.-Oct.	5.12
Oct.-Nov.	5.20
Nov.-Dec.	5.25
Dec.-Jany.	5.30
Jan.-Feb.	5.36
Feb.-Mar.	5.41
Mar.-Apl.	5.46
Apl.-May.	5.50
May-June.	5.53
June-July.	5.56
July-Aug.	5.59

When you go visiting—don't have a headache, and be out of sorts. Carry Stearns' Headache Cure, make your stay pleasant. Headache relieved immediately. C.15

CLOSING PRICES.

Liverpool, July 26th.

Months.	Previous closing price.	To-day's price.
July	5.06	5.04
July-Aug.	5.06	5.04
Aug.-Sept.	5.09	5.07
Sept-Oct.	5.19	5.16
Oct.-Nov.	5.26	5.24
Nov.-Dec.	5.32	5.29
Dec.-Jan.	5.37	5.34
Jan.-Feb.	5.42	5.39
Feb.-Mar.	5.47	5.44
March.-April	5.52	5.49
April-May	5.55	5.53
May-June	5.59	5.56
June-July	5.61	5.59
July-Aug.	5.64	5.62

ADDITIONAL QUOTATIONS.

London, July 26th.

Good Bengal M. G.	3.85d
F. G. "	4.00d
Fine "	4.15d
Good Oomra M.G.	4.35d
F. G. "	4.50d
Fine "	4.65d
Good M. G. Oomra	4.35d
Fine M. G. Oomra	4.65d
Good Broach	4.75d
F.G. "	4.90d
Fine "	5.05d

AMERICAN MARKETS.

New York, July 26th.

	Bales.
Day's Receipts at all U. S. Ports ..	5,000
" Exports to Great Britain .. }	4,000
" " to Continent .. }	
Futures at New York Oct.	9.06
Previous closing price	9.17
Futures at New York Jan.	9.41
Previous closing price	9.54
Spot Cotton at New York	9.05
Previous price	9.25
Spot Cotton at New Orleans (mutilated)	8 63
Previous price	8.63
Futures at New Orleans Oct.	8.88
Previous price	9.00
Futures at New Orleans January ..	9.23
Previous price	9.35
Fair Rio Coffee (No. 7 quality) ..	7½
Demand Bills	4,76,40
Silver Commercial Bars	47⅞

MONEY MARKETS.

London, July 26th.

Bar Silver Spot	22½
Closing Tone of Silver :—Continental buying.	
Discount, Bank of England Rate 5 % since 8th August 1914.	
Discount Bank Bills 3 m/st.	5½
Discount, Indian Bank Bill 6 m/st ..	5½
" Fine Trade Bills 3 months ..	5½
" " " 6 " ..	5½
Interest day to day loans	4½
" 7 day market loans	4½

The sum of £250,000 has been earmarked.

MISCELLANEOUS MARKET REPORTS.

London, July 26th.

WHEAT.

Wheat White Bombay Club, No. 1 per 492lbs. ex-ship July Sellers	56/9
Tone :—Firm.	
Wheat, White Delhi, per 492 lbs. C.I.F. July Sellers	56/9
Tone :—Firm.	
Choice White Karachi, per 492lbs. C.I.F July sellers.	56/6
Tone :—Firm.	
Wheat F. A. Q. Red Karachi, per 492 lbs. C. I. F. July Sellers	56/1½
Tone :—Firm.	
Wheat Bombay Choice White July Sellers	57/3
Tone:—Firm.	
Wheat Bombay Club No. 2 July Sellers.	53/3
Tone .—Firm.	
Wheat Afloat for United Kingdom	200,000

SOUTH AMERICAN.

Rozario Santa Fe-60 lbs.—Nominal.
Barletta Russo—62½ lbs. Nominal.

AUSTRALIAN.

South Australian. Nominal.
Victorian.—Nominal.
New South Wales.—Nominal.

Kraachi Barley July-August Buyers	36/6

SEEDS.

Rapeseed, Yellow Guserat, 416lbs. ex-Ship. July-August.	55/9
Rapeseed, Brown Cawnpore 416 lbs. ex-Ship. July-August.	49/6
Linseed Bombay per 416lbs. ex-Ship. August-Sept, Value	56

LINSEED.

Linseed Argentine (La Plata) August-September; sellers.	51/9

COTTONSEED.

Bombay Cottonseed (sound delivered per ton) August-Sept. sellers	£8/13/9

METALS.

London, July 27th.

Standard Copper G.M.B.	£71¾
Copper Braziers	£100
Yellow Metal	13
Tin Plates I.C. Coke 14 by 20, 112 sheets per box weighing 90 lbs. O.L.F. Liverpool	18/9
English Best Selected Copper	89½
Hard Spelter	£32½
Iron Corrugated sheets 24 gauge G.O.B. 4 % F.O.B. Liverpool	£ 20-10-0

FREIGHT.

London, July 27th.

Coals :—Cardiff to Bombay Canal Value.	25

JAVA SUGAR.

Raw Java Nos. 16/18 O. & F. Calcutta September-November	19/6
Raw Java, O. & F. Bombay and Karachi September-November	19/7½
Fine White Java, O & F. Calcutta September-November	22
Fine White Java, O. & F. Bombay and Karachi. September November	22/1½
Calcutta, Linseed, Augt.-Sept. sellers	55/6

RUBBER.

Para Rubber July-August. sellers	2/5½
Ceylon Rubber. Sept.-Oct. paid.	2/5

Doctors Indorse It.—The medical profession throughout the world indorse Kasagra as the best remedy for constipation. D 15

BOMBAY MARKETS.

COTTON.

(By our Commercial Correspondent.)

Bombay, July 27.

The market this morning was very quiet with new Broach quoted at 235.

In the afternoon prices advanced one rupee and at Colaba there was no change.

Ready cotton was in fair demand, but no business of any importance was reported in contract.

We quote:—

Fine Broach, August 212.
Fine Bengal September 160.
Fine Akola, September 189.

QUOTATIONS FOR 1916.

Good Broach, April 236.
Fully Good Bengal, January 180.
Fine Akola, January 203.

MESSRS. PATELBROTHERS' MID-DAY QUOTATIONS.

Growths.	Fine	F. G.	Good.	Delivery.
M.G. Broach			235	Apr. 25'16
M.G. "			..	..
M.G. Bengals (Ry. terms)	184	179	..	Jan. 25'16
H.G. Rajputana (Ry. terms	..	..	..	..
M.G. Sind Punjab (Ry. terms)			..	..
M.G. Khandesh			..	..
M.G. Akola, Khgm. ..	202	..	..	Jan. 25'16
H.G. Bhangalkote			..	..
H.G. Bijapor4e			..	..
M.G. Khandwa, Sanawad ..			..	..
M.G. Wardha, Hinganghat ..			..	..
M.G. Nagpore			..	..
M.G. Yeotmal			..	..
M.G. Dhamangaum, Pulgam ..			..	..
M.G. Oomrawatee description			..	..
M.G. Akola, Khgm., Fair Staple	189	..	..	Sept. 1915.
Saw Ginned Dharwar			209	Do.
H. G. Western			178	Do.
M.G. Westerns			184	Do.
M.G. Miraj			200	Do.
M.G. Compta			205	Do.
M.G. Bengals	159	..	..	Do.

RECEIPTS OF COTTON AND PRODUCE.

The following are the receipts of Cotton, Wheat and Seeds, by rail and sea into Bombay on 26th July, 1915:—

Cotton	1,612 Bales
Wheat	8,277 cwts.
Linseed	834 "
Rape, Rai and Mustard Seed	3,472 "
Ginjellyseed	602 "
Groundnuts	2,891 "
Castorseed	4,310 "
Rice	1,361 "
Myrabollams	1 653 "
Cottonseed	6,148 "
Mowraseed	103 "
Gram	778 "
Joowar	1,260 "
Maize	29 "
Barley	4,559 "

WHEAT AND SEEDS.

Wheat.

White Pessi 85 p.c. ..... Rs. 6-12, R.D. per cwt
White Delhi ..... Rs. 6-10-3, R.D. per cwt

Linseed.

Ready ..... Rs. 7-13, B.T. per cwt
Forward Sept. ..... Rs. 8-11-6, R.D. per cwt

Rapeseed.

Brown Cawnpore ... Rs. 6-6, B.T. per cwt
Brown Etawah ..... Rs. 6-7 B.T. per cwt
Brown Katni ..... Rs. 7-4, B.T. per cwt
Yellow Gujarat ..... Rs. 7-8, B.T. per cwt

Poppyseed.

Ready ..... Rs. 7-12, R.D. per cwt

Groundnuts.

Bold Rs. 37-8, B.T. per candy

Mowraseed.

Rs. 3-14, R. D. per cwt

Castorseed.

Ready ..... Rs. 6-11, R.D. per cwt

Cottonseed.

Rs. 22, B.T. per candy

Teelseed.

Bold White 85 p.c. Rs. 44, B.T. per candy

354ka.....SB3

EXCHANGE.

We quote:—

Banks' Selling Rates:—

T. T. Ready	1s. 3 27-32d.
D. D. Mail	1s. 3 27-32d.
T. T. Forward	1s. 3 7/8d Sept.

Banks' Buying Rates:—

Credits 3 Months' Sight Ready	1s 4 5-32d.
Do. do. Forward	1s. 4 3-16d. Aug.
Do. 4 Months' Sight Ready	1s. 4 7-32d.
Francs 3 m-s do.	185 nominal
60 d-s Hong-Kong	130½
Do. Shanghai	106
60 d-s Yokohama	151½

BULLION.

	Rs.
English Bar Gold.	24-12-3
Australian Do.	24-5-0
Bombay do.	24-3-0
English Shield Sovereigns	15-12-0
English Dragons	15-2-0
Silver ex-duty Ready	58-4-0

SHARE MARKET.

(From our Correspondent.)

Bombay, July 27.

The Cotton Mill Share Market kept steady to-day a fair amount of business was booked during the course of the day. Tata Iron and Steel shares maintained a firm tone.

In Mill shares for August delivery Davids closed at Rs. 540, Fazulbhai at Rs. 375, Standards at Rs. 910 and Madhavji at Rs. 1,107½.

Swadeshi declined to Rs. 1,400 and Centrals to Rs. 1,805.

Currimbhai moved up to Rs. 190.

Crescent were quoted at Rs. 86¼. Indore Malwas at Rs. 172½ and Indian Dyeing and Bleaching at Rs. 117½.

Bombay Burma Trading shares declined to Rs. 910.

Gujarat Ry. shares were quoted at Rs. 99 x. d. Central Provinces at Rs. 112 x. d. and Amritsar Patti Ry. shares at Rs. 154 c. d.

A lot of Bundi Hydro-Electric Lime and Cement Co. shares changed hands at Rs. 6 1/8.

Bombay Electric Tramway Co. Ordinary shares declined to Rs. 200.

Tata Hydro-Electric Preference shares were quoted at Rs. 1,082½.

Port Cannings declined to Rs. 775.

Tata Iron and Steel Ordinary shares stood steady at Rs. 104 and Deferred at Rs. 200.

GOVERNMENT PAPER.

Business in 3½ per cent G. P. Notes was reported at Rs. 89¾.

4 per cent Port Trust Bonds were placed at Rs. 98.

CALCUTTA SHARE MARKET

(Associated Press.)

CALCUTTA, July 26.

In to-day's Share Market there was nothing of a feature of interest and the market continued almost stagnant in all its branches. Jutes were unaltered but lower and coals attracted very little attention. There was nothing doing in teas. The market gave an impression of suspended animation awaiting developments. The following sales were reported:—

Coal:—Central Dharmaband 13-12; Equitable (ord 27; Raneegunge 23-4.

Jute:—Alliance (ord) 174; Albion (pref) 122; Auckland (ord) 116; Barnagore (ord) 80-8; Clive (ord) 71; Delta (ord) 226; Delta (pref) 104-8; Empire (ord) 12-8; Fort William (ord) 65-8; Hooghly (pre) 12-4; Kankenrrah (ord) 294; Kelwin (ord) 169.

Miscellaneous:—Bukhtiarpur Bihar Railway 99; Burn and Co. 6 per cent. (debs) 106-8; Empire Jute 6 per cent. (debs) 107; India Central (ord) 139.

Government Paper:—Three and a half per cent. was quoted at Rs. 89-10 to 89-12. These rates however, were entirely nominal.

Kasagra does not merely relieve constipation temporarily, but, properly used, will cure the trouble by restoring the normal tonicity of the bowels. D 16

MANUFACTURE OF MILL MATERIALS.

INDIA'S NEED AND FAILURE.

Mr. B. H. Kantawala, Manager Maharajah Mills, Barod lecturing before the Indian Guild of Science at Prarthana Samaj on Friday last on "Industries Allied to Textiles" said that his only claim to make a few observations on the subject was that he had personally interested himself in the problem of manufacturing mill materials and that while in England and on the Continent he had tried his best to obtain and gather together any information he could secure after visits to several factories. The subject of his lecture practically meant a consideration of the manufacture of mill stores. Ever since the outbreak of war in Europe the great question before the Indian mill-owners was how to obtain mill stores at reasonable rates. One could safely say that the importation of mill stores from Europe has been practically nil during the last eight months and we are now gradually awakening to the fact that many of these mill supplies ought to have been produced in India if the Indian Textile Industry was not permanently to depend upon Europe for its sinews of work. We all know how very high the prices of these mill stores have gone up now, the increase in mag-chloride being 1300 per cent.

Necessarily such enhanced rates increase the cost of production and some mills have necessarily to run at a loss. It will be clear to the most elementary students of Textiles that we cannot spin our yarn without roller skins or spindles or weave our cloth without shuttles or helds or reeds, or that no factory can be run without beltings or ropes, unless we have the individual system of electric motors, but even in that case we have the question of secondary driving and that requiries the use of belts, ropes and chains.

Now, can any one cite an example where any manufacturer took the trouble of erecting a factory for belting materials? We had one factory but one only which tried to produce belting but it suffered from the fault of many Indian factories, which consists in attempting the manufacture of so many things at one time. This factory at present undertakes the manufacture of all leather goods and none of them are of the required quality. Specializing in manufacture is absolutely necessary in these industries.

Let us for our purposes divide mill store which we require into main groups as follows:—(a) Iron work (b) wood work, (c) Chemical products and sizing materials (d) leather goods and (e) sundry articles. It may not be possible for us to manufacture Iron work like brackets, studs, wheels etc., but one does not understand why the manufacture of nails screws, bolts, washers and nuts should not be possible if an organised effort is made in that direction. Our inability to produce the wood work required is however very surprising. We have no excuse but that of want of initiative and lack of co-operation to make, when we notice we have not done what Japan began to do very recently. Here in India, we have more than 300 mills and not a single factory for the production of bobbins. Japan has only 34 mills and has a first class bobbin factory which supplies generally the wants of these mills. We had a factory in Surat which ceased working after a sad history. Yet there is no reason why the manufacture of bobbins and shuttles should not succeed on a co-operative basis here. The most important of the Mill stores are, for our purposes, chemical products and sizing materials. Germany as you know has taken the lead in supplying the whole world in this branch and now that supply is stopped, the case of India is pitiful indeed. It is even hard for England to produce the necessary dye stuffs though of course she is making great efforts to supply the want. Will it not be possible for the Government of India to follow the Government in England and make efforts to float in India a dye stuff Company with a capital of about two crores the Government subscribing one-third of the sum? Apart from this we have in India natural dye stuffs which can produce very beautiful and lasting shades and at the present time there is no reason why mill owners should not make a joint effort to utilize them on a larger scale.

The lecturer then passed under review each of the sizing materials which he had brought with him for exhibition and closed his address with an earnest appeal to mill owners to start co-operative concerns for the production of sizing materials to meet their own wants. Prof. Mehd of the St. Xavier College, who had been to England to study tanning, warmly welcomed the suggestion and gave his experiences in the manufacture of leather goods in India and Mr. Role of the Murarji Mills, who was for many years a student at the Manchester School Technology closed the proceedings cordially thanking the lecturer for his painstaking address and hoped that he would convert the mill owners to his point of view and make them realise the urgent necessity of co-operation."

EXPORTS FROM BUSRA.

RESTRICTIONS REMOVED.

(Associated Press.)

KARACHI, July 26.

The Military Governor of Busra notifies that the Proclamation of the 29th March restricting the export of goods is cancelled. Goods may now be exported from Busra freely both by land and water in any direction.

THE MARWARI COMMUNITY.

To the Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—Sometime back there appeared a letter in some of the local newspapers purporting to be written by a "Marwari Law Student" who made an attempt therein to explain the true significance of the word "Marwari." I whole-heartedly endorse the student's views and am glad to learn that the Marwari youths have become alive to the injustice of the vulgar remarks occasionally levelled at them, and that they have undertaken to rescue their fair name from every aspersion at all costs. I wish them all success in their laudable endeavours.

I have myself heard people in the street as well as on the stage handling the Marwari's theme in a most objectionable manner, and I am informed that such is also the case in the schoolroom and on the public platform. The elderly section of the community have treated such insinuation, hitherto with supreme contempt, but their inactivity and indifference encourages instead of discouraging the mischief-mongers. It is well that the rising generation has felt the insult to the core. It is a sure sign of certain progress. It is the duty of the Press to give them every encouragement.

It is, indeed, very difficult to understand why the Marwari should be chosen as the butt of all redicule, and be subject to all hostile criticism. Apart from the reasons given by the student I do not see any other to account for this, unless their peace-loving, business-like and law-abiding disposition be one, and I sometimes begin to think so; for:

"Where wealth and prosperity reign contentment fails;
And honour sinks where business long prevails."

Otherwise why should the Marwari be everywhere molested by every two-penny half-penny fellow?

The Marwari is often familiarly explained to an Englishman as the Indian "Jew." This again is a gross slander since neither community consists wholly of money-lenders which fact might be the common ground of their comparison. On the contrary, such a section is comparatively a very small one in both. But even supposing that both the communities principally carry on the money-lending business which however, many others do beside them, why should rational people condemn them for it. I presume that no one who is acquainted with the history of Political Economy will do it. We should not entertain medieval ideas at this stage. It is accepted on all hands that, as long as the institution of private property is allowed, money may produce money, in other words, there may be interest; and where there is risk the interest is heavy in proportion. If the transactions appear unconscionable it is the duty of the Government to find out a legal remedy. When all is said, it must be admitted that rational money-lenders are a prop of the country. And yet we are acquainted with the familiar and tragic picture of the medieval Jew who had to suffer so much for no fault of his. If history does not teach you that it teaches you nothing. The Renaissance gave us the two aspects of the Jew, one the popular but an unjust aspect given by Marlowe, and the other a humanitarian and real one presented by Shakespeare. The one pandered to the vices of the people and the other was meant to uproot them. If people have not improved by the example, and do not perceive the difference which is as clear as daylight, civilization is a mere name.

However, the Marwaris must on their own account make their weight and influence felt in the political world. Let us hope that increasing education will open their eyes to the present doubtful political position they occupy in this country. The Marwaris also need a thorough social reform for whtch they must set themselves working in earnest now.—Yours, etc.

A MARWARI ONLOOKER.

ALLEGED CHEQUE FORGERY.

RANEE'S DAUGHTER COMPLAINANT.

(Associated Press.)

MADRAS, July 27.

In the case in which one Kristnama Charlu was charged on the complaint of the daughter of the Ranee of South Vallur, with forging her name to a registered acknowledgement and receiving a cheque for Rs. 1,500, which he afterwards cashed at the Madras Bank. The prosecution examined the Postal peon of the Cathedral Post Office, who identified the accused as the person who took charge of the registered cover from him and brought it back with a signature alleged to be that of the Ranee's daughter. One of the Ranee's servants was then examined and stated that he had never seen the accused in the Ranee's house either before or about the time of the alleged occurrence.

The case stands adjourned to 6th August for the examination of the complainant, which will take place at her residence.

PROSECUTION UNDER ARMS ACT.

RETRIAL OF ACCUSED.

(News Bureau.)

CALCUTTA, July 26.

At the Kyd Street Police Court, to-day the trial was taken up of Hari Das Dutt who was alleged to have been found in possession of 21,200 rounds of cartridges for mauser pistols, stolen from R. B. Rodda & Co. in October 1914.

It may be remembered that the accused was discharged by Mr. Keys, Chief Presidency Magistrate, but the Crown moved the High Court for a retial.

Mr. Bagram, Counsel, prosecuted and the accused was defended by Babu Santosh Kumar Bose, vakil.

After some preliminary evidence was recorded, the case was adjourned to Wednesday.

A very successful concert took place at the Baldwin Boys School, Bangalore on Sunday evening in aid of the Belgian Babies Fund.

SHIPPING.

ARRIVALS

July 26th.

Elgin	Potts	Moulmein

July 27th.

Fultala	Cave	Colombo

DEPARTURES.

July 27th.

Olympia	Andrew	Liverpool
Yamato Maru	Ruha	Kobe
Roma	Caglioo	Genoa
Luzon Maru	Miyata	Kobe

Tuesday, July 27th, 1915.

S. S. Elgin:—The steamer Elgin 2,442 tons, Captain G. Potts, arrived here on Monday evening from Moulmein, which port she port she left on the 12th instant, with a cargo of rice and timber.

S. S. Fultala:—The steamer Fultala, 2,702 tons, Captain G. Cave, arrived here yesterday from Colombo, which port she left on the 23rd instant, with a general cargo on board.

S. S. Luzon Maru:—The steamer Luzon Maru 2,968 tons, Captain T. Miyata, sailed yesterday for Kobe, with a general cargo.

PRINCE'S DOCK.

D.E. Roumelian	Dolg	K. N. & Co
H. Linga	Cutbush	M. M. & Co
K. Tregurno	Humphreys	D. Nanji & Sons
N. Rosemoor	Tippet	J. Finlay & Co
P. Westfield	Jones	J. Finlay & Co

HARBOUR WALL.

Irrawadi		K. N. & Co
Indravati		K. N. & Co

VICTORIA DOCK.

3 ClanMacfarlene	Swanton	J. Finlay & Co
4 Bushu Maru	Ito	K. N. & Co
6 Bahrein	Boulen	T. M. & Co
8 Crewe Hall	Jones	K. N. & Co
9 Chakdara	Livingstone	M. M. & Co
10 City of Vienna	Field	K. N. & Co
14 Lhasa	King	M. M. & Co
15 Dwarka	Prince	M. M. & Co

ALEXANDRA DOCK.

5 Niritas	Deocanty	D. Nanjee & Sons
6 Culna	Davies	M. M. & Co

VESSELS IN THE STREAM.

Clan Macaulay	Waterhouse	T. M. & Co
Elgin	Potts	—
Fultala	Cave	—
Islami	Watson	T. M. & Co
Kaesra	Gulliver	M. M. & Co
Priestfield	Balls	—
Palamcotta	Downing	M. M. & Co

EXPORTS.

July 27.

FOR LIVERPOOL.

Roumelian (s) 8 bales wool, R. Agarchand; 16 bales wool, R. Bachraji; 12 bales wool, V. Omersee; 43 bales wool, B. Valabdas; 1 bale wool, K. Moolchand.

Natal Transport (s) 175 bales wool raw, H. E. G. Mahomed and Sons; 36 bales wool raw, E. Mahomed; 1,522 bales cotton By. H. E. Bode and Sons; 18 bales cotton waste, H. E. Bode and Sons; 9,632 cwts. myrabolams, P. Mathurudas and Co.; 1,950 cwts. myrabolams, S. Cooverji and Co.; 4,814 cwts. myrabolams, D. Veiji.

FOR HULL OR MIDDLESBOROUGH.

Priestfield (s) 2,500 tons manganese ore, Turner Morrison and Co.

FOR MARSEILLES.

Bawean (s) 1,965 cwts. groundnuts, John Fachiri; 6,003 cwts. groundnuts, E. D. Sassoon and Co.; 100 cwts. mustard seed, John Fachiri; 2,000 cwts. linseed, K. Devchand and Co.; 5,000 cwts. castor seed, E. D. Sassoon and Co.; 1,071 cwts. lentils, John Fachiri.

FOR HULL.

Tregurno (s) 9,840 cwts. wheat, Ralli Brothers; 500 cwts. myrabolams, A. Mahadeo.

FOR GENOA.

Niritos (s) 2,000 cwts. rape seed, John Fachiri; 1,001 cwts. linseed, C. Boggiano and Co.

FOR KOBE.

Luzon Maru (s) 85 bales cotton, M. B. Kaisha.

IMPORTS.

S. S. Clan Macaulay from Delagoa Bay, Agents Turner Morrison and Co.—3,406 tons coal.

FAMINE RELIEF IN EASTERN BENGAL.

(Associated Press.)

CALCUTTA, July, 24.

The report published by the Ramkrishna Mission on the famine relief work in Eastern Bengal shows that parts of the affected area are now in a better state than before. This mission has opened eight centres in Tipperah district, covering three hundred and one villages and giving relief to 4,575 persons.

In Noakhali district it has got three centres covering 144 villages and giving relief to 2,203 persons. The mission will shortly close five centres in Tipperah, as the people there are harvesting the "Aus" crop and only two or three families in each village are helpless, but they will be locally helped by their more fortunate neighbours.

At the request of the magistrate the Mission will open new centres in Noakhali and will continue the work in that district from three to four weeks. The report says, there has not been a single case of death or theft since the Mission commenced work in Habiganj, previous to that cases of theft were numerous.

The Government of Bengal are taking vigorous steps for the amelioration of distress in the affected areas in Eastern Bengal and a contribution of Rs. 1,25,000 was made on the 21st to the Commissioner of the Chittagong Division towards agricultural loans.

NEEDS OF COORG LAND-HOLDERS.

COMMISSIONER PROMISES SYMPATHETIC CONSIDERATION.

(News Bureau.)

MADRAS, July 27.

The two resolutions which were passed by the Coorg Land-holders' Association at its annual meeting were pressed on Government's attention by the Deputation which waited on the Commissioner of Coorg, who received it kindly. The educational needs of Coorg were pressed and the Commissioner promised a sympathetic consideration. He expressed full sympathy with the idea of forming a new. Agricultural Department before the deputation returned. He said that such meetings are calculated to remove many misunderstandings and tend to promote better relations between the Government and the governed and he hoped that they would be of frequent occurrence.

At a meeting of the Hindu citizens of Lucknow it was decided to start a Hindu industrial school to provide subsistence for poor Hindus of respectable families, who cannot benefit from the advantages of secular education and were not inclined to do menial work.

BOMBAY CITY AND SUBURBS.

LOCAL ENGAGEMENTS.

TO-DAY.

Bombay Gymkhana Mud Sports, 5-30 p.m.
Municipal Standing Committee, 4-10 p.m.

THURSDAY, July 29.

Municipal Corporation.
West of India Angling Association, Annual General Meeting, Mr. Adamson's Flat, Forbes Building, Home Street 6-30 p.m.
Parsi Writers' Association; Lecture by Mr. K. M. Jhaveri, M.A., LL.B. on "The Beginning of Modern Gujarati Literature," Bai Bhicaiji Bengali School, Fort, 6-15 p.m.
H. E. the Governor and Lady Willingdon at Pandharpur.

SATURDAY, July 31.

Cricket: Bombay Gymkhana v. Parsi Gymkhana.
Poona Races: First Extra Meeting.

DAILY.

New Alexandra Cinema, Crawford Market, 7, 8-45 and 10-30 p.m.
Excelsior Theatre of Varieties, 6 and 9-30 p.m.
Imperial Cinematograph, Charni Road, 7 to 8-45 and 10-30 p.m.
Palace of Varieties, Gaiety Theatre, 6-30 and 10 p.m.

Domestic Occurrences.

BIRTH.

BOYD—On the 22nd June at 89, Victoria Drive, Eastbourne, the wife of Charles C. Boyd, Indian Civil Service, of a son.

MARRIAGES.

HALTON—RANDOLPH-MORRIS—On the 22nd July, 1915 at St. Mark's Church, Bangalore, by the Bishop of Madras, assisted by the Rev. Dr. Borlase, Chaplain of St. Mark's, Major Eldred Charles Halton, 2nd Loyal North Lancashire Regiment, to Muriel Camroux, only daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Randolph Morris, of Attikan Estate, South India.

BORTON—LOCKHART—On the 23rd June, 1915, at All Saints' Church Norfolk Square, W., by the Rev. Willam Boyd, Arthur Drummond Borton, King's Royal Rifles, elder son of Lieut.-Colonel Borton, of Cheveney, Hunton, to Lorna Stewart, elder daughter of Robert Stewart Lockhart, of Huthwa, Bengal.

DEATHS.

JENNINGS—On the 23rd June 1915, at 1, Hyde Park Terrace, W., Suzanne, infant daughter of Major and Mrs. J. G. Jennings, aged 2 months.

CAMPBELL—At Berhampore, Bengal, on July 22nd Fanny August, widow of the late William Campbell, of Murcheerrie, Mozaffernore District, aged 72.

CLARKE—On the 22nd July, of enteric Ehme Leilah, the dearly loved daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Clarke, Hewett Kshatriya High School, Benares.

CRONAN—On the 20th July, at Ranchi, George Hamilton Cronan, son of Thomas and Marian Cronan, aged 54 years and 8 months. Deeply regretted and sadly missed by one and all. (Madras and English papers please copy.)

VANCULENBURG—On the 12th July, at Bareilly of capillary bronchitis, Charles William Vanculenburg, aged 33 years and 6 months Deeply regretted by all who knew him. Inserted by his friends near and dear to him. (Madras papers please copy.)

BOMBAY LIGHT HORSE.

Squadron Orders by Lieut-Colonel Stanley Reed, A.D.C., Commanding.

July 28.

COMMANDING OFFICER'S PARADE.

1. There will be a Commanding Officers Parade at the Church Gate Sands at 7-15 a.m. (punctually) to-morrow Thursday morning the 29th inst. (weather permitting) Dress Khaki shirts, Regimental Saddles and bridles.

INSTRUCTIONAL PARADE FOR TROOPS LEADERS AND N. C. OFFICERS.

2. There will be a dismounted parade on Friday morning next, the 30th inst. at the Corps Headquarters, Council Road at 7-15 a.m. for Troop leaders and N.C. Officers. Dress.—Khaki shirts, swords slung on the waist belt.

ENROLMENTS.

3. The following having joined is taken on the strength and posted to "B" Troop—Mr. Joseph A. Kay.
4. Mr. James Macphail having rejoined is taken on the strength and posted to "D" Troop.

LEAVE.

5. The undermentioned member is granted leave out of Bombay:—
Trooper R. Todd, from 31st July to 1st September 1915.

NOTICE.

6. Two Cups have been presented for half section tent-pegging. The competition will be run off at the Mud Sports meetings by the kind permission of the Honorary Secretaries, and will consist of the best of a series of runs. The first competition will be on August 4th.

A. KIRKE-SMITH, 2nd Lieut.,
Actg. Adjutant, Bombay Light Horse.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER ARTILLERY.

Corps Orders by Lieut.-Col. J. W. Hawes, V.D., Commanding B. V. A.

Colaba July 27.

749 Warrants. Railway Warrants Nos. 81 and 82 were issued to Corpl. Englekon and Escort proceeding to Poona with prisoner, and return on completion of duty.

751 Enrolments.—The undermentioned having enrolled are taken on the strength of the Corps as stated:—
No. 1726 Gunner W. W. Brinklow to "B" Sub-Section No. 1 Company, from 19/7/15.
No. 240 Sapper J. Clarke to E. E. Coy. from 28/7/15.

(Sd.) R. C. D. GRAHAM, Cap., R.A.,
Adjutant, Bombay Volunteer Artillery.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER RIFLES.

Regimental Orders by Lieut-Colonel P. R. Cadell, C.I.E., Commanding.

July 28.

154. Guards—The following is a detail of Guard Duties during July. Companies will parade at Headquarters at 6-45 p.m. Dress—Drill Order, with helmets, Haversacks and Waterbottles.
3 days 25th to 27th July, "A" Coy, 1 N.C. Officer and 4 men per day.
4 days 28th to 31st July, "E" Coy. 1 N.C. Officer and 4 men per day.

MONDAYS.

146 Parades—"G" Coy. at 7-15 a.m. at the Gymkhana. All Section with Arms-Musketry.
"G" Coy Recruits at 7-15 a.m. at the Gymkhana.
"A" Coy Recruits will parade until further notice at Headquarters at 8 a.m. from 2nd proximo.
"D" Coy will parade at 7 a.m. at the Telegraph quarters.

TUESDAYS.

"A" Coy will parade until further notice at 6-30 p.m. at Headquarters from 1st proximo.

WEDNESDAYS.

"C" "D", "E" and "F" Cos. Recruits at Headquarters at 6-15 p.m.

THURSDAYS.

"G" Company, at 7-15 a.m. at the Gymkhana. All Sections with arms-musketry
"G" Company Recruits at 7-15 a.m. at the Gymkhana.
"F" Company, Nos. 1 and 4 Sections at 6-15 p.m., at Headquarters until further orders.

FRIDAYS.

"G" and "E" Cos. Recruits at Headquarters at 7-15 a.m.
"B" Coy Recruits at Headquarters at 7-30 a.m.
"B" Coy at Headquarters at 7-15 a.m. Dress—Drill Order, Khaki, soft shoes if weather is wet.
"A" Coy Recruits will parade until further notice at 8 a.m. at Headquarters from 2nd proximo.

(Sd.) N. B. KINNEAR, Lieut.,
Adjutant, Bombay Vounteer Rifles.

BAND AT THE BOMBAY GYMKHANA.

By kind permission of Colonel T. W. Bonner, V.D. and Officers, the Band of the 1st Battn., G. I. P. Ry. Volunteers will play this evening the following programme of music, under the direction of Mr. Hugh. R. Mitchell, Band Master, commencing at 6-15 p.m.

March—Lee Reve Passe ..... Krier
Three Dances from Nell Gwyn (1) Country Dance (2) Pastoral Dance (3) Merrymakers Dance ..... German
Valse—For Valour ..... Arnolfo.
Selection—Cavalleria Rusticana ... Mascagni
Intermezzo—A Summer's Morn ..... Haines
Selection—The Passing Show of 1914 Finck

THE LATE CAPT. W. L. GRAHAM.

The body of the late Captain W. L. Graham is being conveyed to Scotland by an Anchor Line steamer which sailed yesterday.

A LOITERER ARRESTED AND FOUND WITH MONEY.

On last Sunday night, police constable, Mahomed Hussein, No. 34 of the B. B. & C. I. Railway found that a Mahomedan, Abdul Raheman, was loitering on the Grant Road Station in the passenger shed and after a time talking with two other persons. When he searched them one of them was found to be in possession of Rs. 3,021 and as they could not account for this the police constable arrested them all. The two other men were known by the names of Prabhu Jethram and Chaganlal Bejulal, and they had with them a railway receipt for 244 bags of linseed despatched from Peptia to Bombay. Superintendent Walker found on enquiry that the money was received from one Jethamal Maharamdas of Kalbadevi as advance payment against 381 bags of linseed. It was ascertained that the Railway Receipt was given to Jethamal by Parbhoo and was a forgery.

The Police are making further enquiries into the matter.

WOMEN'S WORK FOR SOLDIERS.

TO THE EDITOR OF "THE CHRONICLE."

SIR,—Referring to the letter written by "A Mere Man" that appeared in your issue of the 22nd instant and that of your evening contemporary of the 21st idem it does not appear that your correspondent has made any enquiry as to the reason for the shortage of women workers, nor does he suggest any means for improving the present state of things. He has apparently subscribed liberally to the "Women's Branch of the Bombay War Relief Fund," and read its "Progress Report" perhaps in his easy chair, and finding that at least "Twice the number of workers is needed," he jumps up and is determined to let the world know what he has done and how he is affected by the report, for he writes at once to two local dailies and perhaps to a third and finishes by trying to be funny. As cause and effect regulate everything in this world there must be a reason for this shortage of women workers. May not one of the reasons be the fact that while the "Women's Branch of the Bombay War Relief Fund is conveniently situated for residents in the Fort, Colaba Causeway, Apollo Bunder and the Reclamation or the Cuff Parade, it is very seriously distant for others who reside at Byculla, Grant Road, Chawpati, Mazagon, Chicpokli, and Parel who, while willing to spare time and labour from their manifold household duties, are unable to meet the expense of going such a long distance in these days when living is so dear. There are many patriotic persons who placed their Motor Cars at the disposal of the authorities concerned and a Motor Service was framed to help in different ways. If this is so might I suggest that one or two motors or private conveyances be sent round to bring those who reside at a distance and take them home again. If this is possible a notification to that effect through the medium of your and other papers may be possible and intending workers be asked to send in their names and addresses. I think this suggestion may at least be tried.—Yours, etc:

A PRACTICAL MAN.

LORD AND LADY WILLINGDON AT HYDERABAD.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

SECUNDERABAD, July 27.

Hyderabad City and environs yesterday. Lady Willingdon subsequently received several prominent ladies of Hyderabad in purdah. His Excellency exchanged visits with H. H. the Nizam in the afternoon. This morning their Excellencies attended a cheetah hunt and enjoyed good sport.

THE SALVATION ARMY.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

BANGALORE, July 26.

The Commissioner and Mrs. Booth Tucker who are attending the social conference of the Salvation Army officers at Wellington will arrive a Bangalore, on Sunday morning staying till Monday evening, when they will deliver lectures on Salvation Army work for the settlement of criminal and depressed classes.

BOMBAY PORT TRUST.

STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURE.

The Trustees at their Meeting yesterday considered the Chief Accountant's Statement of Receipts and Expenditure for the year ended 31st March 1915.

The Budget Estimates for the year under review provided for a deficit of Rs. 13.08 lakhs and in spite of the dislocation of trade caused by the War the actual deficit was only Rs. 16.22 lakhs or Rs. 3.14 lakhs in excess of the Estimates. The Receipts do not include revenue on War Account outstanding at the close of the year and amounting to approximately Rs. 2 lakhs.

The deficit will be met from the Revenue Reserve Fund specially accumulated to meet the temporary deficits anticipated for the first few years the New Dock and Port Trust Railway became available for traffic. This Fund, with the addition of the Revenue Surplus for the year 1913/14 amounts to Rs. 105.58 lakhs and after deducting the deficit of Rs. 16.22 lakhs above referred to, and withdrawing Rs. 2.70 lakhs to meet expenditure incurred on Special Works in connection with the Temporary Cotton Depot at Mazagon and relaying of Sidings inside the Prince's and Victoria Docks, the balance of the Revenue Reserve Fund will amount to Rs. 86.66 lakhs.

BOMBAY SANITARY ASSOCIATION.

SANITATION AMONGST PILGRIMS AT PANDHARPUR.

With a view to spreading sanitary knowledge amongst the Pilgrims &c., at Pandharpur, the Bombay Sanitary Association organised three lectures illustrated by Magic Lantern Slides during the last Ashadi fair on cholera, malaria and tuberculosis at different places in Pandharpur. These lectures were delivered by Dr. M. G. Kintikar, L. M. and in Marathi.

Leaflets in Marathi on "Cholera" and other diseases were freely distributed amongst the pilgrims.

The organisation of these Magic Lantern lectures &c., was undertaken by Rao Saheb A. K. Pai, and other members of the Hindu Division of St. John Ambulance Brigade who went there for First Aid service during the fair.

ATTACK ON A REVENUE INSPECTOR.

RETRIAL ORDERED IN APPEAL.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

MADRAS, July 27.

Justices Ayling and Tyabji delivered judgment yesterday in a criminal appeal preferred by Kattaigadu and two others, against the conviction and sentence by the Sessions Judge of North Arcot of transportation for ten years passed on the first accused and transportation for seven years on each of the other accused, for offences of robbery and causing grievous hurt with a dangerous weapon.

The case for the prosecution was that accused, who were servants of a wealthy landlord, waylaid and stabbled with a knife a Mahomedan revenue inspector, who was on his way to attach the properties of their master for arrears of revenue due. The attack was of such severity that the revenue inspector was a patient in the hospital for more than four months.

Their Lordships directed a retrial of the accused by the Sessions Judge of Chingleput.

SEQUEL TO A CONVERSION.

DISSOLUTION OF MARRIAGE WITH BRAHMIN WIFE.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

MADRAS, July 27.

On the 20th instant at Calicut, Mr. L. Edgington, I.C.S., District and Sessions Judge, heard the petition put in by a Brahmin convert, Mr. A. Kesava Sarma, M.A., who was for some time Logic Lecturer in the Wesley College, Madras, and who is at present Lecturer in the Agra College, for a dissolution of his marriage with his Brahmin wife. Mr. Sarma requested the court either to order his wife to accompany him or to grant a dissolution of marriage in his favour. As the Brahmin wife pleaded her unwillingness to live with her husband, the Judge decreed in favour of Mr. Sarma and directed him, to pay Rs. 15 a month towards her maintenance.

THE ZAMORIN OF CALICUT.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

CALICUT, July 27.

On the application of the Zamorin to the Court of Wards the taking over of the management of his estate for a period of twelve years has been sanctioned by the Government and the Court of Wards will assume the management of the estate from 17th September next. It is understood that after handing over the management of his estate the Zamorin will visit most of the holy places in India.

NO ITALIAN MAILS.

The Postal authorities notify for public information that no mails from Italy were received by the Inward English Mail steamer Khiva which arrived on Monday evening.

BANK OF MADRAS RATE.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

MADRAS, July 27.

The Bank of Madras rate of interest remains unchanged.

ECCLESIASTICAL SCANDALS.

TO THE EDITOR OF "THE CHRONICLE."

SIR,—The letter of your correspondent, "An Indian Christian," in which he refers to another of your correspondents, J. Mackwan, makes it more than clear that Bombay ecclesiastical affairs are of no interest to the Local Government, nor yet to the Imperial Government. Your leader of the 25th January last disclosed a state of things that has apparently produced no effect on the Government, who have, it is rumoured, declared that his Lordship the Bishop of Bombay is not under its jurisdiction and that therefore it is unable to interpose. Like myself, there must be others who are astounded by that declaration, if it has been made, but which I hope is not misrepresented. Mr. Mackwan's suggestion that legal proceedings should be adopted against the Bishop is worthy of consideration; but if Government has no jurisdiction in such a terribly scandalous state of things, it becomes a matter of deep consideration whether the Courts would not be likely to arrive at the same decision, that law and justice cannot be put into operation to protect the subjects of the Crown against ecclesiastical enormities. The findings in the celebrated Bannister Case, which engaged the attention of the highest Courts of Justice in the Realm three or four years ago, (the constituents of which were precisely the same as those you have exposed.) were all at one against the Bishop of Norwich and his subordinate clergy, who were made to confirm to the law and administer to Mr. and Mrs. Bannister the rites which they had the temerity to withhold; but though the point in issue has been so authoritatively adjudicated, the local Bishop has ignored those findings, and has not only impugned the law by his action, but has set it aggressively at defiance, and in so doing the Local Government's insouciance may be taken to be that it has set its seal of approval on his unlawful conduct. This state of the facts has become markedly incomprehensible, in that Lord Willingdon is a Churchman, who holds a high place in the estimation and respect of the Anglican community. Surely, there are occasions on which the Governor's authority is put into motion by writings in the public press, and unless it be that your article and the correspondence which followed it have not come under his Excellncy's notice, it seems extraordinary that an ecclesiastical campaign which has for its palpable purpose the slaughter of souls, should be of less importance than any ordinary case of attempt at homicide would be. The aggrieved party of your article may feel so violent a contempt for the Bishop and his clergy that he is disinclined to incur the worry, annoyance and expense of adopting the legal procedure necessary to vindicate his rights, and if adjudicated in his favour, of accepting the rites to which he is entitled at the hands of the local clergy who, as impugnees of the King's supremacy, are undoubtedly *functus officio*, and unable, with any claim to ecclesiastical dignity, to confer the rights of the Church on its followers. Investing those rites with the solemnity that attaches to them. The individual view in this respect of that party, does not, however, affect the situation of others who have been otherwise lawlessly treated, and in any event, it is a matter of serious consequence to the community that the Church which claims to be established by law should, in the Governmental aspect, be free of, or without, the law. It may be that the multifarious duties which engage your time and attention, have perhaps caused you to lose sight of your excellent article on the subject referred to herein and probably the silence or inactivity of the Government has not engaged your mind. I therefore take the liberty of bringing the matter prominently to your notice in the hope that you may find time to call upon Government for an expression of its views for the information of the public.—Yours, etc.,

CHURCHMAN.

DISTRESS IN EASTERN BENGAL.

(NEW BUREAU.)

CALCUTTA, July 27.

At yesterday's meeting of the Bengal Legislative Council, in reply to several questions by the non-official members regarding the distress in Eastern Bengal, Mr. Beatson Bell on behalf of the Government made a statement, pointing out that the main cause was the destruction of the Winter rice crop and the loss of cash to cultivators amounting to several crores. He said that the collapse of jute sale was due to the war. As prices of food did not rise for the last three years the condition of distress was far from justifying a declaration of famine.

Mr. Bell announced that the Government help in the form of gratuitous relief and loans has been increased three times more than what was originally announced. Mr. Bell gave a detailed account of the relief operations, and mentioned the amount given towards relief. In conclusion, he said there were distinct signs of improvement.

RELIEF OF FAMINE STRICKEN AREAS.

(NEWS BUREAU.)

CALCUTTA, July 26.

An informal Conference was held in the British Indian Association, this evening, attended by leading Bengal zemindars, to formulate a scheme for affording prompt relief to the famine-stricken areas in Eastern Bengal. No definite scheme was formulated, in view of the Government statement at the Bengal Legislative Council to-day at Dacca, which was awaited, but did not reach the conference.

Certains records which were missing from the District Traffic Superintendent's and the Assistant Engineer's offices, Waltair, sometime ago were recently traced by the local police and recovered from a sweet-meat shop. The shopkeeper in the course of investigation gave out that they were sold to him by certain persons whom he identified. They are now in custody.

BELLARY DISTRICT CONFERENCE.

THE MAHARAJA OF GAEKWAR'S VISIT

(NEWS BUREAU.)

MADRAS, July 26.

An interesting incident took place yesterday afternoon during the session of the Bellary District Conference when the Gaekwar of Baroda and the Maharanee, accompanied by Dewan Madhava Row, who happened to pass through Hospet to visit the ruins at Hampi, paid a visit to the conference. After half an hour's stay their Highnesses left the meeting.

The President in well-coming his Highness referred to the progress of the Baroda State.

His Highness in reply said: "When I was asked by one of your friends that I should visit your conference I had not the least conception that some congratulatory words would be addressed to me regarding Baroda and its administration. I came to see Hampi and not to speak at any political meeting. I came here out of curiosity to witness your proceedings. It will not be fair or prudent for me to express any opinion on matters that you are engaged in discussing at your conference. I wish to return our thanks for your kind welcome to us.

The Gaekwar and the Maharanee then motored to the Hampy ruins where their Highnesses were met by Mr. Saldanha, Revenue and Divisional Officer-in-Charge and conducted over the various places of interest in the old capital of the Vizayanagram kingdom. Their Highnesses returned in the evening after inspecting the ruins and left for Poona by special train.

BANGALORE ITEMS.

(NEWS BUREAU.)

BANGALORE, July 27.

Under the Charity Fund the Mysore Government have sanctioned nearly Rs. 30,000 for Foreign scholarships this year. Besides the three scholarships already sanctioned, three more are granted this year.

Lieut.-Col. A. A. Jones, Military Secretary to H. H. the Maharajah of Mysore, has been granted privilege leave for ten days.

The death has been announced at Percy Court, Boscombe, Hants, of Letitia Lydia (Didetty), widow of the late Mr. W. L. Rickets, formerly Inspector-General of Forests, Mysore.

THE WAR ANNIVERSARY.

Arrangements are being made here for celebrating the 4th of August anniversary of the war. A public meeting has been arranged to take place. The Civil and Military Station Fete in aid of the Red Cross Fund has also been arranged for that day. The Indian stall at the Fete is expected to be of special interest. There will be curio specimens from all parts of India and a special exhibition of brass and clay figures.

THE LATE "SHAN" FERGUSON.

Much sympathy is felt here for Mr. and Mrs. Ferguson at the death of their son, Andrew (Shan) Ferguson. He left Bangalore in perfect health only a few days after the close of the Bangalore races. Mr. and Mrs. Fergusson heard of the death on their way up to Poona at Belgaum. They are returning to-day.

AN ENGINEER'S TWO WIVES.

ASSIGNMENT OF A POLICY.

(NEWS BUREAU.)

CALCUTTA, July 27.

At the High Court to-day before Justice Imam, an application was made on behalf of Mr. A. C. Mookerjee, an engineer in the United Provinces, for an order that he might withdraw about Rs. 9,000, being the proceeds of a life policy in the hands of the Phoenix Assurance Co., Ltd., and that he might be appointed the guardian of the minor Nundo Kumar Mookerjee. While in Burma as Assistant Engineer the petitioner married a Burmese lady and had two children by her, Undo Kumar being one of them. The petitioner assigned the life policy to those children and subsequently married a Hindu wife. He now wanted to withdraw the proceeds of the policy, the Burmese wife having given consent to the petition.

The Court dispensed with the service of notices on the two wives, but directed the notice to be placed in the Court house and the residence of the minor.

The application would be heard on Wednesday week.

CLEVER POSTAL FRAUD.

TRADER'S CONVICTION UPHELD.

(NEWS BUREAU.)

CALCUTTA, July 27.

At the High Court to-day Justices Sharfuddin and Chapman disposed of an appeal preferred by Abdul Aziz, trader of Sandwip, who had been convicted of abetment of cheating, and sentenced to five years' rigorous imprisonment and a fine of Rs. 3,400. The applicant in conspiracy with a postal peon attached to Sandwip post office, used to send in postal bags money order forms to merchants in Calcutta and Chittagong. Sums thus delivered were deposited to the credit of the appellant, who used to get goods from them. In this way large sums of money were deposited to the credit of the appellant.

Their Lordships affirmed the conviction and sentence of imprisonment, but the fine was reduced to Rs. 1,500.

A contingent of Italian conscripts numbering about a dozen passed through Bangalore on Sunday night from the Kolar Gold Fields en route to Italy to join their colours for service at the front. They were seen off as far as Bangalore by an enthusiastic party of compatriots who are themselves hoping to be called up.

CRICKET IN BOMBAY.

B.B. AND C.I.RY. C.C. V. HINDU GYMKHANA

This match was played on Saturday on the Kennedy Sea Face, the result being a draw.
Scores:—

HINDU GYMKHANA.

S. M. Dalvi 0; B. A. Dalvi 1; Diveker run out 24; Kantak 21; Kaikini 4; Swami 2; B. K. Dalvi 5; V. D. Pai 17; R. V. Kothare (not out) 20; M. H. Rana, G. H. Bhatodeker, (did not bat); extras 17. Total 127.

B. B. & C. I. RY. C C

Antia (jr) 6; D. K. Telang 27; Love Joy 4; P. Vishnala 15; Renmie, Date, Robinson, Warden, Antia (sr), Baloo, Medley, (did not bat); extras 4. Total (for 3 wickets) 56.

HINDU GYMKHANA V P.Y.C. HINDU GYMKHANA.

This match played on Sunday on the Kennedy Sea Face resulted in a draw.
Scores:—

P. Y. C. HINDU GYMKHANA CLUB.

Bhasari 12; H. G. Tilak 2; Bhosale 4; Deodhar 49; Mehendale 23; Barve 13; Agarbe 14; Kelker (run out) 0; Bhate 23; Sudami 2; Mujumdar (not out) 0; extras 14. Total 156.

HINDU GYMKHANA CLUB.

Diveker 3; S. M. Dalvi 13; M. D. Pai 27; Vithal 45; P. K. Telang 4; C. V. Menta 4; K. A. Date (not out) 29; Kantak (not out) 2; Shivram, Ganpat Dagle, (did not bat). Total (for 6 wickets) 127

PAREKH C C. V. SIXTEEN STARS C C.

This match played on last Sunday resulted in a draw.
Scores:—

PAREKH C. C.

Shroff 36; Gruttu 10; Raiji 6; Parekh 0; Kapadia 0; Vakil 2; Sharma (Capt.) 1; Parekh S. N. 33; Marfatia 5; Zaveri 9; Mukhtyar (not out) 0; extras 8. Total 104.

SIXTEEN STARS C. C.

Shete 10; Chanchad 0; Chanchad V. 1; Jadah (not out) 2; Chipurnker 2, Owuker 1; Vagal 0; Rant 0; Arimani (not out) 1. Rest did not bat, extras 6. Total 24; (for 7 wickets. 7.

TELAGU YOUNG CRICKETERS V. WORLI M. AND R. C. C.

This game was played on the Worli ground on Sunday and resulted in a win for the Telagu Young Cricketers by 23 runs.
Scores:—

TELUGU YOUNG CRICKETERS.

Khandre M. G 0; Kalewar Y. S. (Capt.) 9; Jilkar R. M. 2; Pupala D. L. 27; Paknath N. L 3; Satla M. S. 16; Lamge S. C. 1; Kale V. B. 2; Batolia K. K. 3; Kalewar D. S. 10; D. Vithal (not out) 3; extras 2. Total 78.

WORLI M. AND R. C. C.

Madis J. L. 0; DeSouza L. 6; Kani P. 8; Kani S. 4; DeSouza J. C. 3; M. Nunis (Capt) 17; DeLima M. C. 6; DeSouza J. M. 0; DeLima A. S. 5; DeSouza M. B. 0; Kani M. 6; extras 6. Total 55.

LUSITANIAN SPORTING CLUB V. CHITRAPUR C. C

A match was played on Sunday 25th July on the Cross Maidan and resulted in a win for the L. S. C. by 69 runs and 3 wickets.
Scores:—

LUSITANIAN SPORTING CLUB.

J. Paes 39; M. Faria 8; J. Faria 38; D. Souza 2; Bernard 13; Gracias 1; Martins 4; D'Costa (Capt) not out 5; A. D'Sa (not out) 6; J. C. D'Mello, J. M. D'Souza, (did not bat), extras 6. Total 122.

CHITRAPUR C. C.

Heble 8; Gallarkar 12; Kagal 0; Raingalli 16; Shanker 2; Chikanar 0; Chandavarkar 0; Sunder (not out) 0; Kopikar (run out) 2; R. M. Kachur 1; Nadkarni 0; extras 12. Total 53.

FOOTBALL.

HARWOOD LEAGUE.

The Harwood League fixture down for decision last evening between the Young Mens' Christian Association and the Lusitanians had to be abandoned owing to the torrential rain which fell prior to the start of the game, the ground being partially under water.

The result of to-day's game between the Royal Garrison Artillery and the Bombay Gymkhana will doubtless be watched with much interest as these two teams are likely to head the League Table at the close of the season.

AN APPEAL FOR MUNICIPAL CLERKS.

TO THE EDITOR OF "THE CHRONICLE."

SIR,—I shall be much obliged, if you will be kind enough to allow me a corner in your paper to give vent to the feelings and sufferings which I, together with my fellow-brethren, endure patiently and persevering-ingly. It is with regret and shame that I have to make known to the public that the persons in question are no other than the Municipal Clerks who have to support their families with a pay of Rs. 30 or Rs. 40 per mensem." Alas! how long we have to wait ever to get at that figure. I, a matriculate, have put in a service of about eleven years to come to get any increment. It is a pitiful sight to see some of my clerk-mates, who, forced by starvation, go so far as to pawn their household articles and ornaments, if any, or put themselves in the hands of Marwaris. I do not think they are wholly to be blamed for such rash actions. No doubt, thrice a kind and benevolent Corporator who has got human feelings in him, moved in our favour but neither the Commissioner nor the rest of the Corporators seconded him. The said worthy gentlemen knows very well how expensive Bombay is, but they seem to take no notice of it. Once again, I with my office-mates entreat and beg of that worthy gentleman who took up our cause previously to move in our favour and I deem that the Almighty will enlighten the Commissioner and the Corporators to feel for their own brethren and thereby lessen our troubles in some shape or other.—Yours, etc.,

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NOTICE TO POONA RESIDENTS.

THE POONA OFFICE of the Bombay Chronicle is at No. 1, Arsenal Road, (Treacher's Buildings.)

Business Notice.

All communications intended for the Editor should be addressed simply "To the Editor," and not to any member of the staff by name.

ALL BUSINESS communications (Advertisement, changes of address, etc.) should be addressed to the MANAGER and all remittances made payable to him.

Subscribers whose copies are delayed in delivery are requested to send the covers to the Manager, previously marking thereon the date of the paper enclosed therein. By this means only can satisfactory investigation be made as to the cause of irregularity.

All new Advertisements or changes of advertisements intended for insertion in the paper must reach the Office not later than 9 p.m. on the day before publication.

Notice to Correspondents.

In preparing MS. for the Press, correspondents are requested to write on one side of the paper only and to have their MS. typewritten if possible.

All communications intended for publication in "The Bombay Chronicle" must be accompanied by the name and address of the writer, not necessarily for publication, but as a guarantee of good faith. Unauthenticated communications are rejected as such, and are at once destroyed.

The Editor does not undertake to return rejected communications, but if a stamped and addressed envelope is enclosed with the communication it will be returned, but if this be not done, the rejected letter or article is destroyed and in any case the Editor does not hold himself responsible. The Editor cannot correspond about the rejection of communications.

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THE BOMBAY CHRONICLE.
Wednesday, July 28, 1915.

THE WAR.

The war is a year old to-day. It was on July 28th, 1914, that Austria shocked the world by declaring war on Servia and thus precipitating a conflict of so vast and terrible character that all the great Powers of the world are now engaged in it with the exception of the United States. The twelve months that have now passed have been a period of bitter experience for all the belligerent countries. Those who made the attack have been gravely disappointed in their calculations, and after a year of effort, in which they have expended nearly all their resources, they are fighting now not to achieve the domination off Europe, the object with which they set out, but to create, if they can, a situation in which they will be able to bargain for a more or less honourable peace. That situation, of course, they cannot create, for whatever may be the events of the near future, there may be absolute confidence in our minds, that they cannot inflict anywhere on the Allies as a whole, or upon anyone of them, such disaster as to weaken either their will or their power to carry on the struggle to that end which is the only end which they can contemplate with safety to the future,—a complete, uncompromising and final victory over the Teutonic League. But we see no reason to anticipate that the events of the near future will not be of a character wholly favourable to the Allied cause, and we are not inclined at all to share the pessimism, which prevails in many quarters, at Home, where gloomy anticipations are made of the prolongation of the war for another year or two years. This pessimism, which is the outstanding feature of the press in England at the present juncture, is as unthinking as the wholly unjustified optimism which prevailed in the country some months ago, and led to expectations of a rapid victory. Those who shared this feeling of optimism and saw in every failure of a German offensive the prelude to a complete and sensational turning of the tables, have been wholly disillusioned by the events of the past few months, and it is not unnatural perhaps, that, when people in whom optimism is so easily induced, find their optimistic anticipations so unpleasantly falsified, they should at once veer to the opposite extreme. We do not suppose there is any substantial body of opinion which has ceased to believe in ultimate victory, and it is not, by any means, a bad thing that those who thought that victory could be bought without such sacrifices and expenditure of energy as will produce a really united organisation of the greatest possible efforts of the entire nation, should have been shocked out of that comfortable frame of mind. But now that the magnitude and necessity of the task has been at length realised, there is nothing in the present situation of the war to deter us from looking to the future with a cheerful confidence, even if the present enforced inactivity of our armies in France and Belgium and in the Dardanelles is a tax upon our patience. Probably at no stage of the war have the higher command of the enemy had less reason for confidence as to the future, in spite of the confidence with which public opinion in Germany has been inspired by the advance of the Austro-German forces through Galicia, and the present attempt to envelop and capture Warsaw. We are aware of the danger of prediction and the scepticism with which any calculation as to the exhaustion of the German effort must be received, in face of the numberless occasions on which so-called experts have announced that the last big effort was being made. But, unless the German armies succeed in a very short while in achieving a decision in the East, it is quite certain that they will not be in a position to enable the Headquarters Staff to undertake the great offensive in the West which had been planned to follow. And we see no reason to suppose that the decision which they seek in the East will shortly be in their grasp. Warsaw holds, and we believe will continue to hold, and the most recent news shows us that the Russian armies, north and south and in the centre, are not only standing strong against the assaults of the enemy but are inflicting damaging counter-blows. That is a process that is likely to continue seeing that the Russian forces are growing stronger and their power to strike back is increasing. And it must be remembered that the enemy has either to win Warsaw and drive the Russians out of Poland, or to go back. There is no such thing as taking up a defensive line in the East, as has been done in the West; the extent of the front, its geographical character and the forces at the disposal of the enemy do not admit of that. The further prolonged the struggle in the East, the less hopeful are the prospects of the offensive that was planned in the West. The Russian resistence is eating up the enemy's reserves both of men and munitions, and exhausting the power with which he hoped to strike a blow in the West. It must not be supposed that the inactivity in the West, which has been so marked since the present struggle on the Eastern front began, is enforced by an absolute inability of the French and British forces to assume the offensive. The shortage of shell is not so immediate as to deprive the armies on the Western front of all power of initiative. But it is essential, having regard to the experience in Galicia in April and May, that the Ally in the East should not suffer again from such a shortage, and we have no doubt whatever, that, since the Allies must devote all their resources to the point where the danger is for the moment the greatest, everything has been concentrated on supplying the Russians with the assistance they required to meet the common onslaught. In the meanwhile the Western front and the Dardanelles have had to wait. In each case success depends alone upon an adequate supply of heavy munitions, and the time is growing near when this will be at the call of the commanders in France and Gallipoli. But the future depends on the power of the Russians to continue their resistance and everything will be sacrificed to that.

EDUCATION OF FACTORY CHILDREN.

We have already referred to the Press Note issued by the Government of Bombay, in the early part of this month, regarding the means it proposes to adopt for better provision of the education of the factory children. A Committee was appointed two years ago to report on the question and make recommendations. It is on these recommedations that the Government have now expressed their opinion and declared the line of action proposed to be taken. It is a sign of the times to find that the Director of Public Instruction, the Chairman, and three other members of the Committee recommended that the complete and satisfactory solution of the problem was a scheme of free and compulsory education for all children, or at any rate of all children within certain areas. The Government, however, has ruled that for the present the proposal for the compulsory education of the factory children should not be proceeded with. It would be a hardship, no doubt, to the millowners to make the education of their child-employees compulsory, while that of all other children is voluntary. Factory owners do not engage children to educate them, but to take as much work out of them as they can. And some of them have old-world prejudices that if they learn to read and write they may, when grown up, learn the power of combination better than now and use it against their employers more effectively. This, of course, will come sooner or later, but the average mill-owner or agent will put off the evil day as long as possible.

But there seems to be a belief in some quarters that the subsidiary proposal, which had the unanimous support of the Committee, and which the Government has decided to adopt, will do more harm than good. The proposal is that the children's statutory six hour period of work should be made compulsorily divisible into two periods of three hours each, with a considerable interval of time between them, this interval being used for the instruction of the children. The Government is now taking action for the amendment of the Indian Factories Act accordingly. This proposal of the Committee was arrived at on the assumption that half-timers, when they evade the law of six hours' work, and they do so in a large majority of cases, go from one factory to another to obtain work for the second period of six hours on the same day. This may be true to some extent, but in many cases they work for the second period of six hours in the same mill with a different ticket, and those who hold the view of which we have spoken, fear that the proposed amendment to the Act, if sanctioned by the Government of India, will facilitate the abuse rather than stop it. The Collector of Bombay mentioned, in reviewing the Factory Chief Inspector's Report for 1913, that parents of children, and jobbers all combine to practise the cruelty of a 12 hours' day. The proposed amendment, it is urged, will facilitate the abuse by allowing the child-worker to stay on the premises for about nine hours continuously. Besides for a real half-timer it will mean some hardship. He may have to trudge home,—a distance of a mile or two,—to get his food during the compulsory interval between the two periods of three hours each. At present he gets practically half-a-day off, which he will not have if he has to pass the compulsory interval in the mill premises. He will have to be at least nine hours in the stuffy atmosphere of the mill. The Indian mill-hand does not know anything of the luxurious dining room of the Japanese mill-hand provided by his employer on the premises, nor the comfortable smoking room of the European mill-hand.

The real question is the provision of educational facilities within easy reach of children. The schools must come to the scholars, i.e., near their homes, rather than have schools in or near the mill premises. It would be better to have the schools away from the factory with its noisome machinery and air full of cotton fluff, and have them in the residential lines of the mill-hands. If schools are held in the midst of the residential quarters of the workmen, working and non-working children will flock to them. Adults too will take advantage of them in the evening hours. And if the teachers are kind and sympathetic, the result will be astoundingly good. But the question after all reduces itself to this, Who is going to bear the cost of all this? The mill owner refuses to pay for the instruction of his workmen or even work-children, saying that it is not a part of his contract. The Municipality, when approached on the subject, says the ordinary schools are open to them. The Government will not open any schools, for the Bombay Municipality has got full control of and responsibility for education in this city and in the Mofussil the municipalities have very little money to spare for education. Thus all the pious wishes for the welfare of the factory children end in resolutions and in decisions which may bear fruit in the distant but not in the near future. To gauge how keen is the desire on the part of the working classes and their children to better their intellectual condition, one must visit the dozens of night schools of various benevolent associations and charitable persons in the cities of Bombay, Ahmedabad and Surat. They are crowded. Office peons, hamals, mill-hands, petty shopkeepers and salesmen, street sweepers and halalkrores, milkmen and domestic servants all vie with each other in taking advantage of these educational facilities. Boys and young men who have done hard manual work from morning till evening, 10 to 12 hours, are not too tired for their evening lessons, because they know they are much hindered in the race of life by their illiteracy. The only question is the ample provision of facilities, near people's doors, and their adaptation to the circumstances. Every large employer of labour should consider it his duty to assist the municipal funds by providing schools in the residential districts of his workmen, thus benefitting them, and in the long run, himself.

Notes of the Day.

The Talegaon Glass Works.

In view of a recent mischievous newspaper report that the Paisa Fund Glass Works at Talegaon have been closed, it is reassuring to receive from the Superintendent of the factory an emphatic contradiction and the assurance that the work is in full swing. It would be a most unfortunate thing if this interesting and only enterprise of the kind on this side of India were to come to a premature end. The factory was started in 1908 under the auspices of, and largely subsidized by, the Paisa Fund,—which latter, as the name shows, is a fund formed of collections of pice at public meetings, festive occasions, holidays and the like, and having for its main object the encouragement of industrial enterprise in the country. These pice collections have brought up the Paisa Fund to nearly forty thousand rupees. The factory at Talegaon at the outset had to requisition the aid of Japanese "blowers," but we are given to understand that at present it is done solely by Indians under Indian supervision.

Excellence of the Article.

Lord Sydenham who visited the factory in 1910 was so much struck with the excellence of the articles turned out, and with the genuine Swadeshi character of the whole enterprise itself, that his lordship had orders issued immediately to all Government offices to give preference, as far as possible, for the Talegaon wares in place of the imported articles. The Baroda and Hyderabad durbars have followed suit. The glassware turned out of the factory is stated to compare favourably with the imported articles both in finish and prices, and there is no reason why the Indian public should not patronise largely this deserving Swadeshi concern. The present juncture, when the talk of capture of enemy trade is heard everywhere, affords a golden opportunity to push the local glass industry in the market, which has been so long monopolised by Germany and Austria. The Talegaon works deserve every encouragement from the Government.

Protection against Accidents in Factories.

The Indian Factories Act of 1911 has, in many ways, provided for security in the use of machinery by insisting on the adoption of various precautionary measures. But it still left much to be desired in the matter of making due provision in cases of minor accidents to which, after all, the employees are oftener exposed. The fact that the Government of Madras have come to recognise the necessity of impressing on factory owners the desirability of maintaining appliances for First Aid and the necessity of promptly treating minor injuries shows the wide room for reform that exists in the proper administration of the Act. With this view, as the telegram states, they have not contented themselves with issuing orders for the preparation and distribution in factories, of leaflets on First Aid, but have also wisely ordered that a First Aid compressed kit should be kept in each factory to deal with cases requiring immediate treatment. It is to be hoped that the example of the Madras Government will be followed in other parts of the country and that the factory owners will co-operate whole-heartedly in this humane and necessary measure, which is not the last thing that needs to be done for the protection of the lives of the workers

United Provinces Historical Society.

There is probably no part of India which is of greater historic interest and abounds more in fields for historic research than the area included in the United Provinces. Besides a number of ancient sites and great cities of the past, tradition also survives there and there is much material in public libraries and in private possession which requires to be unearthed and which will amply repay publication. A welcome suggestion has, therefore, been made by Dr. A. Venis and Mr. R. Burn that the growing interest in the study of history may be taken advantage of by the formation of a United Provinces Historical Society. It is proposed to extend the field of enquiry to the history of literature, languages and economics of the Provinces. The project is to be discussed at a meeting to be held in November during the University meetings at Allahabad, when a number of gentlemen interested in the object of the proposed Society will be gathered together. We trust that the Society will soon be formed and will be instrumental in creating a new school of Indian historians, thus stimulating the work already begun by independent scholars in Bengal and other parts of the country.

Official and Personal.

His Highness the Nizam will pay a visit to Simla during the last week in August.

Sir Hugh Daly, Resident, returned to Bangalore from Simla on Monday morning.

Brigadier-Generals Brooking and Hoghton have been selected to command brigades on service. Brigadier-General Cowper from Allahabad will take up the command of the Poona Divisional Area in place of General Boooking, and Colonel Patterson will be posted to the Jhelum Brigade.

Mr. P. H. Maflin, Executive Engineer, Indo-Burma Connection Railway Survey, is attached to the office of the Railway Board on special duty.

The death has occurred at Lucknow at the age of 85 of Khwaja Azizuddin, the well-known Persian scholar and poet and author of "Kaisarnama."

MYSORE LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL.

PROTEST AGAINST UNDESERVED SLUR ON MYSORE'S LOYALTY.

(Associated Press.)

BANGALORE, July 27.

At the adjourned meeting of the Mysore Legislative Council to-day, the discussion of the budget was taken up. The proceedings were opened by Mr. S. R. Balkrishna Row, an Advocate of Shimoga, who pleaded for an extension of the privilege of interpellation. Towards the close of his speech he said: "The undeserved and unjournalistic attacks made by the local daily paper, the "Daily Post," on the attitude of the Mysore people and Government towards the enemies and enemy subjects, deserve condemnation of the severest type. Mysore has contributed in money and men for the prosecution of war against the enemy. Our soldiers, led by our noble men, are shedding their blood on European soil in defence of the Empire. We are grateful to the British people and our prosperity depends on the success of the Emperor's army. May God grant our prayers and help to bring success to the British and Allies' arms."

BANGALORE STATION BUDGET.

Later on, he said: "The people are anxious to know on what basis the surplus revenue of the Civil and Military Station of Bangalore is being circulated. Is there any limit to their expenditure, and any proportion fixed between revenue and expenditure? Is the Civil and Military Station getting its annual budget approved by the Mysore Government, or are we to be content with receiving whatever is declared as our dues? I request the Financial Secretary to enlighten us on this point."

THE WAR.

SUMMARY OF TELEGRAMS.

RUSSIA'S STOUT RESISTANCE.

VITAL POINTS HELD.

ITALIAN SUCCESS ON THE LOWER ISONZO.

AMERICAN STEAMER TORPEDOED,

BOARD OF EDUCATION'S SCHEME.

The Russians are putting up a magnificent resistance making brilliant counter-attacks; stoutly defending vital positions; and pushing the Germans back at important points. It is also quite evident the enemy is tightly held before Warsaw itself.

Military experts expect the climax on both the Narew and Lublin fronts within a fortnight.

General Mackesen appeared at Pultusk, north of Warsaw, to judge whether to borrow substantial reserves for his immense army between the Vistula and Bug, owing to marked weakness at the junction of the German and Austrian forces, twelve miles south of Lublin. A new movement is thought to be developing in the Baltic.

Russia's first Dreadnought is now operating in the Black Sea.

Italian infantry on the lower Isonzo resolutely advanced on Sunday and made appreciable progress. The battle was especially desperate in a wood where the enemy were strongly entrenched, and had to be dislodged with the bayonet.

On the western front there has been only cannonading and mine fighting. French aeroplanes dropped bombs and arrows on the German military station at Nantillois.

Serbia is rapidly reawakening and it is hoped will soon take the offensive for her own and the common cause.

The American steamer Lulanaw and British steamer Grangewood have been sunk in the North Sea by German submarines.

GERMAN GAS ATTACKS.

NEW RUSSIAN DEVICE TO FOIL THEM.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

LAHORE, July 27.

The "Civil and Military Gazette's" special cable runs:—

The "Morning Post's" Petrograd correspondent says the Russians have found a method of dealing with German gas clouds. They dig a gutter well before their positions, and fill it with dry material. The moment preparations for turning on the gas are reported, the gutter is filled with petroleum and fired, entirely changing the air-currents on which the gas clouds are dependent. This is so effective that the Germans have abandoned the clouds.

RUSSIANS' BRILLIANT COUNTER-ATTACKS.

ENEMY REPULSED AT IMPORTANT POINTS.

ANOTHER AMERICAN STEAMER SUNK.

RUSSIANS' MAGNIFICENT RESISTANCE.

VITAL POINTS STOUTLY DEFENDED.

ENEMY PUSHED BACK AT IMPORTANT POINTS.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAMS).

PETROGRAD, July 27.

Brilliant Russian counter-attacks are the feature of the communiqué. The Russians are not only stoutly defending the vital positions, but pushing the Germans back at important points.

The German offensive in the northern regions of the Baltic provinces has been repulsed with the assistance of guns of warships and the Russians are now getting into touch with General von Buelow's army on the Niemen front.

The German offensive on the Pissa continues to be quite abortive.

The Germans who crossed the Narew near the fortress of Roshau have been thrown back, while the enemy south-east ward of Pultusk have been repulsed, on the river Pruth.

Small engagements have been begun with the advanced defences of Novo Georgievsk.

The enemy attacks before Ivangorod have been successfully repulsed.

The battle southward of Cholm proceeds with great intensity. The enemy attacked on the whole front.

The enemy used great forces at Grubicszow. Nevertheless their attacks were repulsed and the Russians made successful counter-attacks.

GERMANS TIGHTLY HELD BEFORE WARSAW.

GENERAL MACKENSEN APPARENTLY PULLED-UP.

AMSTERDAM, July 26.

The magnificent resistance of the Russians in all the vital sectors is still maintained.

A Berlin communiqué claims that General Von Buelow has made some progress in the Niemen district and that the Germans have also made a crossing above Ostrolenka, but southward the Russians are making an obstinate resistance and it is quite evident that the Germans are tightly held before Warsaw itself.

The communiqué claims that the Germans have taken prisoners in the Narew region, but the most significant portion of the communiqué is the announcement that the situation of General Mackensen and the Allied armies remains unchanged.

RUSSIA'S FIRST DREADNOUGHT.

LONDON, July 26.

Russia's first dreadnought is now operating in the Black Sea.

EXPERT MILITARY FORECASTS.

CLIMAX EXPECTED WITHIN A FORTNIGHT.

PETROGRAD, July 27.

Military experts expect the climax on both the Narew and Lublin fronts within a fortnight and consider that the next few days should show the part to be played by the Germans on the Niemen front.

An expert, Captain Shumsky, estimates the effective German cavalry in the Baltic provinces at thirty thousand and it is presumed that their immediate object is to get eastward of Kovno and cut the Kovno-Vilna railway.

BETWEEN THE VISTULA AND BUG.

POSSIBLE READJUSTMENT OF ENEMY'S FORCES.

LONDON, July 26.

It is stated in Petrograd that General Mackensen appeared at Pultusk, north of Warsaw, on Saturday, to judge whether to borrow substantial reserves for his immense army between the Vistula and Bug, as marked weakness was manifested at the junction of the German and Austrian forces near Khmel, twelve miles south of Lublin.

The enemy's forces between the Vistula and Bug are estimated at three quarters of a million, including half a million Germans, while four army corps are operating on the Novogeorgievsk-Ivangorod front.

The latter fortresses are in nowise besieged. The Germans have hitherto not used their heavy guns against them.

A new German movement is apparently developing in the Baltic province where the Germans, when one march from Riga, suddenly turned south-east, combining their march with that of another large force from Rossieny, forty miles south of Shavli.

There are four German and eleven Austrian cavalry brigades operating on the Eastern front.

DESPERATE BATTLE ON LOWER ISONZO.

ITALIANS MAKE GOOD PROGRESS.

STRONGLY ENTRENCHED POSITION CAPTURED

(REUTER'S TELEGRAMS).

ROME, July 27.

A communiqué says:—

After artillery preparation Italian infantry on the Lower Isonzo resolutely advanced on Sunday and made appreciable progress.

The left wing captured a broad stretch of wooded ground in the neighbourhood of Bosco Cappucio. The centre stormed the trenches on the San Martino ridge of Carso and the right wing won and lost several times Mount Seibusi, finally retaining the greater part of it.

The battle was especially desperate in a wood where the enemy were strongly entrenched and had to be dislodged with the bayonet.

The enemy were using asphyxiating bombs. We captured sixteen hundred prisoners.

ITALIAN DESTROYERS OCCUPY PELAGOSA.

THE GARRISON CAPTURED.

ROME, July 26.

It is officially announced that simultaneously with the French destroyer's success at Fagosta Island, Italian destroyers occupied the Island of Pelagosa which was an enemy signalling station. The destroyers captured the garrison who had hidden in caves.

TURKISH PERSECUTION OF GREEKS.

WOMEN AND CHILDREN SHOT AT VOURLA.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

LAHORE, July 26.

A "Civil and Military Gazette" cable from London dated 23rd July states:—

The Italian papers publish statements that the Turks have sent Italians to the concentration camps at Galata. An Italian tug which they are using as a transport under the Italian flag, landed at Cyrenaica officers, arms and munitions and shot Greek women and children, who refused to leave Vourla for the interior.

FAMOUS ITALIAN GENERAL'S DEATH.

The Italian General Cantore a famous leader in Tripoli fell at the head of the Alpini at Ala in the Trentino.

EFFECT OF FIRE OF MASSED GUNS IN CARSO FIGHT.

ITALIAN GUNS SWEEPING EVERY INCH OF GROUND.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

ALLAHABAD, July 27.

The "Pioneer's special correspondent cables:—Prisoners taken in the Carso fight give interesting accounts of the effect of the fire of 500 massed guns.

The "Daily Telegraph's" Milan correspondent quotes a high officer as stating that the enemy thought they had gathered sufficient force to drive the Italians back across the Isonzo but the Italian guns seemed to sweep every inch of ground before Gorizia from Podgora to San Michele. It seemed as if nature herself was sending out a hurricane of fire and shell.

The correspondent quoted another prisoner as saying that he and his surviving comrades were helpless and panic-stricken. An Italian soldier took pity on him, threw him down by the collar, and took his rifle.

FAMOUS HILL SIXTY.

OPPOSING TRENCHES DESCRIBED.

SIX YARDS APART AT ONE POINT

(REUTER'S TELEGRAMS).

LONDON, July 27.

Reuter's correspondent at British Headquarters has visited the famous Hill Sixty which Field Marshal French recently reported was recaptured by the Germans by means of the use of gas on May 5th.

The correspondent describes the German trenches running in double tiers along the crest and upper slope of the Hill which is only thirty to forty feet high.

The British trenches are on the edge of the lower slope. The correspondent says that at one point the trench is only six yards from the enemy. There is an old communication trench between the British and the enemy, in which both sides have erected barricades.

In an adjoining railway cutting there is a pool of stagnant water where corpses have been lying for months, but none dares to approach to recover them for burial.

CANNONADING AND MINE FIGHTING

PARIS, July 27.

The communiqué records only cannonading and mine fighting at various points on the front.

AIR ATTACK ON GERMAN MILITARY STATION.

PARIS, July 26.

The communiqué reports cannonades and isolated struggles with hand grenades. It adds that French aeroplanes dropped heavy bombs and a shower of arrows on the German military station at Nantillois.

FRANCE'S ANNIVERSARY OF THE WAR.

SOLEMN HOMAGE TO THE ARMY.

PARIS, July 27.

The Government and Parliament have decided to celebrate the anniversary of the declaration of war, August 4th, and will address a solemn homage to the Army and proclaim the determination to secure the definite triumph of law, liberty and civilisation.

SERBIA'S REAWAKENING.

WILL SOON TAKE THE OFFENSIVE.

ROME, July 27.

Serbia is rapidly reawakening. Typhus has been vanquished and supplies received, placing the Army again on the highest level.

The frontier is guarded by French aeroplanes and Belgrade defended by six batteries of Serbian artillery, and two British, two French and two Russian batteries.

Serbia has a quarter of million infantry and it is hoped soon to take the offensive for her own and the common cause.

SALVAGE OF THE EMDEN.

NOTED JAPANESE DIVER'S APPLICATION.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

COLOMBO, July 25.

An offer to refloat the raiding cruiser Emden, which was so badly battered by the cruiser Sydney that she had to be beached on Cocos Island, has been received from Japan.

Mr. Teisuke Shimzu, a veteran diver of Kobe applied for permission to refloat the Emden a few days ago to the British Consul. His colleagues in the profession supported his application. Mr. Shimzu, through an introduction of a retired Vice-Admiral of Naval Engineering, and now a president of the Technical Improvement Association, applied to the British Embassy at Tokio and the latter has transferred the application to the British Admiralty.

Mr. Shimzu has a big reputation for salvage work. Some years ago he rescued the crew of the British steamer Carnarvonshire single-handed during a big storm, and his heroic services were recognised by the British Government.

CASUALTIES IN SOUTH AFRICA.

PRETORIA, July 26.

Official figures of the casualties in the South African fighting against the Germans and rebels show a remarkable equality as between the British and Boer losses, which total 849.

Among the killed there were 127 of Dutch descent and 127 of British descent, and among the wounded were 296 of Dutch descent and 299 of British.

The total forces engaged in Damaraland numbered 50,000, of whom 27,000 were British.

AMERICAN STEAMER SUNK.

ANOTHER BRITISH VICTIM.

CREWS SAVE THEMSELVES.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.)

LONDON, July 26.

The American steamer Leelanaw and British steamer Grangewood have been sunk in the North Sea by German submarines. The crews were saved in their own boats.

The Leelanaw was a steamer of 1,924 tons register, built in 1886 for the Leelanaw S. S. Co. Sans Francisco, United States.

HOW THE LEELANAW WAS SUNK.

KIRKWALL, July 27.

The Leelanaw had a cargo of flax. The crew were taken on board the submarine and transferred to their own boats almost within sight of the Orkneys.

The submarine fired twelve shells at the Leelanaw and as she did not sink fired a torpedo.

Another Aberdeen trawler has been sunk. Altogether in the last three days nineteen members of trawlers' crews have been killed.

UNDER WHICH NOTE DOES IT COME?

AMERICAN OFFICIALS SHOCKED.

WASHINGTON, July 26.

The torpedoing of the Leelanaw has shocked American officials, who, in the absence of details, decline to express an opinion as to whether it comes under the last Note. The fact that the crew were saved is received with relief.

CASE OF THE ORDUNA.

NO REFERENCE IN AMERICAN NOTE.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

ALLAHABAD, July 26.

The "Pioneer's" special correspondent cables:—

The American Note not only does not mention the case of the Orduna, but in a reference to the recent German naval action ignores it. However, a Washington evening telegram states that Germany will be asked to explain why the vessel carrying 21 Americans was attacked unwarned.

The American official report regarding the Orduna is published. Reuter's correspondent in Washington understands that at least one American passenger testifies he saw the torpedo pass astern.

The "Daily News" correspondent at Washington says that prior to the Orduna's resailing for Liverpool, an Austrian was discovered hiding aboard and he was arrested. A search made for bombs and dynamite turned fruitless.

BENALLA FIRE MASTERED.

DURBAN, July 26.

The fire on the Benalla, which was found to be still burning in the cargo when the hatches were uncovered on arrival of the vessel here, has been mastered.

DEATH OF SIR JAMES MURRAY.

LONDON, July 26.

The death of the lexicographer Sir James Murray is announced.

Sir James Augustus Henry Murray Kt. was born in 1837. He was educated at Cavers, Minto Hawick and Edinburgh and graduated from London University; was conferred degrees of Hon. L.L.D. (Edinburgh) 1874 and (Glasgow) in 1901, of D.C.L. (Durham) in 1886 D. Litt (Wales) in 1902, (Cape Town) in 1905, (Dublin) 1908 and (Cambridge) in 1913. He was a Foreign member of the Institute of France, of Imperial Academy of Sciences, Vienna, of Royal Flemish Academy and of many others. He was engaged in teaching from 1855 to 1885 first as Assistant Master, Hawick Grammar School, and finally as Master at Mill Hill School from 1870-85. From 1878 to 1879 he was an Assistant Examiner in English at the London University. He was one of the founders of Hawick Archaeological Society and presided at its jubilee in 1906 when he was honoured with the freedom of Hawick. He was also President of the London Philological Society for many years and in 1879 undertook for that Society and the Oxford University Press, the editing of the New English Dictionary on Historical Principles, which has made his name famous to all scholars of English. It was in connection with this work that in 1885 he removed from Mill Hill to Oxford where he was appointed Romanes Lecturer in 1900. He was the author of various papers on philology and edited The Complaynit of Scotland (published in 1874) and the Romance and Prophecies of Thomas of Erceldoune (1875) and other works with Historical Introductions. He also contributed the article on "English Language" in the Encyclopaedia Brittanica.

BRITAIN'S INDUSTRIAL POSITION.

BOARD OF EDUCATION'S SCHEME.

CO-OPERATION OF GOVERNMENT URGED.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAMS).

LONDON, July 26.

The Board of Education to-night issues a scheme for the organisation and development of scientific and industrial research. The scheme says that it appears incontrovertible that if the nation is to advance, or even maintain its industrial position, there must be such research as to enable us to expend and strengthen industries so as to compete successfully with our most highly organised rivals. We must make substantial advance now and not await the difficult period after the war.

The Committee of Privy Council is responsible for the expenditure, while there will be a small Advisory Committee under the chairmanship of Sir William S. M'Cormick and including Lord Rayleigh and six other members of the Royal Society.

The scheme suggests Research Studentships and Fellowships etc., and various means of promoting specific researches.

It urges a close co-operation between Government Departments, Universities, Colleges and Scientific Societies and Institutions and co-operation with persons engaged in trade and industry.

The work will be done principally through subcommittees reinforced by experts. Proposals from individuals are invited.

QUESTION OF COTTON CONTRABAND.

"NOT FIGHTING WITH GLOVES ON."

LONDON, July 26.

Replying in the House of Commons to a suggestion that cotton should be declared contraband, Lord Robert Cecil denied emphatically that we were fighting with gloves on.

Every ounce of cotton destined for the enemy was, or ought to have been, stopped under existing arrangements.

The Government was fully alive to the situation but did not believe that making cotton contraband would make a material difference in the amount reaching Germany at present.

VICEROY'S WAR NEWS.

SITUATION ON RUSSIAN FRONT.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

SIMLA, July 27.

Following telegram has been received by the Viceroy from the Secretary of State dated 26th July:—

The Germans have succeeded in forcing back the Russians in the Baltic Provinces and crossed the Narew north of Warsaw, but the Russians still maintain the position defending the railway to Warsaw, south-east of Poland. Regarding the Baltic Provinces the Russians say there is no essential change in the Mitau region, but the enemy is making progress towards Taniovgs, east of Shavli. A German communique says General Bulow defeated the Russian 5th army.

Regarding Narew the Russians on the 25th July say on Friday night and Saturday morning the enemy delivered, a series of desperate attacks along the eastern bank of the Pissa, a western tributary of the Narew on the west of Lomza, but without success and with heavy loss. A persistent attempt to cross the Narew between Ostrolenka and Rozhan was repulsed, but between Rozhan and Pultusk the enemy on Friday crossed the right bank of the Narew and endeavoured to establish himself there. The Germans on the 24th say General Gallwitz forced the crossing of the Narew between Rozhan and Pultusk and a communique of the 25th says the Narew was crossed along the eastern front from the South of Ostrolenka to Pultusk and on the south-east of Pultusk the Germans approached, the Bug, while south-west of Pultusk the Germans reached Lasielsk between the Vistula and the Bug.

On the south-east of Poland the Russians say the enemy was compelled to halt and neither the Germans nor the Austrians claim an advance.

GERMAN OPPRESSION IN AFRICA.

General Botha speaking at Capetown said maps were discovered in German South-west Africa showing the whole of Africa south of the Equator marked "Greater Germany," except a minute fragment labelled "Boer Reserve." General Botha said if there was one reason more than another why the Union should retain the captured territory, it was that the German native policy, constituted a danger to the Union. German oppression of the Natives was a cancer needing removal. According to German figures they had killed 21,000 Negros. General Botha aroused the utmost enthusiasm by insisting South Africa must make sacrifices to assist the smash of the Germans in Europe.

CELEBRATION OF WAR ANNIVERSARY

(NEWS BUREAU.)

SIMLA, July 26.

A public meeting of the residents of Simla will be held on the 4th proximo to pass the war anniversary resolution. Raja Sir Harnam Singh will preside. Prayers will also be offered in churches, mosques and temples for the success of the Allies.

THE SAMSON SCANDAL.

FURTHER DISCUSSION ON COMMITTEE'S REPORT.

SAMSON TO BE PROSECUTED.

A meeting of the Trustees of the Bombay City Improvement Trust was held yesterday evening at the offices of the Trust, when the Hon. Mr. J. P. Orr, presided.

The Trustees resumed the discussion of the "Samson case."

The proposal before the Trustees was that the following resolution of the Finance and Establishment Committee relating to Samson be adopted:—

"Having studied Mr. Samson's various representations together with the Magistrate's judgment to the best of our ability, we have decided by a majority that though we cannot venture to come to a definite conclusion regarding the corrections of the Magistrate's strictures on Mr. Samson, and therefore cannot make a definite recommendation to the Board as to whether Mr. Samson should be reinstated or not, there is nevertheless, in our opinion sufficient doubt in the case to justify the Board in asking Government to appoint a competent judicial officer to examine the evidence, the Magistrate's judgment and Mr. Samson's representations, and advise the Board whether the weight of evidence and probability is such as to render the retention of Mr. Samson in the service of the Board undesirable. We recommend the Board to make a representation to Government in accordance with this decision."

At the outset, Major Hepper pointed out that the minutes of the last meeting indicated that Mr. Cadell's minute on the Samson case had been read to the Trustees. So far as he was aware the minute was not read. It was a criticism on the Magistrate's judgment and presumed that the Magistrate was wrong. Before the Chairman signed the minutes of the last meeting Major Hepper suggested that the reference to this minute be expunged.

Mr. Orr explained, that the minute had been read at the meeting of the Finance Committee and at the last meeting printed copies of it had been distributed to every member. He thought that it was correct to say that the minute was taken as read, and he would amend the report in the sense indicated by him.

Mr. Orr then informed the Trustees that he had since their last meeting consulted the Trust's solicitors and they had expressed an opinion that it would be useless to ask Government to appeal against the order acquitting the "Danawalas" unless, they could make out a very strong case against the acquittal. Similarly, they were of opinion that an application for the revision of the Magistrate's judgment would be rejected. Mr. Orr pointed out that the charge against Samson was of demanding a bribe, and so it would be possible to launch a prosecution against him, and those from whom he had demanded a bribe could safely come forward with their evidence.

SIR EBRAHIM'S SUGGESTION.

The Hon. Sir Ebrahim Rahimtulla pointed out that it was quite open to Samson to approach the High Court in its Civil Side and claim damages. He could plead that he had not taken bribes and that he had been libelled. If he succeeded he would get costs and damages, and he could then ask the Trust to reimburse him of any extra expense he would have incurred. If he was innocent, he could follow this course. It was not desirable that Samson should be prosecuted either by the Trust or by the police at the instance of the Trust. It would be for the Trust's officials to supply the police with information.

Mr. Cadell thought going to the High Court on the strength of a libel suit meant an enormous amount of money and he was doubtful if Samson could afford it.

Mr. Wacha: Let his friends find him the money.

Mr. Orr: All that the danawalas said was that Samson demanded bribes, and threatened them with enhanced rents. Samson was then told by the Board to clear his character in the Court. The question therefore of prosecuting the bribe-giver did not arise.

"MERE SOPHISTRY."

Mr. Wacha observed that Samson had submitted an appeal running over 600 pages. He was doubtful if any member of the Finance Committee read it. He did not think that even Mr. Orr could have read all the appeals contained and verified them. Where was the evidence to show that the Board was doing him an injustice in accepting the Magistrate's finding, after 60 hearings? All this was mere sophistry.

Mr. Cadell: The only remedy is to ask for the judicial officer as proposed or ask the police to prosecute. Samson could be given the option of standing a prosecution or being dismissed. It would be useless asking him to go to the High Court.

Mr. Simcox: Where will we be, if the police prosecution ends in a verdict of "not proven."

Mr. Cadell: We have been told that there is a stupendous lot of evidence against Samson and if that is so, why should it end in a verdict of "not proven."

MAJOR HEPPER SUGGESTS SAMSON'S DISMISSAL.

At this stage the following amendments were considered:—

Major Hepper proposed that the report of the Finance and Establishment Committee should be recorded; and whilst the Board were willing to defer their final decision in Mr. Samson's case to enable him, if he wishes to do so, to exhaust such legal remedies as were available, they desire to record their opinion that, on the judgment of the Chief Presidency Magistrate as it stands, the Board would have no option but to dismiss Mr. Samson from their service.

Major Hepper observed that this was a better course than that of prosecuting him on their initiative. They had heard a great deal about this case both at their meetings, outside and in the press. They were told that they were not doing justice to Samson. He was not going to associate himself with any one, he was sorry for the men, but he could not understand why so much solicitude was shown to Samson.

Mr. Tod observed that if they asked every man against whom allegations were made to clear himself in a Court of law half of them would be ruined. He strongly objected to Major Hepper's observation about "solicitude" towards Samson.

Major Hepper's amendment was then put to the vote. Five voted for it and seven against it, and it was declared lost.

MR. WACHA'S AMENDMENT LOST.

Mr. D. E. Wacha then moved the following amendments:—

"That the report of the Finance Committee be recorded.

"That having regard to the principle that in the interests of public policy and official morality it is absolutely essential that officers, high and low, serving in public offices should so conduct and behave themselves as to be above the breath of suspicion, the Board are strongly of opinion that the only straightforward course is to dismiss Mr. Samson who has been pronounced by the Chief Presidency Magistrate to have accepted bribes."

The amendment was put to the vote and lost.

Sir Sassoon David then moved the following amendment:—

"That the report of the Finance and Establishment Committee be adopted, and in the alternative to the appointment of a judicial officer to examine the evidence, the Magistrate's judgment, etc., Government be asked to direct the police to prosecute Samson."

This resolution was also put to the vote and declared lost.

SIR VITHALDAS'S SUGGESTION ADOPTED.

Sir Vithaldas Thackersey then moved that the report of the Finance and Establishment Committee be recorded and Government moved to direct the police to prosecute Samson.

Sir Vithaldas observed that he did not agree with the report of the Committee. His own opinion was that Samson should be dismissed and prosecuted. Such an action would be a warning and example to his brother officers.

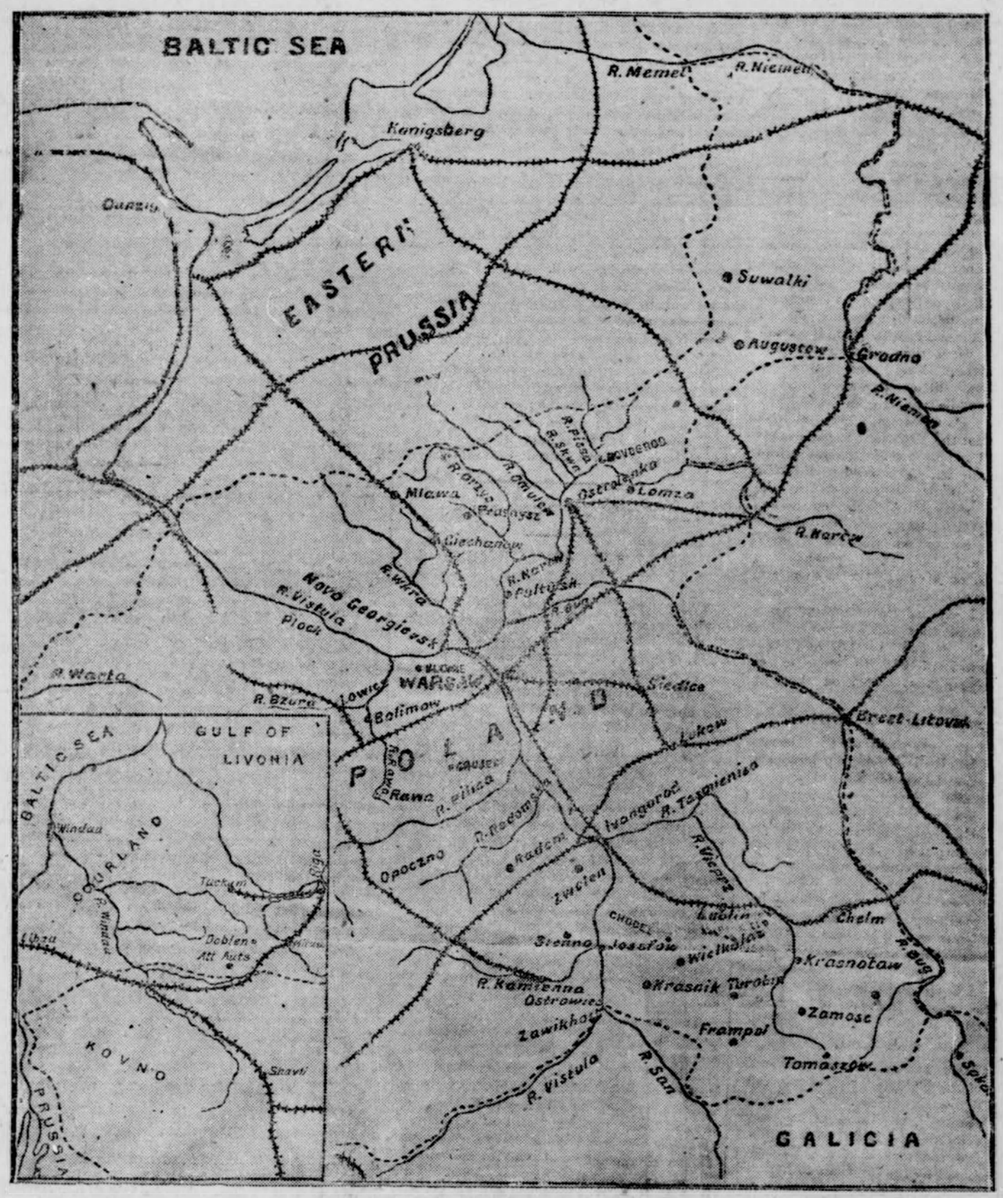
The amendment was put to the vote, eight voting for it and two against it.

Sir Vithaldas's amendment was accordingly declared carried.

The Trustees then adjourned.

[We have received a lengthy communication from Mr. I. J. Samson, objecting to and controverting certain statements that have appeared in our columns, but in view of the decision arrived at by the Board we are precluded from publishing any further comments on the merits of his case.—EDITOR, "B. C."]

THE BATTLE FOR WARSAW.



THE LATEST TELEGRAMS REPORT FIGHTING IN THE BALTIC PROVINCES; IN THE TRANS-NIEMEN REGION NORTH OF SUWALKI; ALL ALONG THE BANKS OF THE NAREW RIVER; AT BLONIE AND GROJEC WEST OF WARSAW; SOUTH OF LUBLIN AT PIASKI; AND ON THE BUG NEAR SOKAL.

THE ANNIVERSARY OF THE DECLARATION OF WAR.

TO THE EDITOR OF "THE CHRONICLE."

Sir,—August 4th is approaching and I think the day will be observed throughout this country in holding Mass prayer meetings by the different religious communities.

I believe the advisibility of convening public meetings to pass at any rate the resolution approved by Mr. Asquith and Mr. Bonar Law will be considered by our Sheriff and our leaders.

An announcement of a Sheriff's meeting at our Town Hall would be desirable and is eagerly awaited. If that can not come off, a proposal which has been in the hands of the Secretaries of the Girgaon District Congress Committee and will shortly be considered by their Council may be given effect to. I make public the following suggestions contained in the said proposal as to what we should do in every town on August 4th:

I. Mass prayer meetings of the different religious communities for a speedy victory to the arms of the Allies.

II. Public meetings in Bombay and the Moffussil at which the following resolutions should be passed and earnest efforts should be made to give effect to those that have to be practically worked out when passed:—

RESOLUTIONS.

(a)
(i) "That on this Anniversary of the declaration of a righteous war, this meeting of citizens records its inflexible determination to continue to a victorious end the struggle in the maintenance of those ideals of liberty and justice which are the common and sacred cause of the Allies." (as approved by the Right Hon. Mr. Asquith and and Mr. Bonar Law.)

(b) That this meeting does once more affirm its loyalty and deep devotion to the person of His Majesty the King and to the British Crown and Empire and resolves that the members present here to-day will do everything in their power to contribute to a successful termination of this terrible war which was started and is being carried on by the enemy in utter defiance of all Laws of God and Man.

(ii.) That this meeting takes this opportunity to tender its most heartfelt congratulations to General Botha and the Union Government of South Africa for the glorious conquest of South West German Africa for the benefit of the British Crown and Empire.

(iii) That this meeting resolves that committees be formed in every district town to assist the authorities in the recruitment of soldiers and to take steps to contradict silly and mischievous rumours and to proclaim the true facts. That District Congress Committees wherever they are in existence do take the lead in organizing the Committees and helping the authorities in this work.

(iv.) That this meeting respectfully requests the Government to take early steps to utilize the vast human material in this country for military purposes and especially to call upon scientific technical and mechanical students to volunteer for the production of munitions in our local workshops or outside the country as may be necessary.

If the Sheriff's meeting cannot be called for one reason or another I hope the Girgaon and Bhuleshwar Ward Congress Committees will move in the matter and arrange to hold prayer and public meetings and carry out in substance some or all of the resolutions I have ventured to suggest.—Yours etc.,

G. K. GADGIL.

Bar Library, High Court.
27th July 1915.

WAR ANNIVERSARY AT MADRAS.

ANTI-GERMAN LEAGUE CAMPAIGN.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

BANGALORE, July 27.

In interesting service will be held at St. Mark's Church at 8.30 a.m. on August 4th to be attended by the military and volunteers. Immediately afterwards, as at present arranged the Anti-German League will hold a mass meeting at the Victoria, Statue to adopt Mr. Bonar Law's resolution pledging the Empire's devotion to the righteous cause of the war.

ALIEN ENEMIES.

There was a meeting of this league last night at which the question of internment of alien enemies was laid aside in view of the Secretary of State's recent favourable pronouncement but the matter of naturalised Germans and Austrians was regarded as the next problem demanding solution.

A resolution was passed in favour of issuing a strong appeal to every class in India to join in a practical plan of campaign for the total exclusion of all Teutons from any sort of commercial, social or other connection with India after the war. It is proposed to use the cinematograph and pamphlets in every language to further this scheme.

C. P. LAND REVENUE BILL.

COMMITTEE ADJOURNS.

(NEWS BUREAU.)

NAGPUR, July 27.

The Select Committee on the Central Provinces Land Revenue Bill, after sitting for thirteen days adjourned yesterday. The Committee has gone through the Bill almost fully. Further consideration will be given to more important Provisions when it meets again on 26th August. It is understood that there has been disagreement between official and non-official views in regard to the statutory recognition of enhanced periods of settlement and other points.

BILLS TO BE DEALT WITH.

At the next meeting of the Central Provinces Council the Budget will come up for discussion.

The Slaughter of Animals Bill which passed the Select Committee is likely to become law.

The Central Provinces Medical Registration Bill is also likely to be introduced and referred to the Select Committee.

SHOCKING DISASTER IN THE HARBOUR.

EIGHT LIVES LOST.

PASSENGERS WASHED OFF A FERRY STEAMER.

A serious accident occurred in Bombay harbour yesterday morning, which resulted in the loss of several lives.

Messrs. Killick, Nixon and Company's ferry steamer Indravati, which left Marmagoa on Sunday evening last, and called at the intermediate ports, with one saloon passenger and 233 deck passengers, was entering the harbour at 5-30 a.m., yesterday. When she was between the Kennery Island and the light ship, she began to roll heavily owing to the rough sea and heavy stress of weather, prevailing at the time.

Huge waves began breaking over the Indravati in consequence of which the railings of the steamer gave way. There were eight passengers, near the railings at the time and they were all washed overboard. Seven men and one woman were thus lost.

Life-buoys were quickly lowered to save the victims but without result. The vessel also circled round the spot and made a careful search.

A prow which was passing at the time picked up one of the survivors, who was taken to Darukhana. It is reported that another man has been picked up at Kenpery Island.

The following were drowned:—Hari Gunaji, Deoo Sona, Laximan Baboo, Gopal Govind and Laximan Babaji. The names of the other two men and woman are unknown.

CASUALTY LIST.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, July 26.

The following casualties are announced:—

KILLED.

Lieutenants R. Glegg, Engineers.
Lieutenant F. N. Tarr, Leicesters.
Second-Lieut. H. P. Bamkin, Suffolks.
Second-Lieut. O. Field, Durham L. I.
Second-Lieut. J. H. Musson, West Surreys.

WOUNDED.

Captain J. A. Jervois, Yorkshire Light Infantry.
Captain L. W. Murphy, Duke of Cornwall's Light Infantry.
Captain S. Rhodes, York and Lancasters.
Second-Lieutenant H. E. Chandler, West Surreys.
Second-Lieutenant H. J. Cooley, Artillery.
Second-Lieutenant A. Forbes, Warwicks.
Second-Lieutenant H. K. Jackson, West Yorkshires.
Second-Lieutenant O. W. Leese, Coldstreams.

INDIAN ARMY DECORATIONS

FINE WORK BY BRITISH OFFICERS.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

LAHORE, July 27.

The London correspondent of the "Civil and Military Gazette" cables:—

LONDON, July 26.

Among the recipients of the D.S.O.'s just announced is Captain Ree 1-4th Gurkhas, who, while reconnoitring at Bois Du Biez, held back overwhelming numbers by bombs and rifle fire.

The Military Crosses include Lieutenant Mouson, Indian Army Reserve of Officers attached 1-4th Gurkhas for similar work in the same district, Lieutenant Hance, Indian Army Reserve of Officers attached to Royal Engineers who successfully sprang a mine near Givenchy, 2nd Lieutenant Soarle unattached list Indian Army, attached to the Berkshires, who, commanded a company which consolidated and captured a trench near Richebourg and held on all night long though wounded.

Lieut. H. D. O'Hara, who lately acted as Adjutant in this depot receives the D.S.O., for gallantly leading his men at the Dardanelles when all the officers of 1st Dublins had either been killed, or wounded

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA LOAN.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

SIMLA, July 27

A Gazette of India Extraordinary announces a Government of India four per cent. terminable loan of four and a half crores at four per cent. which will be issued at par and be repaid at par on thirtieth November 1,923 with power to the Governor General to redeem it or any part on or after the thirtieth November 1,920 on giving three months notice. The terms are those already announced. Applications are to be sent in between 2nd proximo and 17th proximo.

Mr. F. A. Delanougerede, temporary Assistant Storekeeper, the Hardinge Bridge, is appointed to officiate as an Assistant Storekeeper, Eastern Bengal Railway from 16th July 1915.

THE GREAT GOLDIN.

FAMOUS ILLUSIONIST AT THE EXCELSIOR.

AN EXCELLENT SHOW.

Mr. Horace Goldin has probably invented more "illusions" than any stage illusionist in existence. For years past he has been continually presenting new illusions of disappearing ladies to astonished audiences in England, shutting up ladies in boxes and causing them to vanish in a few seconds, putting them into one cupboard and transferring them instantaneously to another, and enclosing them in cages and whisking them off into space. But in the illusion which was the star turn of his programme at the Excelsior last night he has excelled all his past efforts by following up several sensational disappearances of himself and the heroine of the picturesque sketch, in which he has incorporated the illusion, by the sudden vanishing of a live tiger,—the finest specimen of its species we have ever seen on the stage,—together with the victim which has just been thrust into its cage by an infuriated chief. The illusion is wonderfully clever and those who would know how it is done must go to the Excelsior and see it for themselves.

Mr. Goldin, before he came to the great event of the evening, showed us a series of minor illusions of a bewildering character which followed one another with dazzling rapidity. We have seen some of them before. Many of these things are common to all conjurors and illusionists, but that does not make them any the less fascinating to watch when Mr. Goldin is the presiding genius, and that half of the programme which is devoted to the exhibition of his skill was of absorbing interest.

The first half of the programme consisted of an excellent variety entertainment. Hay and Crawford, Ragtime Singers and Dancers,—a most attractive pair of ladies,—are a delightful turn. Their shoe-dancing is quite brilliant and there is an originality and freshness about everything they do which we do not often get in Bombay. Leywood and Norell, "Australian Burlesque Impressionists" also give a very attractive turn. Barbara Babington. Ballad Vocalist, charms as much by her face and figure, as by her singing and quickly won the approval of the audience. Gosward, a French musical comedian, is another clever artist, whose turn was greatly enjoyed, though his bells and musical saucers seemed to be suffering from the damp. Mr. Bandmann has, in this new venture, provided an excellent entertainment which gives one the pleasurable feeling of enjoying a really first-class London music-hall show.

SUPPLEMENTARY CONSPIRACY CASE.

SOME STATEMENTS CONTRADICTED.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

LAHORE July 27.

The "Civil and Militafy Gazette" contradicts a message previously sent from here that the number of accused to be tried in the supplementary conspiracy case before the Special Tribunal, Lahore, will be about fifty and says that the number of accused is at present nearer half a dozen than fifty, and that not even an approximate date has been fixed for the trial. The previous message however, included absconders.

A FALSE REPORT.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

MADRAS, July 27.

The "Madras Mail's" Poonamallee correspondent writes:—We are glad to observe that the statement made regarding the death of Major S. J. Somerville former Commandant has been contradicted, as news has been received from Mrs. Somerville that Major Somerville, who was wounded at the Front, is recovering from his injuries at home.

POLICE ADMINISTRATION OF CALCUTTA

BENGAL GOVERNMENT'S RESOLUTION.

(NEWS BUREAU.)

CALCUTTA, July 27

In a Government resolution issued to day on the police administration of Calcutta it is stated that trial of cognizable cases numbered 96,448 against 107,871. Of the cases detected and sent up for trial 90 per cent ended in conviction. The total value of property stolen in the town and suburbs of Calcutta was over 6½ lakhs but an increase of Rs. 15,000 over the previous year was mainly due to two cases in which cash and jewellery to the value of Rs. 76,430 were stolen. The resolution states that the treatment of the hostile aliens on the outbreak of the war threw many additional works on the Commissioner.

SPORT AT HOME.

(By our Sporting Correspondent.)

LONDON, July 8.

ATHLETIC TOPICS.

The visit of Mr. B. R. Wise, the Agent General for New South Wales, to England recalls some interesting memories. The gentleman named was a famous athlete in his university days winning the inter-varsity mile for Oxford in 1879 and 1880. He also won the English mile championship in 1879 and 1881; beating W. G. George in the latter year. The writer, then a small boy, shared a bed-room with "W. G." in those days, and he well recalls the latter's joy when he found himself rapidly regaining strength after a very serious illness,—due to legally turning out to run for his club in the cross country championship, when not fit to do so. "W. G." used to do his famous "hundred up" exercise on getting out of bed, and when he felt better, would exclaim "Hurrah! I am feeling stronger and shall beat 4-40 in my trial." That trial was run on a road through a lovely wood in Lord Lansdowne's estate at Calne, Wiltshire. The writer was posted at the halfway mark where "W. G." turned and ran back, his time being 4 min. 3 secs. a pretty good performance under the circumstances. Wise proved too good for his Wiltshire rival, however, as after a good race he had his man beaten at the top of the straight and passed the post in 4 min. 24 2/5 secs. "W. G." was very anxious to meet. Wise again, but the Oxford man never gave him the opportunity. The winning time in 1881 was the fastest in the championship up to that period, but "W. G." eclipsed it in 1884 by doing 4 min. 18 2/5 secs,—also winning the half mile, the four miles, and competing in the steeplechase, wherein he cast a shoe, whilst he won the ten miles 48 hours later.

FUTURE OLYMPIC STARS.

On several occasions during the past few years, when writing about the Olympic games of 1916 your correspondent has said "always providing the Germans have not deemed it a suitable time to challenge the British Empire." It is well of the Empire and for England in particular, that the Germans did think the time ripe. The price will be heavy, but the lives will not be laid down in vain, and a stronger Empire and a more virile England, will be the outcome. We shall see the results in sports, as well as in many other directions, and when the next Olympiad is held (quite possibly in Belgium, providing the Kutured Germhuns do not destroy Brussels when they evacuate that city) it will probably be found that British athletes will make a much better showing than in 1912. Now this may appear rather a strange assertion, and many sportsmen will wonder how our men can cultivate athletics when they are engaged in warfare. As a matter of fact, our gallant fighters never fail to seize every opportunity they get to keep up this sports, even when only a few miles from the advanced trenches.

The great good the war is doing to athletics is that it is arousing a much more aggressive spirit in the men. In the past, many really good athletes could not be induced to take matters seriously enough. Some authorities defended this spirit, declaring that the Englishman's attitude of looking on his racing as a hobby was preferable to making it a business. The writer has never agreed with this and in and out of season has maintained that when a man has been selected to represent his country in any branch of sport, it is his duty to spare no effort to fit himself for the task.

It is beyond question that a new spirit has been aroused among Englishmen, Scotchmen, and Welshmen by the War, and also among many Irishmen. It was the English who were most in need of the tonic the war has provided. A year ago the "knut" was everywhere, and virile men and women were sickened to see healthy-looking young men loafing about, and generally adopting a blase air, whilst favouring fancy socks, and the "monkey" style of brushing the hair straight back without a parting. If the war does not entirely settle this species, it will greatly improve matters and manliness will be more in favour in future. Most of us know now that the "knut" was only soft-looking, and that the "kernel" was sound, and it is well worth while to pay the prices of war to prove that the men of the motherland are still as brave or braver, then ever when put to the test.

The arousing of this spirit must bring about a great improvement in the performances of our athletes in the future and big deeds may be expected when the war is over.

AT ALDERSHOT.

Little space remains to deal with the many military fixtures on Saturday. The most important was the Southern Counties fixture at Aldershot where a ten miles road race and a four miles relay race, teams of four, were decided. The former was decided over rough Sandy roads so that Capt. T. Arthur of the 8th S. W. Borderers did a good performance to finish in 58 mins. 30 secs. He is nearly 40 years of age and competed in the army championship just twenty years ago, whilst he won Welsh cross country championship honours after his first term (15 years) of military service. His wonderful record is a fine testimony of the value of military exercises and athletics for keeping a man fit.

The relay race ended in a triumph for the four cracks representing A Company of the Border Regiment, thanks to Lieut. W. A. Grace who made up 60 yards in the last relay and ran his mile in 4 min. 39 2/5 secs. Only one better relay was accomplished, Lieut. D. N. Gaussen of the 8th Bedford Regiment doing 4 min. 32 4/5 secs. This is good time on a rough course and shows that the Oxford Blue is now in good form. Some of my readers may remember that Gaussen was a member of the Oxford University relay team which visited Philadelphia fifteen months ago and proved successful in the 4 miles relay race at the Pennsylvania University games. The three British members of the team,—A. N. Jackson, and F. M. Sproule and Gaussen,—are all wearing khaki, whilst the fourth man N. Taber, is an American.

BOXING.

Although victor McLoughlin proved successful in his contest with Dan Mc Goldrick of Scotland, the experts are not exactly hailing him as a coming world beater. The failure of so many British white hopes during the last few years has made critics cautious and new-comes will now have to make good before being received as the real thing. It was no small performance to make McGoldrick "throw up the sponge" after five rounds for the Scot has proved himself a tough customer. Perhaps the highest praise, and the most satisfactory, thing one can say about Mc Loughlin is that he showed the utmost self possession on making his debut in London. How Billy Wells who saw the contest must have envied the new man his coolness. There can be no doubt about McLoughlin having the right temperament and with his physical advantages, he may climb high.

A most interesting account of a boxing tournament held near the front has reached London. The scribe responsible for the report relates that when he arrived on the scene he observed a notice, "National Sporting Club" posted on a gate and the 12 ft. ring was pitched in a field. There were about 300 onlookers and they subscribed 160 francs for prize money. It was not much, but the clergyman who refereed insisted on the boxers being rewarded before he officiated,—good man. There were 11 contests, and two exhibition bouts, and nearly all produced a knock out, so that the vigour of the game was apparent.

GOLF.

The news that Lieut. Norman Hunter is among the wounded and missing is decidly bad, but his many golfing friends will not give up hope. All the Germans are not brutes and he may have fallen into the hands of men who know how to treat a helpless and wounded enemy. Norman Hunter was beaten in the last year's championship by J. C. L. Jenkins, the ultimate winner (now a private in the Cameron Highlanders). He did well in the championship at Muirfield in 1909, reaching the round before the semi-final, but in which he was beaten by Robert Andrew on the last green.

GREAT CRICKET.

The cricket match between the M. C. C. and Cheltenham College at Cheltenham on Saturday enabled Thompson of Northampton to perform a wonderful feat. Twelve a side took part, and in the second innings Thompson took eleven Cheltenham wickets for 58 runs, clean bowling eight of his victims.

Another fine performance was seen in the match between the Royal Military Academy and Harrow at Woolwich, G. S. Lenanton played an innings of 101 (not out) hitting eight 4's, and generally making the Harrow bowling look very moderate.

Some excellent batting was seen during the match between the M. C. C. and Marlborough College, the club sending a very powerful side to the Wiltshire town. Major Sarel was top score for M. C. C. with 95, whilst J. B. Barnes played a fine not out innings of 74 for Marlborough.

It is also clear that Eton possesses a fine player in C. J. Hambro who took 7 wickets for 32 runs for his school against Butterflies.

THE TURF.

Mr. L. Neuman had had the ill fortune to lose the Tournament. The son of Spearmint-Sirenia broke a fetlock whilst being galloped at Newmarket early in the week, and it was found necessary to destroy the colt. He ran second to Pommern in the two thousand Guineas, and was third to Danger Rock and Let Fly in the Newmarket Stakes. Whilst not the best of the season's three year olds, the calf was near the top and his loss is a piece of hard luck for Mr. Neuman.

The entry for the Newmarket Gold Cup can hardly be said to correspond to some of the fields which have contested the Ascot Gold Cup in the past but it is good enough to ensure a fine race Black Jester is the star entry, but he will be up against proved stayers in Son-in-Law (winner of the Goodwood and Jockey Club Cups last year) Willbrook (a Doncaster Cup Winner) China Cock and Carancho, whilst Snow Martin, Danger Rock, and Vancluse are other prominent candidates.

Danny Maher was at Newmarket for the opening of the First July Meeting. He looked remarkably well, though declining a mount. Some news was also heard of Percy Woodland, who was shot in the foot during the fighting at the Dardanelles. He is rapidly recovering and has been given a commission in the Naval Air Service.

The July Stakes for two-year-olds was the chief event on the first day and it was pleasing to see his Majesty's colours carried by Spey Pearl, though unplaced. Mr. L. Neuman scored with Figaro, a success which partly atoned for his misfortune in losing Turnament.

The Stud Produce Stakes on the second day went to a good sportsman in Lord Derby, whose colt by Polymelus-Bromus just got home a head in front of Condottiere. A feature of this week's racing at Newmarket has been the splendid entries and their international nature, France Belgium and the United States being represented in addition to the home talent.

BLACK JESTER'S DEFEAT.

Although Black Jester failed to win the Princess of Wales's Stakes, Mr. J. B. Joel's fine four year old ran very well. He had to concede in less than 21 lbs. to Rossendale, third in the New Derby, and it proved too much, the latter beating the black colt by three length. The 1½ miles was run in 2 min. 36 1/5 secs. and as Black Jester was carrying 144 lbs. he put in some great galloping to get so near.

BILLIARDS.

Inman and Gray are having a regular see-saw match in their games of 18,000 up. Inman, gained a lead of nearly a thousand points quite early in the game but the positions were completely reversed two day's later. Nearing the halfway stage, Inman was again in the van, with a lead of 773 points, but Grady came along with a break of 598 and was only 60 points behind when play opened this week. Inman once more went ahead, being 842 points in front when play ended on Monday only to be overhauled by his rival the following evening, when Gray made a splendid unfinished break of 509, so that he was 314 points in front when play ended. Inman regained the lead at the next session, but Grady again rose to the occasion and a break of 686, once more enabled him to assume a slight lead. Thus each leads in turn, so that a close finish appears certain.

IN GENERAL.

D. Resta who drove the winning car in the recent 500 miles Chicago Motor Derby is the old Putney Cycling Club racing cyclist.

The party of wounded and non-combatant prisoners just exchanged with the germhuns include the Rev. J. T. Hales, an ex-secretary of the Army, Football Association. Capt. M. P. Leaky R.A.M.C. one of the best amateur heavy-weight boxers Ireland has produced and L. S. Greig, Staff Surgeon, who has four times represented Scotland on the Rugby field.

The annual 25 miles road walking race promoted by the Lancashire Walking Club for the Pearson Challenge Cup was held at Manchester on Saturday, when R. Bridge proved an easy winner in 3 hours 45 mins. 20 secs. He is the two and seven miles champion of England and although he has lost his left arm below the elbow, manages to perform the duties of a postman in the Chorley district of Lancashire.

MADRAS GOVERNOR'S TOUR.

EDWARD CORONATION HALL OPENED.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

DHONE, July 27.

The Edward Coronation Hall, the gift of Rao Bahadur K. Subbarayudu Pantulu, retired Deputy Collector, Kurnool, was opened on Saturday evening by the Governor of Madras, who made an appreciative speech paying a tribute of praise to the donor, who, unfortunately died a few days ago. His Excellency conveyed his heartiest sympathy to the family. The building cost one thousand sterling.

The Governor of Madras during his tour in the Kurnool area drove out on Saturday evening to a neighbouring village to inspect certain disused indigo factories. Attempts are being made there in common with other centres to resuscitate the industry owing to the failure of German dyes.

VISIT TO VETERAN OF AFGHAN CAMPAIGN.

His Excellency also visited an old military pensioner, Subadar Bahadur Govindasami Naidu, who served in the Afghan war under Lord Roberts. The Subadar's father rendered service to the British during the Mutiny, which secured him official recognition.

MILITARY INTELLIGENCE.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

BANGALORE, July 26.

Lieutenant B. H. O'Donnell, of the 26th Light Cavalry, has been passed fit by a special medical board, preparatory to joining the Royal Flying Corps for service. He is expected to leave his regiment shortly to join that corps.

Captain J. C. Hotham, of the 4th Cavalry, has been appointed to the Command of the Bellary Station where a special Army Remount Depot is now in process of foundation.

COIMBATORE DISTRICT CONFERENCE

DR. NAIR ON EDUCATION.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

ERODE, July 26.

The Coimbatore Conference concluded yesterday evening. Dr. Nair in his concluding address expressed gratification at the success of the conference. Refering to the resolutions on education he pleaded for the reintroduction of the Matriculation Examination. It was his emphatic opinion that the University degrees should not be looked upon as passports for Government service. In India there should be competitive examinations held by Government for entry into public services as was the case in England.

DOCTORS' FEES.

TO THE EDITOR OF "THE CHRONICLE."

Sir,—If any one of the readers, either laymen or professional, of your widely circulated paper will enlighten me on the following point I shall be highly obliged:—

If a doctor is called to attend a patient whom he is treating and who is in a critical condition, and if he promises to see that patient at say ten o'clock in the morning, and if he does not turn up at that hour but comes at, say three in the afternoon, and the poor patient is dead before that time, can the doctor claim his fee for that call, although he does absolutely nothing? Or if the parents or guardians of the patient decline to pay the fee on the plea that it was through the doctor's negligence in not coming at the appointed hour and that he had not seen the patient that day, would they be liable to be used by the doctor? Or can the parents sue the doctor for culpable negligence on his part in ignoring an important and a very critical case and ask for damages?

Begging to be excused for this encroachment on your valuable space.—Yours, etc.

P.

Bombay July, 24th 1915.

BENGAL LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL AT DACCA.

INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT IN BENGAL

(NEWS BUREAU.)

CALCUTTA, July 27.

At the meeting of the Bengal Legislative Council at Dacca yesterday Mr. Surendra Nath Banerjee moved the resolution urging the Government to take measures to give effect to recommendations of Mr. Swan regarding industrial development in Bengal.

In the course of a speech Mr. Bannerjee said Mr. Swan closely followed the policy of the Government, starting experiments as the Government of Madras had done in connection with industrial like glassware, the manufacturing of pencils, matches etc. That facilities should be given by the Forest Department to provide wood on favourable terms for matches and that railways should reduce freight; that banking facilities should be given to indigenous industries and local firms should be asked to tender before indents were sent out to the India Office and that the Government patronage should be extended to the produce of local industries etc.

The resolution was warmly supported and was fully accepted by Government.

In reply to a question put by Mr. Bannerjee regarding the interned Bengalese, Government said, so far fourteen people were interned under the Defence Act. Nine persons have been given an allowance of Rs. 30 a month, one Rs. 22, and another Rs. 20. No allowance has been given to the person in whose case the order was held in abeyance. The house accommodation was provided by the Government in all cases.

In reply to several questions regarding famine in Eastern Bengal a lengthy statement was made giving an account of the extent of distress and measures taken by the Government for allowing relief.

The Government in a speech thanked the members for taking the trouble in coming to Dacca which would help the Members to know more of the place and the solid unity of the Presidency.

The Council adjourned *sine die*.

MURDER CHARGE AGAINST A LUNATIC.

CLAIMED TO BE "GOD OF THE UNIVERSE."

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

MADRAS, July 27.

Mr. S. G. Roberts, I.C.S., District and Sessions Judge of Tellicherry, the other day disposed of an interesting case in which a Thiyya named Kunjambu of Talliparamba was charged with an attempted murder. It would appear that the accused had identified himself with a society of Vedantism, which had for its object the use of alcoholic liquors and smoking of ganja and that subsequently he claimed to be the "God of the Universe." Another Thiyya of the locality having denied to him this claim and failed to worship him as such, the accused is alleged to have attempted to murder him by stabbing him.

The accused developed symptoms of insanity in the course of his preliminary trial and was put under observation. The Civil Surgeon of Tellicherry found that the accused was insane and unable to understand the proceedings of the case. The Sub-Magistrate of Talliparamba, however committed him for trial to the Sessions. Before the Sessions Judge also he exhibited symptoms of insanity. His Honour therefore ordered his remand to custody and has referred his case to the Government of Madras for orders.

THE FACTORIES ACT.

DESIRABILITY OF KEEPING FIRST AID APPLIANCES IN FACTORIES.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

MADRAS, July 27.

Reviewing the report of the working of the Indian Factories Act of 1911, for the year 1913, the Government of Madras remark that the desirability of maintaining appliances for First Aid and the necessity of promptly treating minor injuries should be impressed on the factory owners and they requested the Surgeon-General to report whether he could cause to be prepared for distribution to factories a leaflet containing concise but clear directions as to the maintenance and use of antiseptic dressings for application immediately upon the occurrence of an accident.

The Surgeon General recommended that Chapters 8, 9 and 10 of the "Indian Manual of First Aid" by Major Blackham be printed and hung up in prominent places in the factories and that one or more member of each factory be instructed to carry out first aid as directed in those chapters.

The Board of Revenue suggested that all factory owners might be advised to keep a small ambulance chest. The Surgeon-General approved of this suggestion and recommended that a First Aid compressed kit, which can be had from the St. John Ambulance Association Depot. Bombay for a small amount, may be kept in each factory to deal with cases requiring First Aid treatment. The Madras Government have accepted these recommendations.

ALL-INDIA AYURVEDIC CONFERENCE

(NEWS BUREAU.)

MADRAS, July 27.

At a meeting held last evening, Sir S. Subrahmania Iyer was elected chairman of the Reception Committee of the All-India Ayurvedic Conference. The members of the Committee include two Cochin Princes well versed in Ayurvedic lore.

NO END TO OUR STOCK

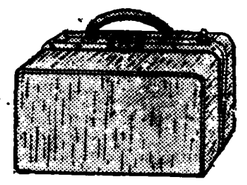
OF

BAGS AND SUIT CASES

FOR WEEK-END

NEW STOCK JUST UNPACKED.

THE "SUCCESS" BAG.



English made Hand Bag. Nut brown Leather fitted with nickel Sliding Clips and good lock lined holland.

Sizes: 12, 14, 16 18 inches.
Rs. 9-8 11-8 13-8 15-8

THE "EVERYMAN'S" BAG.

Tan hide Brief Bag. Steel frame, Stout handle lined with drab gear.

Size: 12, 14 16 inches.
Rs. 7-4 8-4 9-8

"FLAXITE" SUIT CASES.

HIGHEST STRONGEST CHEAPEST

150 SUIT CASES NOW IN STOCK.

Made of Flaxite Fibre, Nut brown colour, Capped corners, two sliding side locks and handle in the centre, useful for WEEK-END.

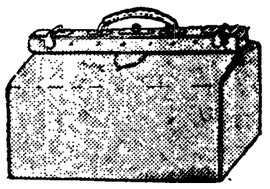
Size 22 × 15 × 6½ ins. Rs. 9 8
„ 24 × 15½ × 7 „ „ 10 8
„ 23 × 16 × 7½ „ „ 11 8
„ 28 × 16½ × 8 „ „ 12 8

THE "WEARWELL" BAG.

Made from the best selected hide fitted with nickel sliding clips and two good strong straps.

Sizes: 22, 24, 26 ins.
Rs. 25-8 27-8 29-8.

THE "HOLYDAY" BAG.

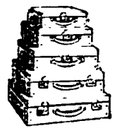


English Leather Kit Bag, Smart appearance, fitted with brass lock and drop clips inside lined with check linen.

Sizes: 18, 20, 22, 24 ins.
Rs. 24-8 27-8 31-8 34-8.

"FLAXITE" ATTACHE CASES.

Feather weight Flaxite attache Cases, nut Brown Colour, light and durable, exact to illustration.



Size 10 × 7 × 3 ins. Rs. 4-12
„ 12 × 8 × 3½ „ „ 5-12
„ 14 × 9 × 4 „ „ 6-12
„ 16 × 10 × 4½ „ „ 7-12
„ 18 × 11 × 5 „ „ 8-12

The largest two are fitted with two sliding locks and tne smaller size with one lock.

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It is not a production of a novice, but is manufactured by the late General Manager and Motor Cycle Foreman of Bradbury Ltds, who had been in these companies for 31 and 22 years respectively.

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(ANANG VILAS.)

This Yakuti or life-giving nectar has been prepared from the best, choicest and richest vegetable drugs. It has a wonderful property of increasing the nerve power and is a specific for diseases. This valuable medicine is used in large quantities among Rajas, Maharajas and many of our esteemed customers. But we have ventured to give it publication simply with a view to place it before the general public owing to the demand of several friends. It is needless to expatiate upon the magical qualities of this our invaluable medicine. We would not like to blow the trumpet as is the fashion of the day, but suffice it to say that the use of this medicine is recommended to those who have any faith in the efficacy of Ayurvedic and Unani medicines. We recommend it also to those persons who desire to tone up the nervous system, to strengthen the body, refresh the memory, and to guard against debility. It works like a charm and the effect is lasting. It restores strength, and it is enough to say that musk is not that which a perfumer admires, it is that which diffuse fragrance of its own accord. Price per (containing 40 pills: Rupees ten only. Postage extra. No PARHEZ necessary.

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Price Ans. 12 per phial.

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Our Liquid extract of Gulancha with our LIQUID EXTRACT OF KALMEGHA is an excellent combination for Malarial fever at all its stages. It enriches blood, improves appetite, removes dropsy and Anaemia and all liver complaints.

Price Re. one a phial.

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A specific for acute and chronic Dysentry, Used in conjunction with our LIQUID EXTRACT OF BAEL, it cures even the most obstinate cases.

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This wellknown preparation of ours is highly efficacious in Diarrhoea, Flatulence and other digestive disorders.

Price Ans. Eight per phial.

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FINE SILVER, Rs. 18-8.

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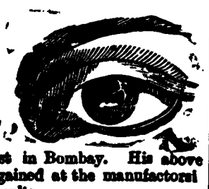
EYESIGHT SPECIALIST



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LAW INTELLIGENCE

HIGH COURT.

ORIGINAL SIDE.

SHORT CAUSES.

BANK'S CLAIM FOR CALLS ON SHARES.

(*Before Mr. Justice Macleod.*)

THE EMPIRE BANK, LTD. *v.* CHOTALAL SAMALDAS.

This was a claim by the plaintiff Bank for Rs. 69,775 for calls and allotment money on 915 shares of the plaintiff Bank belonging to other shareholders transferred to the name of the defendant. A decree for the sum claimed was passed with interests and costs.

Mr. Kajiji appeared for the plaintiffs.

Attorneys for plaintiffs:—Messrs. Jehangir Seervai, Minocher and Hiralal.

A "PECCA ADATYA" CLAIM.

(*Before Mr. Justice Macleod.*)

DEWAN BAHADUR SIR KASHRICHAND ABIRCHAND DAGA, K.C.I.E. *v.* MULCHAND GULAJI AND OTHERS.

This was a claim by the plaintiff who acted as "pecca adatya" for the defendants. The amount claimed, namely, Rs. 2,108, was due for transactions in Broach cotton entered into by the plaintiff on behalf of the defendants. A decree for the sum claimed with interest and costs was passed in favour of the plaintiff.

Mr. V. P. Vaidya appeared for the plaintiff.

Attorneys for the plaintiff:—Messrs. Bhaishankar, Kanga and Girdharlal.

COMMISSION AGENTS' CLAIMS DECREED.

(*Before Mr. Justice Macleod.*)

MESSRS. PRIER DE SAONE & Co., A FIRM *v.* LAKSHMINARAYAN SARAPSUKH LADLI AND OTHERS.

MESSRS. PRIER DE SAONE & Co., A FIRM *v.* BANKATLAL SITARAM, A FIRM.

In these two suits the plaintiffs were the same. The first suit was brought by them as commission agents, for balance of accounts due on cotton transactions. The sum claimed was Rs. 14,000 and odd. Sadanan, accountant in the plaintiffs' firm, gave evidence that his masters acted as commission agents for the defendants and advanced monies against cotton. Cotton was sold and accounts presented to the defendants who never at any time found fault with any item in the account.

The claim in the second suit also was as commission agents, for transactions entered into on behalf of the defendants. The claim was for Rs. 3,398-11-4.

In both the suits decrees as prayed for were passed in favour of the plaintiff.

Mr. Desai appeared for the plaintiff.

Attorneys for the plaintiff:—Messrs. Captain and Vaidya.

COLOURABLE IMITATION.

Suit No. 782 of 1915.

(*Before Mr. Justice Macleod.*)

K. T. DONGRE *v.* NAROTTAM GIRDHAR, A FIRM.

The plaintiff is the proprietor and manufacturer of "Dongre's Balamrit" well-known in the market and which has acquired a reputation as a "children's tonic." The defendants with a view to pass off their preparation as the plaintiff's, put in the market recently a preparation by the name of "Davat's Balamrit." The plaintiff filed the suit in the High Court praying that the defendants might be restrained from selling their preparation with a name, label, get-up, and device in so far as these were a colourable imitation of the plaintiff's label.

The suit was called on before the Hon. Mr. Justice Macleod. The defendants undertook not to sell in future any preparation with a name, label, device, and get-up, similar to that of the plaintiff's. The defendants further agreed to pay the costs.

Mr. Y. G. Gokhale, instructed by Messrs. Judah and Soloman, appeared for the plaintiff.

The defendants appeared in person.

BOMBAY POLICE COURTS.

THEFT OF ORNAMENTS.

Before the Fourth Presidency Magistrate at Mazagon, yesterday, Abdul Malik Rajaballi, a Mahomedan and Mariam, a woman were charged by Sub-Inspector Gole with stealing ornaments, clothes and cooking utensils of the aggregate value of Rs. 175, belonging to Mariam's (second accused's) husband.

The complainant was represented by Mr. C. J. Mistry, pleader.

It was proved that the complainant and the second accused resided in a chawl at Kamatipura, and the first accused also had his room there. On last Saturday evening the complainant after taking his meals went to bed, as this is the Ramjan month, and when he got up at about 5 a.m., he found that his trunk and many other things were missing, and that his wife was not there. His room was also fastened form out side but was opened by some neighbours on hearing his cries. As he did not find the first accused also, he at once ran up to the Grant Road Station, and there both the accused were caught red-handed with tickets for Andheri, where they intended going.

The defence was that the complainant had assaulted his wife and consequently she had asked the first accused to take her to her native place, and that the property found in their possession belonged to the woman Mariam.

The second accused alleged, on the other hand, that the theft was committed by the first accused and that he was taking her to Andheri.

The Magistrate disbelieved the defence story, and sentenced the first accused to three months' and the second to six weeks' rigorous imprisonment.

PATHANS IN TROUBLE.

Before the First Class Magistrate at Panvel five Pathans were charged on the 22nd July of rioting and of causing grievous hurt to one Alamkhan Kandahari, a Pathan money-lender of Panvel.

Mr. Vaishampayan, pleader appeared for the prosecution, while Mr. R. S. Pandit, barrister, defended the Pathans.

It was alleged by the prosecution that the first accused, Nawabkhan Haji Bahadur, had come to Panvel lately accompanied by his wife and children. On the 2nd of June the complainant and the accused had high words, as the latter had gone to the former's house and had asked him why all did old-woman had been sent to the accused's house, with a message for his wife. On the 16th instant, the accused and other four Pathans, who were recent arrivals in that place, fell on the accused while he was going with a friend of his to the Panvel bazar, and bet him with sticks, which these people always carry in their hands, with the result that the complainant and his companion both fainted and were carried to the hospital for treatment. It was further alleged for the prosecution that the accused had called the four Pathans, Khan Mahomed Ismail Habibkhan, Haji Sale Mahomed and Sarfrazkhan, from Bombay, for the special purpose of assaulting the complainant.

On the other hand the defence story was that the first accused had invited the other four Pathans from Bombay for a feast. One day while the first accused was going to the Bazar for some tea he fell out, with the complainant and from high words they came to blows, the complainant being the aggressor.

Mr. Pandit for the defence urged that the prosecution had failed to bring home the charge of rioting, as it could not be proved that there was a "common object" which was most essential in rioting. He also contended that no permanent injury was caused to the assaulted person, as the medical evidence proved.

The Magistrate, on the evidence put before him, held that the first two accused were not guilty of rioting and of causing grievous hurt, but convicted of them on the charge of causing simple hurt and sentenced them to one day's simple imprisonmen; and a fine of Rupees fifty each. The other accused were acquitted, as they were given the benefit of doubt.

THE HOSHYARPUR MURDER CASE.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

LAHORE, July 24.

The Special Commissioners resumed the hearing of the Hoshiarpur murder case to-day in their afternoon sitting. Government Advocate (Mr. C. Bevan Petman) represented Crown and accused (Buta Singh and Danta Singh) were defended by Shaikh Miran Bakhsh. The accused were formally hearged under section 302, I.P.C., with the murder of Chanda Singh, zaildar, on 25th April 1915 at Nangal Kalan. Accused pleaded not guilty, but said they had no defence evidence to produce.

Musamat Raj Kour, widow of Chanda Singh, who was presnt on the scene of the murder gave a detailed evidence in corroboration of the statements of the previous prosecution witnesses and identified the accused in the Court. Counsels having argued out the case on both sides, the accused also briefly addressed the Court. The commissioners reserved orders.

Life is too short to be spent in bad health. Take Kasagra, the delightful liquid laxative and perfect cure for constipation, and straighten yourself up. Tastes good, smells good, is good, does good. D 14

APPOINTMENT OF SPECIAL CONSTABLES.

IMPORTANT HIGH COURT JUDGMENT.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

CALCUTTA, July 26.

At the High Court to-day, Justices Sherfuddin and Chapman delivered an important judgment in the rule issued on behalf of Pardip Singh and twenty-four others calling on the District Magistrate of Muzaffarpur to show cause why the order directing the prosecution of the petitioners under Section 19 of the Police Act should not be set aside.

There was a quarrel between the lessee of a ferry and some of the petitioners, who are local zemindars which resulted in the looting of the ferry boats. The matter was, however, compromised, but as there was an apprehension of further disturbance, proceedings under Section 107, Criminal Procedure Code, were drawn up against the petitioners. During the pendancy of those proceedings, on the application of the lessee of the ferry the petitioners were appointed Special Constables under Section 17 of the Police Act. The petitioners went to the local thana, but refused to accept the letters of appointment, belts and batons. The District Magistrate then directed the prosecution of the petitioners under Section 19 of the Police Act. Against that order the present rule was issued.

Their Lordships in making the rule absolute delivered a lengthy judgment, in the course of which they made the following observations:—"The only legitimate object of appointing Special Constables is to strengthen the ordinary police force by the addition of suitable persons. It has been more than once held by this Court that when such appointments are not made with that object, above stated proceedings under Section 19 of the Police Act will not be permitted. It does not appear that any instructions for the performance of any kind of police duty was ever issued to the petitioners and the circumstances above set forth compel us to come to the conclusion that it was never really intended to employ the petitioners as police officers.

PROCEEDINGS TO BE QUASHED.

"We may note that the proceedings under Section 107 C. P. Code are now approaching termination. The matters in issue will then be decided. In the circumstances of the case, we direct that the proceedings against the petitioners be quashed. The Code of Criminal Procedure as it stands at present does not provide any obvious remedy for the prevention of disturbances during the pendency of proceedings under Section 107 C. P. Code. It is this difficulty, no doubt, which led the District Magistrate to have recourse to appointing the persons reported likely to create disturbance Special Constables. We cannot, however, believe that he intended to actually utilize their services on police duties, for that would have been objectionable and would have handicapped them in their defence in the case under Section 107 C. P. Code. We may point out that we welcomed the assurance of the Deputy Legal Remembrancer that if we express the opinion that the prosecution was ill-advised that would be dropped."

LAHORE CONSPIRACY CASE.

ARGUMENTS FOR THE CROWN CONTINUED.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

LAHORE, July 27.

The Government Advocate yesterday continued his argument in the Lahore Conspiracy Case. He made a few general observations, especially with regard to Udham Singh's identification of the actual participants in the Chabba Dacoity, Nand Singhs' retracted confession and the confessions of Sohan Singh and Indar Singh. The legislature made no distinction between a confession and a retracted confession and the Commissioners too should make none. Moreover, confessions in the present case were valuable piece of evidence, being genuine and worthy of credit.

Mr. Petman then passed on to deal with individual cases taking the first batch of seven accused, who were returned emigrants, but had been interned immediately on arrival in India. He examined in detail the evidence in the case of each accused and the arguments of defence counsel.

With reference to the observation of the Commissioners that they would give due consideration to the inability of the defence to summon witness from America, the Government Advocate urged that, even if any of accused could produce in their defence witnesses from America, who would have denied the prosecution allegations against the accused, no weight should have been attached to the circumstance, unless it was shown that the defence witnesses would have been independent witnesses and not merely accomplices and conspirators like the accused themselves.

ESCAPE OF CONVICTS.

CONSTABLE COMMITS SUICIDE.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

DHONE, July 27.

Yesterday, while being conveyed from Kurnool to the Bellary jail, two convicted prisoners managed to elude the vigilance of the two constables guarding them and escaped at Dronachellam. One of the constables in fear of punishment shot himself dead.

The best is not too good for your Baby

and the best, after mother's milk, is Glaxo, as can be judged by what this doctor says:—

"This last week the child has gained 11½ ounces, and still continues to improve in health. I am frequently coming across "babies suffering from improper feeding. It has occurred to "me that Glaxo is the ideal food for such people to use for their "children, because it is not only perfect from a scientific and "clinical point of view, but it is so easily prepared that, even "in the hands of the most ignorant and careless of mothers, I "firmly believe that infants would thrive, and avoid the "many dangers that there are with infant feeding."

(Signed)————, M.R.C.S., L.R.C.P., M.O.H.

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Glaxo is made ready for Baby by adding hot water only—**do not add either milk or cream.** No cooking. In two minutes Baby's Glaxo is ready.

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ONION COOKERY.

PRESCRIPTION FOR NERVOUS STRAIN

Want of sleep, worry, over-strain, are ills for which a new cure is being prescribed.

Instead of tabloids and medicines, a belief is growing in the efficacy of an onion dinner at night, or at least of a meal in which these vegetables largely predominate.

A WHITE SOUP.

One of the best soups is a puree which is little else than a very well made Soubise sauce—onions minced and stewed in butter, and a white Bechamel—to which is added a "creme de riz," made with white stock and boiled rice. It must be nicely seasoned, mixed with the Soubise, rubbed through a sieve, and served with fried croutons.

A SIMPLE ENTREE.

"Cups" of parboiled onions, into which an egg is broken, and then served when set, represents a simple entree. A sauce of tomato or a white Bechamel may be poured over the top, or the onion served "au beurre noir" or "au jus."

One of the nicest methods of dishing stewed onion—either brown or white—is in little cases of fried bread, with a tiny round of steak in the centre.

Meat nowadays is dealt with carefully, and we no longer have tournedos as large as the circumference of a teacup, but little filets the size of a crown piece or even a florin. These provide just the right amount of meat for a dish of this kind. They may be served on little fried croutes, a little larger than the meat, with a brown puree of stewed Spanish onion served in small china cases.

FILLETS THE SIZE OF HALF-CROWNS.

It is a curious fact, too, that the very questionably "bougeois" dish of fried onions is becoming a great favourite.

With these little button-shaped and button-sized filets, it is a good accompanying vegetable, while it is also a success served with hot tongue. Onion omelets—the vegetable first stewed and minced—are excellent if well made. They may be either plain or souffle, care being taken to prevent the mixture from drying.

SELF-CONTROL.

There are some people who have no nerves at all. Others are the prey to a generally broken down condition; others again who are defective in self-control yet capable of mastering their weakness. To those I would commend the following general principles, culled from "The Cure of Self-Consciousness," by James Alexander. For Self-Consciousness uncontrolled can ruin a life.

CAUSES OF THE TROUBLE.

A self-conscious man always looks guilty whatever he may be charged with. Among the causes of such a condition the author sets:—

Fear of Self.
Fear of Crowds, Audiences, etc.
Fear of Failure.
Fear of Criticism.
Fear of Company and Society.

The basis of the whole trouble is Fear, and the value of the book lies in the force of its suggestive power, which should help thousands to get the better of this rather absurd condition, which attacks most of us at one time or another.

FIGHTING FEAR.

First get control of your muscles. Keep your limbs still, and walk about with the minimum of awkwardness. Above all, control the facial muscles. All this reacts on the mind. A finely disciplined body means precision and steadiness of thought. The well-drilled soldier is not a prey to small worries. He not only can stand without fidgeting, but answers a question briskly and without shyness or hesitation.

Watch other people's funny habits. Try to read their emotions from their expression. Then notice your own. Do you blink, shuffle about, or open your mouth too much? If so give it up. When you know for certain that there is nothing about you to excise ridicule you will never fear it.

Without adopting a bumptious or aggressive attitude, says the author, seek to make yourself fit to appear in private or public at any moment without anxiety either as to what to say or do. You will find it possible to stop stammering or blushing quite soon.

Thought control is an easy thing once the disciplined mind rules the body. And eventually, by following the principles of this book you can influence others, and give out an impression of inherent strength and reserve power. But remember that "calmness" is the thing to aim at. Do not try to be imperious and substitute for self-consciousness an unpleasant form of self-importance.—"T. P.'s Weekly."

A case of robbery with violence was disposed of the other day by the Headquarters Divisional Magistrate of Tinnevelly. The facts were that a gang of Marava habituals waylaid a woman at Narayanapuram, on the outskirts of Tinnevelly, and after assaulting her, cut her ear lobe and decamped with the jewels on it. The gang also threw stones and caused injuries to some people who attempted to rescue the women. Only one of the gang was arrested and sent for trial and the magistrate sentenced him to two years' rigorous imprisonment.

VISCOUNTESS MAIDSTONE.

Reproduced from "The Bystander."

One of the beautiful American peeresses who were assisting the Duchess of Marlborough and Lady Paget at the Royal Matinée organised by them at the Palace Theatre in aid of the London School of Medicine for Women. She was formerly Miss Margaretta Drexel, and was married to Viscount Maidstone, heir to the Earldom of Winchilsea, in 1910.

THE MENU.

AFTERNOON TEA, HOME-MADE BREAD, SANDWICHES AND CAKES.

Home-Made Bread
Sultana Scones
Egg and Anchovy Sandwiches
Afternoon Tea Sandwiches
Strawberry Short-Cake
Orange Cake

HOME-MADE BREAD.

Sift 4lb. of household flour into a clean and dry basin, make a well in the centre of the flour, and put in two teaspoonfuls of salt, a teaspoonful of moist sugar, and ½oz. of compressed yeast, the latter being previously broken up fine. Mix half a pint of hot water with half a pint of cold milk, then commence mixing this, and gradually work in enough flour from the side to form a thin and smooth batter. Cover the basin with a cloth, and stand it in a warm place for about twenty minutes, until the bread has risen, which will be when the surface is covered with bubbles, work in the rest of the flour with the hand, and kneed well for ten minutes; place it again in a warm place, and allow to stand for about forty-five minutes. Then take up the dough, put it on a floured board, shape into loaves, prick the surface, and bake from one to one and a half hours, according to the size of the loaves. Should the compressed yeast be unprocurable, Yeatman's yeast powder is equally good.

SULTANA SCONES.

One pound of flour, 3oz. of butter, two heaped teaspoonfuls of baking-powder, 1½oz. of sugar, 1½oz. of sultanas, sufficient milk beaten up with an egg to make a soft dough, so as to roll out. Brush over with egg before putting in the oven. Bake fifteen minutes.

EGG AND ANCHOVY SANDWICHES.

Use brown bread and butter, and add some essence of anchovy to the chopped whites and pounded yolks of hard-boiled eggs, and season with salt, pepper, and a flavour of cayenne. Fruit sandwiches are also delicious, and may be made with any kind of stewed fruit and a little clotted cream.

AFTERNOON TEA SANDWICHES.

Mix some cream cheese whipped to fluffy paste with a little cream, put a slight sprinkling of finely chopped cress between each sandwich, and flavour with a little salt and white pepper. Use standard, brown, or home-made bread.

STRAWBERRY SHORT-CAKE.

Make a cake mixture with the weight of three eggs in flour (self-raising), sugar and butter, and a pinch of baking-powder; bake in shallow, round tins, and leave till cold. Mash some ripe strawberries with a little sugar, sprinkle with liqueur, spread a layer of them on one of the cakes, and cover lightly with thick whipped cream, place another cake over the strawberries, sandwich fashion, repeat the fruit and cream, add another cake, and let the top cake be covered with the strawberries and cream. This is a very delicious cake.

ORANGE CAKE.

Two eggs, their weight in sugar, butter, and flour; rind and juice of one orange, and three-quarters of a teaspoonful of baking-powder. Beat butter and sugar to a cream, add grated rind and juice of orange, add the yolks of the eggs and the flour gradually, the whites beaten to a stiff front should be added last. Beat well, pour into a tin, and bake one hour. Icing for Cake: Quarter of a pound of icing sugar and juice of half an orange. Beat to the required consistency, and spread.

REST OR BOUDOIR GOWN.

In rich quality Silk Brocade, with hemstitched chiffon sleeves and front, finished with fine Ecru Alencon Lace and hand-made ornament with bobbles. Bodice lined silk. A particularly becoming and attractive garment in all colours, also white and black.

THE COMING RACE.

In the unavoidable absence of Princess Louise, Duchess of Argyll, the Countess of Stamford presided at the annual meeting on June 25, of the British Hospital for Mothers and Babies, held at 24, Park-lane by the courtesy of Lord and Lady Brassey. The newly-named charity has arisen by the amalgamation of the Woolwich training school for district midwives and the British Lying-in Hospital in Endell-street. A three-acre site has been secured near the Woolwich Dockyard Station, and of the £25,000 required for the new buildings one-half has been secured.

Lord Sydenham said the question of infant life had become of vital importance to the British nation since the outbreak of war. Statistics for 1913 showed the great loss of 109 per thousand in the case of infants under one year. It was noticeable that infants born in April, May, or June had a better chance of life than those born in the other months, and further that the death rate for England and Wales was higher than in London. In 1914 there was no marked change, but the first quarter for this year showed a distinct rise. A better system of statistics was needed, and the Notification of Births Act should be made compulsory and universal. The pick of our manhood were giving their lives in the cause of freedom, and this sacrifice of manhood would raise new difficulties. Upon the number of healthy children we could rear annually would depend the future of our race. We would need more than ever to care for the young life born in this country if the country was to keep its place in the nations of the world.

Sir Francis Champneys dealt with the importance of the efficient training of midwives.

MOTOR-CYCLING FOR WOMEN

Motoring for women! It sounds delightful. It is delightful. But even a light car is still something of a luxury. That is why a pal and I determined to join forces and own a motor-bike, writes "A. Z." in the "Daily Chronicle."

With a motor-cycle you at once save heavy garage fees, for in most back-yards there is a shed that will offer friendly shelter to a motor-cycle. Even if a shed has to be built it is not an expensive matter, very much less so, at any rate, than the cost of erecting a garage for a car. And, of course, the upkeep of a bike is considerably less than that of a car.

Sharing a car is not always successful. If there is an odd seat there is often a quarrel as to who shall have it. The motor-bike and side-car seemed to me to be the ideal, because what my friend and I wanted was to spend our holiday hours together without feeling uncomfortable, because we were not asking an aunt or an uncle or an envious friend to join us.

We both learnt to ride because it would obviously have been dull for the passenger to have been compelled to be a passenger and nothing more, and we both wanted to experience the delights and master the difficulties of actual cycling. The plan worked out splendidly. When I became tired I simply gave up the saddle to my pal and rested luxuriously in the comfortable side-car. When she wanted a change I was ready to relieve her.

I should like to emphasise the fact that it is utter folly for a woman to attempt motor-cycling unless she is prepared to master the intricacies of her machine. There is nothing more ludicrous than to see a woman waiting by the wayside for some kindly motorist to help her with repairs. A sound knowledge of the machine and the ability to do ordinary wayside repairs are essentials unless motor-cycling is to be robbed of all its joys, and the desire to set out on the initial run should not be sacrificed to common sense. You must understand your mount before you can get the best out of it.

WHAT TO WEAR.

Lessons are not expensive, and by following carefully the hints given in the motor-cycling papers a girl can learn a good deal that is useful. As for the first cost, that, obviously, must depend on circumstances. We were advised to get a second-hand machine, but I preferred to get a new bike and begin at the very beginning, and a new cycle of good, though not necessarily exorbitantly expensive make, is worth the extra cost.

The what-to-wear problem is a little perplexing. One does not want to attract the rude remarks of little boys, but the ordinary cycling dress is useless. I made use of an old Alpine mountaineering rig-out and carried with me a pretty, thin linen dust coat which could easily be slipped on when stopping at a wayside inn for tea, and my friend adopted much a similar costume.

Writing of inns reminds me that as a rule they are places to avoid if one wishes to go in for economical cycling. Country "pubs" regard all motorists as millionaires, so we invariably packed a luncheon basket and ate our meals in some quiet place off the trodden track.

As for the joys of motor-cycling—it is simply impossible to exaggerate them! To us two working women motor-cycling had brought renewed health and infinitely greater joy in living. The sacrifices we had to make in order to save up for the day of the great purchase have been repaid a thousand times over. We have had mishaps, of course, but they have never caused us serious inconvenience, and as we whiz along country roads or wander more quietly through green lanes, we both of us wonder why the woman motor-cyclist is still such an uncommon picture in our English countryside.

A. Z.

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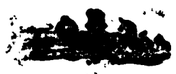

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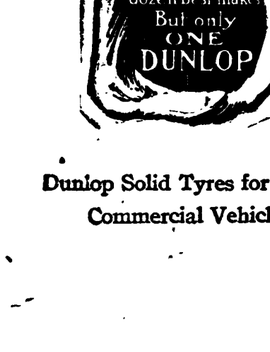

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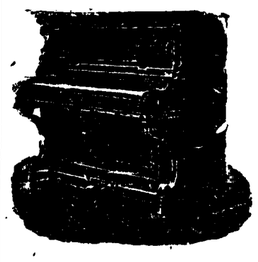

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